I. The Constructivist Approach to Discipline

Discipline is a “constructed” process by which children become self-managing, responsible, and autonomous in their relationships with others. Students at the Stephen F. Austin State University Charter School (SFA Charter School) are expected to behave in a manner that exemplifies the commitment to academic excellence, collaboration, openness, integrity, responsibility, diligence, and ethical behavior. These seven qualities will permeate the school culture. Students will be held accountable for behavior that conveys these principles.

As part of creating an orderly and safe school climate, the School will implement the following:

- A contract with families and students that spells out expected conduct
- A class meeting style of classroom problem solving
- A family style lunch program, where students set the tables, eat at tables with serving bowls, and clean up when finished
- A student advisory group that empowers students to maintain an honor code and school safety

Discipline in a constructivist classroom is integrated into the organization and management of the classroom and allows children to develop with self-respect and autonomy while learning to appreciate the viewpoints of others. Teachers will utilize strategies that offer choice, set limits, encourage the sharing of viewpoints, and develop democratic problem-solving within the classroom. Parent-teacher partnerships are an integral part of the discipline program. The SFA Charter School will implement this comprehensive code of conduct management system with defined consequences commensurate with the seriousness of the infraction. When serious events occur, steps will be taken to help students improve their behavior and relationships so that a sense of safety is reestablished.

II. Code of Conduct Adoption and Distribution

Consistent with the obligations of the Texas Education Code, SFA Charter School Student Code of Conduct establishes standards of student conduct and identifies circumstances under which a student may be removed from a classroom, campus, or disciplinary alternative education program, transferred to a disciplinary alternative education program, suspended or expelled.

This Student Code of Conduct has been adopted by the SFA Charter Board. A copy of the Code is provided to all students annually, with a parent acknowledgement required. A copy is also available for review in the principal/CEO’s office and campus website. Please note that the Student Code of Conduct is not a contract and can be amended by the School at any time. However, any change or amendment to the Code will be approved by the SFA Charter Board.

Finally, teachers and administrators may impose campus or classroom rules in addition to those found in the Student Code of Conduct and that students are responsible for compliance with these rules.

III. Jurisdiction

The SFA Charter School will discipline students for misbehavior committed during the following times and locations:
- During the regular school day and while the student is going to and from school sponsored activities on school transportation
- During lunch periods
- While the student is in attendance at school activities, regardless of time or location
- When the student commits any school related misconduct or misconduct away from school that has a direct impact on the school setting.
IV. Prohibited Behaviors

Students will be subject to disciplinary consequences if they engage in any of the following prohibited conduct while subject to the school’s jurisdiction:

A. Authority
1. Failing to comply with directives given by school personnel (insubordination).
2. Refusing to accept discipline management techniques assigned by a teacher, principal, or administrator.
3. Leaving classrooms, school grounds or school-sponsored events without permission.
4. Disobeying rules for conduct on school buses or other forms of school transportation.
5. Failing to comply with campus or SFA policies.
6. Repeatedly violating previously communicated campus or classroom standards of behavior.

B. Technology
1. Displaying, turning on, or using a cellular telephone or other telecommunications device at school or school activities during the school day without school permission.
2. Possessing stereo headsets, ipods, mp3 players, electronic games, or other similar electronic devices without school permission.
3. Violating computer use policies, rules, or agreements signed by the student and/or agreements signed by the student’s parent or guardian.
4. Using the internet or other electronic communications to threaten students or employees or cause disruption of the educational program.
5. Viewing, sending or posting electronic communications that are abusive, obscene, sexually oriented, threatening, harassing, damaging to another person’s reputation or illegal.
6. Using e-mail or Web sites at school to encourage illegal behavior or threaten school safety.

C. Safety
1. Possessing published or electronic material that is designed to promote or encourage illegal behavior or that could threaten school safety.
2. Engaging in verbal (oral or written) exchanges that threaten the safety of another student, a school employee, or school property.
3. Engaging in any conduct that school officials might reasonably believe will substantially disrupt the school program or incite violence.
4. Behaving in a way that disrupts the school environment or educational process.
5. Throwing objects that can cause bodily injury or property damage.
6. Discharging a fire extinguisher without valid cause.
7. Making false accusations or perpetrating hoaxes regarding school safety.
8. Making a false alarm or report of bombing, fire, or other emergency involving a public school, which includes the following offenses:
   a. Pulling a fire alarm or discharging a fire extinguisher in a building owned or operated by SFA, when there is no smoke, fire, or danger that requires evacuation;
   b. Calling 911 when no emergency exists.
9. Making a terroristic threat involving a public school.
10. Making hit lists.
11. Violating safety rules.

D. Respect for Property
1. Damaging or vandalizing property owned by others.
2. Defacing or damaging school property – including textbooks, lockers, cubicles, furniture, and other equipment – with graffiti or by other means.
3. Stealing.
4. Committing or assisting in a robbery, theft or burglary.
5. Engaging in conduct that would be aggravated robbery.
6. Engaging in conduct that would be arson.

E. **Respect for Others**
   1. Using profanity, lewd or vulgar language or making obscene gestures.
   2. Fighting or scuffling or other physical conduct that does not meet the definition of simple assault.
   3. Threatening another student or employee on or off school property.
   4. Engaging in bullying or discriminatory harassment.
   5. Hazing.
   6. Causing an individual to act through the use or threat of force (coercion).
   7. Committing extortion or blackmail (obtaining money or an object of value from an unwilling person).
   8. Using or exhibiting school supplies (i.e., pencils, pens, scissors, etc.), or any other item in a manner that threatens to inflict or actually inflicts bodily harm to another person.
   9. Retaliating against any school employee or volunteer.
   10. Causing another student or an employee to be in contact with the blood, bodily fluids, saliva, urine, or feces of any person or animal.
   11. Engaging in conduct that constitutes sexual harassment or sexual abuse, whether by word, gesture, or any other conduct, including requests for sexual favors directed toward another student or employee.
   12. Engaging in inappropriate verbal, physical, or sexual conduct directed toward another student or employee, whether or not consensual.
   13. Inappropriate exposure of a student’s undergarments or body part, including exposure of any portions of the body that are ordinarily covered by clothing or required to be covered by dress code.
   14. Committing an assault of any kind.

F. **Illegal and Prescription Drugs**
   1. Having or taking prescription drugs or over-the-counter drugs at school other than as provided by policy.
   2. Abusing the student’s own prescription drug, giving a prescription drug to another student, or possessing or being under the influence of another person’s prescription drug on school property or at a school-related event.
   3. Possessing, using, giving, or selling paraphernalia related to any prohibited substance.
   4. Possessing or selling look-alike drugs or items attempted to be passed off as drugs or contraband.
   5. Possessing or selling pieces of marijuana in less than a usable amount.
   6. Selling, giving, or delivering to another person or possessing, using or being under the influence of marijuana or a controlled substance or a dangerous drug.
   7. Selling, giving, or delivering to another person an alcoholic beverage; committing a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol; or possessing, using, or being under the influence of alcohol.

G. **Prohibited Items**
   1. Possessing, exhibiting or using:
      a. A laser pointer for other than an approved use; or
      b. Any articles not generally considered to be weapons, including school supplies, when the principal/CEO or designee determines that a danger exists;
      c. Pornographic material;
      d. Mace or pepper spray;
      e. Tobacco products;
      f. Matches or a lighter;
      g. Fireworks of any kind, smoke or stink bombs, or any other pyrotechnic device;
      h. A razor, box cutter, chain, or any other object used in a way that threatens or inflicts bodily injury to another person;
      i. A “look-alike” weapon;
      j. A pocketknife;
      k. A knife with a blade of 5 ½ inches or less.
      l. An illegal knife;
      m. Ammunition;
      n. An air gun or BB gun;
V. Student/Parent Notification

Reported misconduct is reviewed by the campus principal/CEO. Students are told of the alleged infraction and provided an opportunity to respond. Once a Code of Conduct violation has been substantiated, the appropriate teacher and/or campus principal/CEO applies the Student Code of Conduct to determine the resulting consequence, if any. The parents will be notified by telephone or in writing within a reasonable time. Campus teachers and administrators are not required to notify parents of incidents by telephone on the day of the incident.

VI. Discipline Management Techniques

Administrators and teachers will consider the following when applying this Code and assessing consequences:

- The seriousness of the offense.
- The student’s age.
- The student’s attitude.
- The potential effect of the misconduct on the school environment.
- Whether the student was defending himself or herself.
- The student’s intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct.
- The student’s disciplinary history.
- A disability that substantially impairs the student’s capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student’s conduct, but only as required by federal law and regulations related to discipline of students with disabilities.
- Any other pertinent factor.

The following discipline management techniques may be used – alone or in combination, as appropriate, for all minor infractions of the Student Code of Conduct:

- Verbal (oral or written) correction.
- Cooling-off time or “time-out.”
- Seating changes within the classroom.
- Temporary confiscation of items that disrupt the educational process.
- Rewards or demerits.
- Behavioral contracts.
- Counseling by teachers, counselors, or administrative personnel.
- Parent-teacher conferences.
- Sending student to the office or other assigned area.
- Withdrawal of privileges, such as participation in extracurricular activities, eligibility for seeking and holding honorary offices, or membership in school-sponsored clubs and organizations.
- Referral to outside agency and/or legal authority for criminal prosecution in addition to disciplinary measures imposed by the principal/CEO.

For repeated minor offenses, or more serious or egregious single offenses, including but not limited to, weapons, firearms, drugs, alcohol and threats to the school environment, the following disciplinary measures may be used, alone or in combination, for misbehavior that violates the Student Code of Conduct or campus or classroom rules:
- Physical Restraint
- Detention
- In-school suspension
- Suspension from school, not to exceed three school days at one time
- Removal to home campus

Each will be discussed below.

**Physical Restraint**

In some circumstances, it may be necessary for an employee to use force, but not deadly force, to physically restrain a student in order to 1) protect the student or any other person from physical injury; 2) obtain possession of a weapon or other dangerous object; 3) protect property from serious damage; 4) remove a student who is refusing to comply with a legitimate directive from a school employee from a specific location in order to restore order or to impose disciplinary measures; or 5) restrain an irrational student.

**Detention**

For minor infractions of the Student Code of Conduct or campus or classroom rules, teachers or administrators may detain students before or after school hours or during lunch on one or more days.

**In-School Suspension**

For minor infractions of the Student Code of Conduct or campus or classroom rules, teachers or administrators may assign a student to one or more days of in-school suspension where, under the supervision of a staff member, students will complete assignments given them by their regular teachers.

**Out-of-School Suspension**

The campus principal/CEO may suspend a student for a maximum of three school days at a time if the student violates the Code of Conduct by engaging in any prohibited behavior. Both the length of the suspension and restrictions on participation in school-sponsored or school-related extracurricular activities during the suspension are left to the discretion of the principal/CEO. There is no limit on the number of times a student may be suspended during a semester or school year.

**Removal to Home Campus**

A determination to remove a student from the SFA Charter School to his or her home campus will be determined based upon a variety of factors, including student’s age, the frequency of misbehavior, the severity of the infraction(s), the timing of the offense as correlated with the academic calendar. A student removed will not be eligible for re-enrollment.

If a student commits an offense that, if in a public school setting, would warrant a disciplinary alternative education placement or expulsion, an appropriate order will be issued for use and consideration by the home campus.
Parents will be provided the opportunity for a meeting with the Administrative Review Committee, composed of the principal/CEO, Academic Coordinator, and Campus Coordinator, within 3 days for any offense that will result in an immediate removal to the home campus. Pending the due process opportunity for a meeting, the student may be automatically placed on a 3 day suspension from school within the discretion of the principal/CEO. Any appeals process thereafter may transpire after removal from the SFA Charter School and return to the home campus.

VII. Safety Infractions

If a student carries out an act that threatens student or school safety, results in injury to oneself or others, damages the environment, or is potentially physically or emotionally dangerous, the staff will take the following immediate responsive measures:
1. The injured person will receive sustained attention of a staff member if needed, and first aid will be administered.
2. Emergency medical personnel and/ or parents will be called if necessary.
3. Another staff member will remove or redirect the uninvolved students.
4. The student who carries out a serious safety infraction will be isolated from the group and supervised. Parents of this student will be notified, and possibly called to school immediately to remove the offending student.

For offenses involving weapons, firearms, drugs, alcohol, or threats to the school environment or faculty, a threat assessment committee will be immediately formed. The purpose of the committee will be to determine whether, with intervention, the threat can be removed and the student returned to the classroom. If so, the group will discuss the event and the results, problem solve more appropriate behavior, and develop a written plan to help the student form cooperative behaviors and effective communication. A copy of the plan will be given to the student's parent and the principal/CEO. The student will meet with the teacher to discuss the written plan to improve behavior and communication, before the student reenters the classroom. If the environment was damaged, the student and parents may need to repair the damage.

If the threat assessment committee determines that the threat cannot be removed despite intervention, the committee will recommend the student be removed from the SFA Charter School to his or her home campus. Further, nothing in this section shall prohibit the principal/CEO from removing a student on a single offense.

VIII. Complaint Procedure

Parental questions or concerns regarding discipline should be addressed to the teacher or campus principal/CEO, as appropriate. Formal complaints or appeals of discipline should be made in accordance with the Student/Parent Complaint Guidelines. A copy of these guidelines may be obtained from the principal/CEO’s office or through Guidelines On Line at the following address: www2.sfasu.edu/charterschool.

Discipline will not be deferred pending the outcome of a complaint.

Responsible for Implementation: Principal/CEO
Contact for Revision: Principal/CEO
Forms: SFA CHARTER SCHOOL OFFICE