October 4, 2010

Dear Students,

Welcome to Stephen F. Austin State University. We are so excited that you have chosen Stephen F. Austin State University School of Social Work to pursue your MSW. Congratulations on all of your hard work which brought you to this time and place. You have made an excellent decision to advance your career not only by pursuing graduate education, but by choosing to do it here, at the Stephen F. Austin State University School of Social Work, a program that is recognized as a leader in rural social work.

You are beginning an educational journey in which you will not only build knowledge and skills in a meaningful profession, but also grow in deeply personal ways. There will be challenges, opportunities, and perhaps even some fun. Among the challenges is the stretching that comes with learning and among the opportunities are new friends and professional colleagues. You are now part of the SFA community!

This MSW Handbook contains important information about the School, the program of study and the administrative regulations governing your participation in the program. Please use it as a guide throughout your program at the School of Social Work. If you have specific questions that are not answered here, please contact a member of the social work faculty or staff; they are also available to you for advising and information.

We wish you well in your graduate studies and trust that you will find the knowledge and expertise that you gain here exciting and suited to your own professional goals. We wish you success!

The Faculty and Staff
Stephen F. Austin State University
School of Social Work
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Mission of the School of Social Work

The mission of the School of Social Work at Stephen F. Austin State University is to prepare competent and effective professional social workers committed to generalist and advanced practice able to respond to the needs of rural communities and to the challenges faced by people with rural lifestyles. The School is committed to providing leadership for the region, particularly in identifying and addressing community needs and issues, including those related to the alleviation of poverty and oppression within the context of rurality, cultural diversity, and social and economic justice. In support of its educational endeavors, the school is dedicated to excellence in teaching, research, scholarship, lifelong learning and community service.

Mission of the MSW Program

The mission of the MSW program at Stephen F. Austin State University (SFASU) is to prepare competent and effective professional social workers committed to advanced generalist practice and able to respond to the needs of rural communities and to the challenges faced by people with rural lifestyles. The program is committed to providing leadership for the region, particularly in identifying and addressing community needs and issues, including those related to the alleviation of poverty and oppression within the context of rurality, cultural diversity and social and economic justice. In support of its educational endeavors, the program is dedicated to excellence in teaching, research, scholarship, lifelong learning and community service.

MSW Program Goals

The MSW program goals are derived from the School’s mission and are as follows:

1. Prepare professional social workers who will demonstrate integration and autonomous use of social work knowledge, values, and skills in advanced generalist social work practice with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities within a rural and global context.

2. Prepare professional social workers who will demonstrate critical thinking and ethical social work practice with systems of all sizes within a rural context based upon the knowledge, values, and skills that encompass a generalist perspective and advanced generalist practice.

3. Prepare professional social workers who will identify with the profession, take an active role in professional leadership, within their local communities and larger systems, and be lifelong learners.

4. Prepare professional social workers with research knowledge and skills to evaluate and advance social work practice, influence rural policy, advocate for social and economic change with attention to diversity, rural communities, and people with rural lifestyles, and add to the knowledge base of rural social work practice.

5. Maintain reciprocal relationships with social work practitioners, groups, communities, and organizations in the region, nationally, and globally.

6. Strengthen rural social work through the School’s professional and community service, and scholarship.
Admission Criteria

In order to be considered for admission to the MSW program, applications must submit: 1) an SFA graduate school application, 2) official transcripts, 3) three letters of recommendation using the attached form, 4) supplemental application for the MSW program, and 5) a written statement of interest in social work. (See Appendixes for forms)

Non-Advanced Standing

To be considered for clear non-advanced standing admission, applications should present an overall GPA of at least 2.5 and a GPA of 3.0 for the last 60 hours. Applicants who demonstrate outstanding qualifications on other admission criteria may be admitted on a probationary basis with an overall GPA of 2.5 and 2.8 GPA for the last 60 hours.

Advanced Standing

A limited number of students may be admitted to the advanced standing program. To be considered for advanced standing, applicants must have earned a Bachelor’s Degree in Social Work from a program accredited by the Council on Social Work Education. Applicants admitted on a probationary status are not eligible for advanced standing.

To receive advanced standing, an applicant must have made a minimum GPA of 3.0 in the last 60 credits of undergraduate course work and a 2.5 GPA overall.

Decisions on course equivalency credit will be made by the MSW Program Director. Advanced placement credit may be awarded for SWK 501, SWK 502, SWK 507, and SWK 512. Advanced standing credit is not automatic and students may be required to submit course equivalency information or successfully complete a competency examination before receiving credit for a course. All students who receive advanced standing must complete a minimum of 39 credit hours in order to receive the MSW. Part-time advanced standing student must complete the program in two years.

Accreditation

The M.S.W. Program is accredited by the Council on Social Work Education.
1. Identify as a professional Social Worker and conduct oneself accordingly. (EPAS 2.1.1)
2. Apply Social Work ethical values and principles to guide professional practice. (EPAS 2.1.2)
3. Apply critical thinking to inform and communicate professional judgments (EPAS 2.1.3)
4. Engage diversity and difference in practice. (EPAS 2.1.4)
5. Advance human rights and social and economic justice. (EPAS 2.1.5)
6. Engage in research-informed practice and practice-informed research. (EPAS 2.1.6)
7. Apply knowledge of human behavior and the social environment. (EPAS 2.1.7)
8. Engage in policy practice to advance social and economic well-being and to deliver effective social work services. (EPAS 2.1.8)
9. Respond to context that shapes practice. (EPAS 2.1.9)
10. Apply generalist practice to engage, assess, intervene and evaluate with individuals, families, groups, organizations and communities. (EPAS 2.1.10)

**CSWE/EPAS Practice Behaviors/Student Learning Outcomes:**

**Foundation Curriculum**

1. Generalist students advocate for client access to the services of social work.
2. Generalist students practice personal reflection and self-correction to assure continual professional development.
3. Generalist students attend to professional roles and boundaries.
4. Generalist students demonstrate professional demeanor in behavior, appearance, and communication.
5. Generalist students engage in career-long learning.
6. Generalist students use supervision and consultation.
7. Generalist students recognize and manage personal values in a way that allows professional values to guide practice.
8. Generalist students make ethical decisions by applying standards of NASW Code of Ethics and, as applicable, IFSW/IASSW Ethics Principles.
9. Generalist students tolerate ambiguity in resolving ethical conflicts.
10. Generalist students apply strategies of ethical reasoning to arrive at principled decisions.
11. Generalist students distinguish, appraise, and integrate multiple sources of knowledge, including research-based knowledge, and practice wisdom.
12. Generalist students analyze models of assessment, prevention, intervention, and evaluation.
13. Generalist students demonstrate effective oral and written communication in
working with individuals, families, groups, organizations, communities, and colleagues.

14. Generalist students recognize the extent to which a culture’s structures and values may oppress, marginalize, alienate, or create or enhance privilege and power.

15. Generalist students gain sufficient self-awareness to eliminate the influence of personal biases and values in working with diverse groups.

16. Generalist students recognize and communicate their understanding of the importance of difference in shaping life experiences.

17. Generalist students view themselves as learners and engage those with whom they work as informants.

18. Generalist students understand the forms and mechanisms of oppression and discrimination.


20. Generalist students engage in practices that advance social and economic justice.

21. Generalist students use practice experiences to inform scientific inquiry.

22. Generalist students use research evidence to inform practice.

23. Generalist students utilize conceptual frameworks to guide the process of assessment, intervention, and evaluation.

24. Generalist students critique and apply knowledge to understand person and environment.

25. Generalist students analyze, formulate, and advocate for policies that advance social well-being.

26. Generalist students collaborate with colleagues and clients for effective policy action.

27. Generalist students continuously discover, appraise, and attend to changing locales, populations, scientific and technological developments, and emerging societal trends to provide relevant services.

28. Generalist students provide leadership in promoting sustainable changes in service delivery and practice to improve the quality of social services.

29. Generalist students substantively and affectively prepare for action with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities.

30. Generalist students use empathy and other interpersonal skills.

31. Generalist students develop a mutually agreed-on focus of work and desired outcomes.

32. Generalist students collect, organize and interpret client data.

33. Generalist students assess client strengths and limitations.

34. Generalist students develop mutually agreed-on intervention goals and objectives.

35. Generalist students select appropriate intervention strategies.

36. Generalist students initiate actions to achieve organizational goals.

37. Generalist students implement prevention interventions that enhance client capacities.
38. Generalist students help clients resolve problems.
39. Generalist students negotiate, mediate, and advocate for clients.
40. Generalist students facilitate transitions and endings.
41. Generalist students critically analyze, monitor, and evaluate interventions.

**CSWE/EPAS Practice Behaviors/Student Learning Outcomes:**
**Concentration Curriculum**

1. Advanced generalist advocate for client access to the services of social work for rural people and rural communities;
2. Advanced generalist practice personal reflection and self-correction to assure continual professional development in advanced rural social work;
3. Advanced generalist attend to professional roles and boundaries while working rural communities;
4. Advanced generalist demonstrate professional demeanor in behavior, appearance, and communication appropriate for working with rural people and communities;
5. Advanced generalist engage in career-long learning in advanced rural social work;
6. Advanced generalist use supervision and consultation appropriate for rural advanced social work.
7. Advanced generalist demonstrate leadership through education, research, and service related to advanced practice in rural areas and with rural people
8. Advanced generalist apply ethical decision-making skills specific to practicing with rural people and rural communities in all settings.
9. Advanced generalist engage in comparative analysis of multiple codes of ethics
10. Advanced generalist recognize and manage personal and professional values to engage in effective advanced rural practice with multiple systems.
11. Advanced generalist develop, analyze, advocate, and provide leadership for policies and services; promoting social and economic justice.
12. Advanced generalist use research and technological advances in evaluating program outcomes and practice effectiveness.
13. Advanced generalist use differential and more complex skills to practice autonomously with systems of all sizes in rural settings.
14. Advanced generalist evaluate, select, and implement appropriate assessment, intervention, and evaluation tools for use with rural populations and communities.
15. Advanced generalist identify and apply factors competently within and across diverse groups (e.g. gender, ethnicity/race, age, socioeconomic status, sexual orientation) and across multiple system levels.
16. Advanced generalist analyze and compare different social constructions of rurality and consider their implications.
17. Advanced generalist apply an integration of awareness, sensitivity and professional response to issues of values, ethics, diversity, social justice and populations at risk.
18. Advanced generalist advocate at multiple levels for the equal access of services for rural people and their communities
19. Advanced generalist engage in specialize practices that advance social and economic justice in rural environments.

20. Advanced generalist use cultural competence to promote social and economic justice to systems of all sizes within and outside of rural communities.

21. Advanced generalist relate advanced theories, models, and research to appropriate multi-level systems with rural people and rural communities.

22. Advanced generalist identify, evaluate, and implement effective research and practice strategies with rural systems and social networks.

23. Advanced generalist apply advanced research skills to the evaluation of rural issues, people and communities.


25. Advanced generalist utilize theoretical frameworks to guide differential assessments, specialized interventions, and evaluation for effective advanced rural social work practice;

26. Advanced generalist apply theories, models, and research appropriately to systems of all sizes to solve problems and alleviate oppression in rural environments locally and globally; and

27. Advanced generalist relate theories, models, and research to leadership, administration, clinical and organizational supervision, and program and policy development.

28. Advanced generalist develop, prepare, evaluate, and implement policies that improve the well-being of rural populations and rural communities.

29. Advanced generalist use advocacy skills to effectively deliver services to rural populations.

30. Advanced generalist apply policy practice skills to multiple systems.

31. Advanced generalist use analytical framework to change situations for rural people and rural communities.

32. Advanced generalist act as a change agent in mobilizing resources for rural people and rural communities.

33. Advanced generalist develop and disseminate knowledge to improve the service delivery systems in rural communities.

34. Advanced generalist use advanced differential assessments, interventions, and evaluations to respond to the changing contexts of rural areas.

35. Advanced generalist engage multiple different systems of various sizes in rural communities.

36. Advanced generalist use differential engagement skills in preparing for action with systems of all sizes; and

37. Advanced generalist use leadership skills to engage multiple systems in rural environments.

38. Advanced generalist adapt, modify, develop, and implement assessment tools and approaches with multiple systems in rural communities.
39. Advanced generalist conduct needs assessment to determine interventions
40. Advanced generalist evaluate, select, and implement appropriate assessment instruments with target populations.
41. Advanced generalist relate appropriate theories, models, and research to client systems and circumstances.
42. Advanced generalist apply multiple types of advanced intervention strategies across all system levels; individual, families, groups, communities and organizations.
43. Advanced generalist apply specialized interventions with systems of all sizes
44. Advanced generalist use leadership in a variety of areas including: program development, coordination and administration; clinical and organizational supervision.
45. Advanced generalist provide leadership in research development and utilization, policy creation, reform and implementation.
46. Advanced generalist ability to manage and coordinate human service networks in delivering services to rural clients
47. Advanced generalist use cultural competence in promoting social and economic justice in rural settings.
48. Advanced generalist implement appropriate and effective strategies to improve operations or processes in rural social service organizations
49. Advanced generalist identifying, analyzing, and implementing evidence-based interventions designed to achieve client goals
50. Advanced generalist providing leadership for policies and services; promoting social and economic justice.
51. Advanced generalist apply research skills to the evaluation of problems faced by rural people and communities.
52. Advanced generalist identify and use evaluation tools for multiple systems in rural settings
53. Advanced generalist communicate and disseminate evaluation results appropriate to the intended audience.
54. Advanced generalist use differential evaluation strategies in advanced social work interventions with systems of all sizes in rural communities and rural people.
55. Advanced generalist develop evaluation strategies for working with systems of all sizes in rural communities; and
56. Advanced generalist apply leadership skills in the evaluation of services and programs with systems of all sizes in rural environments.
Overview

The master of social work degree (MSW) offered by Stephen F. Austin State University is a 64 credit hour program designed to be completed in two years of full-time academic study. A part-time program of study is also offered, but all degree requirements must be completed within four calendar years from the date of enrollment. The program does not require an undergraduate degree in social work for admission, but does require that students who are deficient in the liberal arts perspective complete additional coursework in order to prepare them for the social work professional foundation courses. Undergraduate content in human biology, multicultural studies and social statistics are specifically required before students are allowed to enroll in graduate courses that require knowledge of that content. All prerequisite course work must be completed prior to or during the first semester of enrollment in the program.

The MSW program has an advanced standing program of 39 credit hours that is completed in about 10 months of full-time study (one summer session and two semesters). Advanced standing students who are part-time must complete the program requirements within two years of enrollment. Advanced standing is only awarded to students who have earned the bachelor’s degree in social work from a CSWE accredited program and who achieve clear admission status (2.5 GPA overall and 3.0 GPA in the last 60 hours).

Note: No program credit is given for course work or field instruction for students’ prior life, volunteer, or work experiences.

Focus of Curriculum

The MSW program curriculum consists of foundation and advanced level content. The first full-time year of the program is generalist in perspective and emphasizes a problem-solving method in the helping relationship. The first year provides the social work professional foundation similar to that provided in a BSW program and serves as a base upon which the advanced level content builds knowledge and skills.

The MSW program offers one concentration, which is completed during the second full-time year of the program. The concentration offered is Advanced Generalist Practice in a Rural Context. Advanced Generalist skills are applied to practice within the rural context and with people having rural lifestyles. The importance of examining issues of diversity and difference, values and ethics, social and economic justice, populations at risk, and rurality is emphasized throughout the program.

Professional Foundation courses include content in the following areas: Human Behavior and the Social Environment, Social Work Policy and Services, Generalist Social Work Practice, Applied Research Methods, Rurality, and 480 clock hours of agency based field instruction.

Concentration (Advanced Generalist Practice in a Rural Context) courses include content in Advanced Generalist Practice Methods, Policy Analysis and Evaluation, Research (statistics/measurement and research practicum), and 500 clock hours of agency based field instruction.
Definition of Concentration Area – Advanced Generalist Practice in a Rural Context

The MSW program of SFASU features a generalist foundation and a single concentration: Advanced Generalist Practice in a Rural Context. Both are defined below.

It is important to note here that the BSW program and the MSW program have developed a shared definition of generalist practice, given below.

**Generalist practice** is a practice perspective that serves diverse client systems utilizing an ecological systems approach focusing on persons, families, groups, organizations and communities within the context of the rural social environment. It is not confined by a narrow cadre of theories; rather, it is versatile enough to allow problems and situations as well as strengths, capacities and resources to determine the practice approach. Generalist practice employs a problem solving framework and a broad knowledge, value and skill base which demands ethical practice and on-going self-assessment. Briefly, generalist social work practice:

- Is multi-level to include individuals, families, groups, organizations and communities.
- Is multi-theory, allowing for the free selection of theories as appropriate.
- Utilizes problem identification and solving focus that follows a problem-solving framework.
- Addresses the complexity of individual, family, group, organizational and community system interactions.
- Requires and integration of awareness, competence, and professional response to issues of values, ethics, diversity, culture, social justice and populations-at-risk.

**Advanced generalist practice** builds on the generalist foundation, incorporating the elements listed above, but characterized by a greater depth, breadth, and autonomy as demonstrated through specialized knowledge across problem areas, populations-at-risk and practice settings, with a greater selection of diverse interactions across practice levels.

Briefly, advanced generalist practice requires:

- The ability to differentially assess complex problems with systems of all sizes, with a variety of advanced assessment skills.
- Specialized interventions with systems of all sizes.
- Differential evaluation techniques with systems of all sizes.
- Readiness for leadership in a variety of areas including: program development, coordination and administration; clinical and organizational supervision; policy creation, reform and implementation; leadership in research development and utilization, particularly in practice settings; professional development.

The concentration for the MSW program is advanced generalist practice for rural contexts. Theories that describe and predict rural ecological systems and rural strengths, including the incredibly rich interactions, simple and complex, formal and informal, wholesome and debilitating are emphasized. On this basis, the curriculum of the MSW Program emphasizes the ecological systems approach, the strengths perspective, and the social capital and social exchange theories.

**Rural practice** refers to social work with rural people and rural systems of all sizes within and outside of rural communities. There is no single accepted definition of rural. In fact, just as generalist practice in social work draws on multiple theories, generalist practice in
rural contexts recognizes the many definitions currently in use and their advantages and disadvantages for research, practice, and advocacy. The School of Social Work at SFA utilizes several of these definitions within the United States and globally including:

_The United States Census Bureau_ (urbanized areas, urban clusters, and rural populations); _Office of Management and Budget_ (metropolitan, micropolitan, and non-core), _Economic Research Service_ (rural urban continuum codes); and _the United Nations_ that defines urban and rural according to the census definition for each nation, but suggests a definition of rural areas as having a population of less than 2,000 for international comparisons.

**Field Instruction**

Field Instruction in the MSW program is comprised of three sequential field instruction experiences: Field I, Field II and Field III. Each course is designed to provide an educationally directed Generalist (Field I and II) and Advanced Generalist in the Rural Context (Field II) practice experience in a social agency where students demonstrate the practice behaviors which augment all Ten Core Competencies of the Social Work profession. Students integrate classroom knowledge with actual practice opportunities under the supervision of a MSW Field Instructor. Advanced standing students are exempt from Field I and Field II (Foundation Fields), thus only required to complete Field III (Advanced Practicum).

**Field Instruction I and II:**

Field I and Field II consist of 200 agency-based hours each with a one-hour weekly integrated seminar. This is a concurrent field experience for full-time students. Part-time students will complete pre-requisite social work course work an outlined on the curriculum plan. Students remain in same agency for both Field I and Field II. Field Instruction I and II are required for all MSW students without advanced standing.

**Field Instruction III:**

Field Instruction III consists of 500 agency-based hours with a two-hour weekly integrated seminar. Field III is required for all students in the MSW program and must be completed on a fulltime basis for full-time students. Part-time students may take Field Instruction III over two semesters or as a block placement (one semester).

The prerequisites are satisfactory completion of all professional foundation courses and concentration courses. Field Instruction III will provide students with advanced practice experiences, including; administrative functions, supervisory, consultation and collaborative services; provision of professional leadership and advanced community development; and program and resource development and evaluation. Students will gain further mastery in advanced assessment and intervention skills that are prescribed in various intervention methods with individuals, families, groups, organizations and communities, in order to prepare for practice as advanced generalist practitioners in a rural context.

**Field Instruction Policies and Procedures:**

During the semester prior to students’ enrollment into field instruction, students’ must complete a structured field placement process supervised by the Director of Field Education. At this time, the process for application and selection of field instruction sites
and other pertinent field policies and procedures will be discussed in an informational meeting, held by the director of field instruction, for all students entering field instruction the following semester. The Graduate Field Instruction Manual available in the university bookstore contains all necessary field-related information. Students should purchase the manual prior to the informational meeting. Prior to this time, students should direct questions regarding field instruction placements to the Director of Field Education.

Please see policy “Policy: Consideration of Criminal History Record of Social Work Students” related to students placed in community agencies for completion of required field practice course.

Field Instruction Policies and Procedures:

All MSW students must complete the field application packet and have an interview with the Director of Field Education in the semester prior to entering field instruction. During the interview, students are able to discuss their interest in various fields of social work practice in order to arrive upon a potential agency. Placements in agencies are made with input from the MSW faculty. Agency contacts are made by the Director of Field Education and not by the student. After agency assignments are made, students must interview with the Field Instructor in the agency. If accepted, an agency contract between the field agency and the student will be signed and submitted to the Director of Field Education before the student begins the placement.

Policy on Repeating Field Instruction:

MSW students who have been terminated from a field instruction assignment (see Field Instruction Manual) or who have made a grade of C, D, or F must repeat the field instruction course. Students may appeal termination from field instruction through the process outlined in section VIII of the field instruction manual.

If students wish to repeat a field instruction course, reinstatement is not automatic. Students who repeat a field instruction course must reapply for admission to field instruction (as stated above). Students who were terminated from a field instruction placement must also state in writing how each of the problems/issues contributing to the original termination have been corrected. This includes behaviors and/or skill deficits that contributed to the original decision to terminate the students’ field instruction. The field Director, MSW Program Director, and the Director of the school of social work will review and recommend whether or not the student will be re-admitted to field instruction and be able to repeat the field instruction course. Students may repeat a field instruction course only one time.

Policy for Field Instruction in a Student’s Place of Employment

In order to ensure an educationally directed field experience, school policy requires that a student complete field instruction in an agency/program in which he or she is not employed. In special circumstances, the school may consider an exception to the policy contingent upon the field placement meeting the Council of Social Work Education (CSWE) standards. CSWE prescribes that the agency must provide the following criteria (See Handbook of Accreditation Standards and Procedures):

1. Release time for course and field instruction.
2. Student’s assignments will differ from those associated with the student’s employment.
3. Student’s fieldwork supervision will differ from those associated with the student’s employment.
4. There is no diminution of the program’s established requirements in class and field interaction.
5. Program’s established requirements in field instruction is educationally focused rather than solely centered on the agency’s services.

The School of Social Work has established criteria for the utilization of a student’s work setting as a field instruction placement. The foremost concern in developing such placements is to ensure that the placement provides clear learning opportunities for Generalist and/or Advanced Rural Generalist Practice, and that it is educationally focused rather than centered on provision of agency services. The agency of employment must be capable of and willing to provide a new, different, and educationally directed learning experience for the student. It is incumbent on the agency and the student to demonstrate that the following criteria are met for a field instruction placement within one's place of employment:

1. The field instruction site clearly affords the student learning opportunities for Generalist and/or Advanced Rural Generalist practice as defined in the MSW Field Instruction Manual.
2. The agency must have an employee who is not the student's regular work supervisor and who is willing to serve as an approved field instructor.
3. The proposed field instructor must hold a MSW degree from a CSWE accredited social work program and have two years of postgraduate experience, as well as be either an approved field instructor or be willing to complete the application process for field instructors.
4. The agency must be approved as a field instruction site by the School of Social Work and meet all criteria for an affiliated field instruction agency, as outlined in this manual.
5. The agency must be large enough to transfer the student to a different section/unit/program other than that of the current employment and be willing to allow the student to complete the required clock hours in the new setting. Agencies may engage in creative management to afford such an opportunity to a student. An example may be that a Child Protective Services worker would be assigned to Adoption and Foster Care services or Adult Protective Services for field instruction in a different setting with different populations and different lines of supervision.
6. In situations in which the student has been newly employed for less than 3 months, the student’s place of employment may be considered as a field instruction site if the agency is an approved agency field placement site or if the agency meets the criteria for an approved agency and is willing to complete the selection/approval process.
7. The proposed field assignments/activities must provide new and different
experiences for the student that will contribute to a totally new learning opportunities for students.

8. The agency will grant the necessary release time for students to complete field instruction activities, including field seminar courses, as specified within this manual.

9. The agency will grant the necessary release time to the proposed field instructor to participate in field instruction training provided by the school of social work.

10. The field instructor must attend field instructor training prior to the start of field instruction.

The student will be responsible for submission of a written document requesting placement in his/her work setting. All criteria must be established and documented in the proposal prior to submission and review by the school. Once the request is submitted with required documentation, the proposal will be reviewed by the field faculty, faculty at large, and the MSW Program Director, along with additional agency input, if necessary. A decision will be rendered within 30 days. This process is very time consuming for the student, the agency, and faculty, thus the proposal should be submitted as early as possible in the semester preceding the anticipated field. As noted, the written request must address the following criteria:

1. Current and proposed job supervisor, proposed supervisor’s credentials, verification of field instructor’s status and/or a completed application to serve as such.

2. Beginning date of employment in the agency

3. Description of present job duties and proposed field assignments based on the program and field objectives.

4. Plan for release time for field clock hours and seminar class.

5. Proposed field instructor/supervisor’s commitment to attend orientation training for agency.

6. Written approval from the student, current and proposed job supervisor, proposed Field Instructor, Director of Field Education, and SW Program Director.

Under no circumstances will both foundation and concentration field instruction placement be permitted in the student's place of employment. Students who have advanced standing and who are only required to complete one field instruction placement are not normally permitted to complete that placement in their place of employment. Students seeking field instruction in their place of employment will be required to follow the same procedural steps in the field placement process as all other students.
Policy: Consideration of Criminal History Record of Social Work Students

I. Applicability

This policy applies to students enrolled in The School of Social Work as a pre-major and/or major and will be assigned to a community agency or organization to complete practicum hours.

II. Policy Statement

Pursuant to the Texas Administrative Code Title 25 Part I Chapter 414 Sub-Chapter K Rule 414.504, students with the following criminal history may not be considered for placement in a community agency or organization.

1. criminal homicide (Penal Code, Chapter 19);
2. kidnapping and unlawful restraint (Penal Code, Chapter 20); (3) indecency with a child (Penal Code, §21.11);
3. sexual assault (Penal Code, §22.011);
4. aggravated assault (Penal Code, §22.02);
5. injury to a child, elderly individual, or disabled individual (Penal Code, §22.04);
6. abandoning or endangering a child (Penal Code, §22.041);
7. aiding suicide (Penal Code, §22.08);
8. agreement to abduct from custody (Penal Code, §25.031); (10) sale or purchase of a child (Penal Code, §25.08);
9. arson (Penal Code, §28.02);
10. robbery (Penal Code, §29.02);
11. aggravated robbery (Penal Code, §29.03);
12. a conviction under the laws of another state, federal law, or the Uniform Code of Military Justice for an offense containing elements that are substantially similar to the elements of an offense listed under paragraphs (1) - (13) of this subsection; an
13. a conviction which occurred within the previous five years for:
   A. assault that is punishable as a Class A misdemeanor or as a felony (Penal Code, §22.01);
   B. burglary (Penal Code, §30.02);
   C. theft that is punishable as a felony (Penal Code, Chapter 31);
   D. misapplication of fiduciary property or property of a financial institution that is punishable as a Class A misdemeanor or felony Penal Code, §32.45); or
   E. securing execution of a document by deception that is punishable as a Class A misdemeanor or a felony (Penal Code, §32.46).
III. Rationale

Social service agencies and providers are entrusted with the health, safety and welfare of vulnerable patients, clients and consumers and operate in settings that require the exercise of good judgment and ethical behavior. Thus, a students’ suitability to function in such a setting is imperative to promote the highest level of integrity in social services agencies.

IV. Procedure

Student will be required to disclose criminal history information during the application process of each field education course. If the application reveals a finding pursuant to Part II of this policy, the student will be notified by the Direction of Field Education that he/she will not be able to be placed in an agency setting.

The student will be directed to his/her advisor for future planning.

IV. Other Provisions

The policy concerning consideration of students with a criminal history will be included in the General Bulletin of the University, the School of Social Work Web cite, and the School of Social Work student handbooks.
The Child Welfare Professional Development Project (CWPDP), Title IV-E Project of the School of Social Work at Stephen F. Austin State University, partners with the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) to enhance the knowledge and skills of current and future Child Protective Services (CPS) workers through undergraduate and graduate education in social work and by providing training opportunities to CPS staff, foster and adoptive parents, and community providers.

SFA is situated to serve two regions of TDFPS, Region 04 (Tyler – 23 counties) and Region 05 (Beaumont – 15 counties). The majority of the service area is rural and the population is underserved by social workers with professional and advanced degrees. CWPDP helps to reduce the barriers to education by offering competitive stipends to BSW and MSW students who are interested in the child welfare field of practice.

MSW students must have a 3.0 GPA and complete a Title IV-E stipend application the semester before entering the final field placement. A CPS stipend committee then reviews applications, conducts interviews and awards stipends, which are currently $3000. Upon graduation, stipend recipients commit to work for CPS for eight months in a Title IV-E position. Examples of these positions include Conservatorship, Foster/Adoption Home Development, and Preparation for Adult Living (PAL) specialists generally, positions other than investigation.

Current CPS employees are also offered opportunities to extend their professional social work education by completing an MSW degree. Employees who have been approved for the Title IV-E stipend and admitted to the MSW Program at SFA receive $2,300 per semester. Employees agree to four months of full time employment for each semester of stipend receipt.

Stipend amounts are re-examined yearly according to funding availability. Also students should contact the financial aid office to determine if there will be a change in their awards.

Students interested in the stipend and a challenging and rewarding career with children and families should contact Ms. Becky Price-Mayo at bmayo@sfasu.edu or 936) 468-1808.
Curriculum Design

The MSW program admits both advanced standing and non-advanced standing students. Both types of students may choose from either a full-time or part-time option to complete the requirements of the program. A total of 64 credit hours are required for graduation in the non-advanced standing program. The advanced standing program requires 39 credits for graduation.

The advanced standing program officially begins in the second summer session of each year. The non-advanced standing program begins in the fall semester. Students approved for either program who wish to begin taking classes may do so if there are no prerequisites.
# Master of Social Work Program

## Curriculum

**Website:** [http://www2.sfasu.edu/aas/socwk/msw/mswcurriculum.html](http://www2.sfasu.edu/aas/socwk/msw/mswcurriculum.html)

### Non-Advanced Standing Full-time (2 year plan)

#### Fall Semester
- SWK 501 Introduction to the Social Work Profession  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 502 Human Behavior and the Social Environment I  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 504 Introduction to Rurality  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 505 Generalist Practice I  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 519 Field Instruction I  
  - 4 credits

**Total Credits:** 16

#### Spring Semester
- SWK 500 Applied Research Methods  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 507 Social Welfare Policy & Services  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 512 Human Behavior and the Social Environment II  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 515 Generalist Practice II  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 529 Field Instruction II  
  - 4 credits

**Total Credits:** 16

#### Fall Semester
- SWK 517 Rural Social Policy Analysis  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 520 Social Work Research Process  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 525 Advanced Generalist Practice  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 535 Seminar in Advanced Rural Practice  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 558 Advanced Practice with Groups  
  - 2 credits

**Total Credits:** 15

#### Spring Semester
- SWK 530 Research Practicum  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 539 Field Instruction III  
  - 3 credits
- SWK 540 Field Instruction IV  
  - 4 credits
- SWK 541 Field Instruction V  
  - 4 credits
- Elective  
  - 3 credits

**Total Credits:** 17

**Total Credits:** 64

Student Name: _____________________________  SID: _________________

Student Signature: __________________________  Date: ________________

Faculty Advisor Name: _______________________

Faculty Advisor Signature: _____________________  Date: ______________
Master of Social Work Program
Curriculum

Website: http://www2.sfasu.edu/aas/socwk/msw/mswcurriculum.html

Non-Advanced Standing Part-Time (3 Year Plan of Study)

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Total Credits: 64

Student Name: _____________________________    SID: __________________
Student Signature: __________________________    Date: ________________
Faculty Advisor Name: _______________________
Faculty Advisor Signature: ____________________    Date: ______________
Master of Social Work Program

Curriculum

Website: http://www2.sfasu.edu/aas/socwk/msw/mswcurriculum.html

Advanced Standing Full-time (10 months)

Summer Session II
SWK 504 Introduction to Rurality 3
SWK 514 Advanced Standing Seminar 4

Fall Semester
SWK 517 Rural Social Policy Analysis 3
SWK 520 Social Work Research Process 3
SWK 525 Advanced Generalist Practice 3
SWK 535 Seminar in Advanced Rural Practice 3
SWK 558 Advanced Social Work with Groups 3

15

Spring Semester
SWK 530 Research Practicum 3
SWK 539 Field Instruction III 3
SWK 540 Field Instruction IV 4
SWK 541 Field Instruction V 4
Elective 3

17

Total Credits 39

Advanced standing students must take SWK 504-Introduction to Rurality and SWK 514-Advanced Standing Seminar, 4 credits (T), in the summer proceeding the fall semester. A thesis option (SWK 589 and SWK 590) may be substituted for SWK 530.

AC = Advanced concentration.
F = professional foundation.
T = Transition course.

Student Name: _____________________________ SID: _________________

Student Signature: __________________________ Date: ______________

Faculty Advisor Name: _______________________

Faculty Advisor Signature: _____________________ Date: ______________
# Master of Social Work Program

## Curriculum

**Website:** [http://www2.sfasu.edu/aas/socwk/msw/mswcurriculum.html](http://www2.sfasu.edu/aas/socwk/msw/mswcurriculum.html)

### Advanced Standing Part-time (2 year plan)

**Summer Session II**
- SWK 504 Introduction to Rurality  
  3
- SWK 514 Advanced Standing Seminar  
  4
  7

**Fall Semester**
- SWK 517 Rural Social Policy Analysis  
  3
- SWK 525 Advanced Generalist Practice  
  3
- SWK 535 Seminar in Advanced Rural Practice  
  3
- SWK 558 Advanced Practice with Groups  
  3
  12

**Spring Semester**
- SWK 520 Social Work Research Process  
  3
- Elective  
  3
  6

**Fall Semester**
- SWK 549 Field Instruction III  
  5
  5

**Spring Semester**
- SWK 530 Research Practicum  
  3
- SWK 559 Field Instruction III  
  6
  9

| Total Credits | 39 |

Advanced standing students must take SWK 504-Introduction to Rurality and SWK 514-Advanced Standing Seminar, 4 credits (T), in the summer proceeding the fall semester. A thesis option (SWK 589 and SWK 590) may be substituted for SWK 530.

AC = Advanced concentration.
F = professional foundation.
T = Transition course.

Student Name: _____________________________  SID: _________________
Student Signature: __________________________  Date: ________________
Faculty Advisor Name: _______________________
Faculty Advisor Signature: ______________________  Date: ________________
International Certificate in Community Development

The Graduate Program in the School of Social Work has an International Certificate in Community Development in which students from around the world can participate online. In line with the mission of the School of Social Work, the purpose of this certificate is to effectively prepare graduate social work students with a global perspective that will enhance their practice as it relates to sustainable community development. After completion of the certificate students will be able to apply their knowledge and competencies to a global context.

The certificate consists of the following courses which will be offered over a time-period of two semesters:

- SWK 504: Introduction to Rurality
- SWK 531: International Social Work
- SWK 532: Sustainable Development in a Global Context
- SWK 533: Diversity Appreciation

Enrollment

Change in Enrollment Status

Students may request a change in their enrollment status (part-time to full-time and full-time to part-time) at any time. Since the program’s course offerings are based on the established course sequence, moving from full to part-time or vice versa may cause difficulties in scheduling except between the foundation and the advanced years. Students who make the change from full to part time or vice versa are responsible for working with the academic advisor to develop a new schedule for graduation prior to requesting a change in status. In order to change status, students must first discuss their situation with their advisor, then submit a formal request to the MSW Director who will consider the request. The Director will make a final decision regarding a change of status and notify students in writing.

Request for Change in Enrollment Status

If students have extenuating circumstances, a request for a leave of absence from the program is possible. Normally such requests are granted only for medical reasons or for serious family emergencies. Students must first discuss their situation with their advisor and then make a request in writing to the MSW Director who will make a final decision regarding a leave of absence, and notify the student in writing. A leave of absence may be granted for one year and the student will be considered on “inactive status”. If a student cannot resume enrollment in the program after one year, the student must re-apply for admission to the program when they are ready and able to continue in program. Students may not be eligible to retain credit from previous work if 6 years has expired prior to re-admission (see the Graduate Bulletin). Students that are re-admitted are responsible for program requirements published in the university’s Graduate Bulletin for the year of re-admission.
**Request for Leave of Absence**

If students have extenuating circumstances, a request for a leave of absence from the program is possible. Normally such requests are granted only for medical reasons or for serious family emergencies. Students must first discuss their situation with their advisor and then make a request in writing to the MSW Director who will make a final decision regarding a leave of absence, and notify the student in writing. A leave of absence may be granted for one year and the student will be considered on “inactive status.” If a student cannot resume enrollment in the program after one year, the student must re-apply for admission to the program when they are ready and able to continue in program. Students may not be eligible to retain credit from previous work if 6 years has expired prior to re-admission (see the Graduate Bulletin). Students that are re-admitted are responsible for program requirements published in the university’s Graduate Bulletin for the year of re-admission.

**Re-Admission**

Students who were once enrolled (or admitted) in the MSW program and who voluntarily withdrew from the program must submit a new application for admission if the absence extends beyond one academic year (files will remain active for one year). The application process in these instances remains the same as the process for new applicants. The Graduate School rule for credits remaining viable for no more than six years may prevent students from applying some graduate credits of previously completed courses toward graduation. Thus course work may need to be repeated. If students’ are beyond six years from initial time of admission to the Graduate School at SFA, they will also need to re-apply for admission to the Graduate School.

**Transfer of Credit from Courses Taken Outside of the School**

All courses that students wish to take outside of the MSW program (either at SFASU or another college or university) must be approved by the students’ advisor and the MSW Program Director. The advisor may ask students to provide relevant information about the course work for transfer credit. Such information might include the university catalog description of the course and/or course syllabi. The student may also wish to consult the Program Director as to the appropriateness of the course toward the MSW degree. Only courses from MSW programs accredited by the Council on Social Work Education will be accepted for transfer credit. Elective courses taken in areas other than social work are not accepted for transfer credit. Only courses with a grade of B or higher can be transferred to the SFA MSW program. Field and practice courses from another university cannot be transferred to SFA.
Social Work Course Descriptions

Unless otherwise indicated, courses are three semester credit hours each.

500. Applied Research Methods – 3 credits. Introduction to social work research methods for the professional foundation. Topics include critical thinking, understanding the social work research literature, conducting literature reviews appropriate for research proposals, applied research methods (quantitative and qualitative), evaluation methods, and formulation of research plans. Prerequisite – Graduate standing.

501. Introduction to the Social Work Profession - 3 credits. Introduction to the social work profession. Topics include: philosophy and history of the profession, social work values and ethics, social work organizations and licenser, and contexts for social work content. Prerequisite - Graduate standing.

502. Human Behavior and the Social Environment - 3 credits. The person-in-environment model for generalist social work. The course uses a strengths perspective and a problem solving focus to understand human behavior in individual, family, and naturally occurring group contexts. Prerequisite - Graduate standing. Demonstrated knowledge of human biology.

504. Introduction to Rurality - 3 credits. This course introduces students to social work in the rural context. Issues related to social work practice, rural communities, rural behavior, and social welfare policy are presented. Prerequisite - Graduate standing.

505. Generalist Practice I - 3 credits. Generalist model of social work practice with individuals, families, and naturally occurring groups. Topics include engagement, data collection, assessment, planning, intervention, termination and evaluation. Prerequisite - Graduate standing. Demonstrated knowledge of human biology and multicultural content.

507. Introduction to Social Welfare Policy and Services - 3 credits. Foundation content related to the history, philosophy, structure, and function of social welfare policy and services is presented in this course. A survey of social welfare services and current issues related to these services is also presented. Concepts related to social and economic justice are emphasized throughout the course. Prerequisites - Graduate standing.

512. Human Behavior and the Social Environment II (currently listed in Graduate Bulletin as Rural Behavior and Environments) - 3 credits. The person-in-environment model for generalist practice. The course uses a strengths perspective and a problem solving focus to explain task groups, organizations and communities. - Graduate standing. SWK 501, 502, SWK 504, SWK 505, and SWK 507 or equivalents. Co-requisite - SWK 515.

514. Advanced Standing Seminar - 4 credits. This seminar is required for Advanced students and is designed to strengthen and enhance the transition of BSW's into the MSW program. This course derives content from the Professional Foundation and the Advanced Rural Generalist concentration. Prerequisite - Advanced Standing Status.

515. Generalist Practice II – 3 credits. Generalist model of social work practice with task groups, organizations, and communities. Prerequisites - Graduate standing. SWK 502, SWK 504, SWK 505, and SWK 507 or equivalents.
517. Rural Social Policy Analysis and Program Evaluation - 3 credits. Advanced content in analysis of social policy in a rural context. Concepts related to the promotion of social and economic justice by social workers are emphasized. Prerequisites - Graduate standing. SWK 501, 502, SWK 504, SWK 505, and SWK 507 or equivalents.

518. Child Welfare Services - 3 credits. An overview of theory, policy, services and practice issues related to social work in the child and family field of practice. Prerequisite – Graduate standing.

519. Field Instruction I – 4 credits. Educationally supervised practice in a social welfare setting under the direct supervision of a professional social worker. Two hundred forty (200) hours of agency experience and one (1) hour weekly integrative seminar are required for the semester. Prerequisite - Graduate standing. Completion of, or enrollment in SWK 501, SWK 502, SWK 504, and SWK 505.

520. Advanced Research Methods - 3 credits. Research content at the advanced level. Topics include critical thinking, epistemology, design, statistical applications and program evaluation. Prerequisites - Graduate standing. Completion of course in measurement and data analysis and SWK 500 or Advanced Standing.

525. Advanced Generalist Practice - 3 credits. Advanced application of the generalist model in working with individuals and families. Prerequisites – Completion of all foundation courses or Advanced Standing.

528. Social Work in Mental Health - 3 credits. An overview of theory, policy, services, and practice issues related to social work in the mental health field. Prerequisite - Graduate standing.

529. Field Instruction II - 4 credits. Continuation of supervised agency practice begun in SWK 519. Two hundred forty (200) hours of agency experience and one (1) hour weekly integrative seminar are required. Prerequisites - SWK 519, SWK 502, SWK 505, SWK 507. Co-requisite - SWK 512, SWK 515.

530. Research Practicum - 3 credits. Individual student research performed under the direction of social work faculty. Final report should contribute to social work knowledge. Prerequisites – Completion of all foundation courses or Advanced Standing and SWK 520

531. International Social Work – 3 credits. The study of international social work and how it is influenced by policies, developed and developing world contexts, and different perceptions of social problems. The course also provides an overview of service delivery systems in other countries. Prerequisite – Graduate standing.

532. Sustainable Development in a Global Context – 3 credits. Examines issues and perspectives on sustainable community development from the local, regional, national, and, international perspectives. The course prepares students at all levels to advocate for policies for a livable world while solving community problems at all levels and promoting positive community change. Prerequisite – Graduate standing.

533. Diversity Appreciation – 3 credits. This course examines various cultures throughout the globe and is designed to allow students the opportunity to understand cultural and social differences locally and globally. Prerequisite – Graduate standing.
**535. Seminar in Advanced Rural Practice - 3 credits.** This seminar focuses on rural case management, supervision, administration, and community practice in rural agencies and communities. It includes content on planning, services integration, evaluation, resources assessment and acquisition. Prerequisites – Completion of all foundation courses or Advanced Standing.

**538. Social Work with the Aged - 3 credits.** An overview of theory, policy, services and practice issues related to social work with the elderly. Prerequisite - Graduate standing.

**539. Field Instruction III - 3 credits.** A seminar course meeting weekly and taken concurrently with SWK 540 and SWK 541. Structured learning experiences in seminar allow students to integrate advanced knowledge acquired in the classroom with practice experiences in an agency setting. Prerequisites - SWK 517, SWK 520, SWK 525, SWK 535, and SWK 558.

**540. Field Instruction IV - 4 credits.** 250 hour placement in a social service agency designed to engage students in an in-depth diversified practice using advanced generalist methodologies within a rural context. Prerequisites - SWK 517, SWK 520, SWK 525, SWK 535, and SWK 558.

**541. Field Instruction V - 4 credits.** 250 hour placement in a social service agency designed to engage students in an in-depth diversified practice using advanced generalist methodologies within a rural context. Prerequisites - SWK 517, SWK 520, SWK 525, SWK 535, and SWK 558.

**548. Religion, Spirituality and Helping – 3 credits.** Examination of religion and spirituality and their intersection with the helping professions, with a special emphasis on policy, practice (at all levels) and research in social work. Reviews beliefs and practices locally, nationally, and globally; the influences of religion and spirituality on health and mental health outcomes; spiritual assessments; spiritual coping, and the development of an ethical spiritual framework for social work practice. Prerequisites – Graduate standing or approval of instructor.

**549. Advanced Field Instruction I – 5 credits.** Advanced field instruction for part-time students. 250 hours of agency instruction and a one hour weekly integrative seminar are required. Prerequisites - SWK 517, SWK 520, SWK 525, SWK 535, and SWK 558.

**558. Advance Practice with Groups – 3 credits.** Theories, models, culturally competent methods, skills, and techniques of effective group work in rural environments. Prerequisites: Completion of all foundation courses or advanced standing in the MSW Program.

**559. Advanced Field Instruction II – 6 credits.** Advanced field instruction for part-time students. 250 hours of agency instruction and a two hour weekly integrative seminar are required. Continuation of SWK 549. Prerequisites - SWK 517, SWK 520, SWK 525, SWK 535, and SWK 558.

**568. Chemical Dependency – 3 credits.** Examines the prevalence and etiology of chemical dependency and its impact on individuals, families, and society. Utilizes an advanced generalist practice modality for the development of professional social work
knowledge, values and skills in the prevention and treatment of chemical dependency across multiple systems. Prerequisites – Graduate standing.

575. Advanced Graduate Studies - 3 credits. Directed independent study in social work; includes in-depth research, reading, and writing about social work issues. Prerequisite – Graduate standing.

578. Seminar in Social Work - 3 credits. Various topics in social work. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite - Graduate standing.

589. Thesis Research - 3 credits. Research for preparation of thesis. Grade is withheld until completion of thesis. Prerequisites – SWK 500 and SWK 520 or advanced standing and SWK 520..


Student Advisement

Faculty advisement of students is considered essential in the School of Social Work. The professional relationship with a faculty advisor helps each student progress throughout the program, begin socialization in the profession and attain a social work degree. The advisement of students is carried out by full-time faculty members. Students are encouraged to take advantage of the availability of their advisors, but at a minimum are required to be advised each semester prior to registering for the next semester. All faculty maintain regularly scheduled, posted office hours and are often available at other times by appointment. Each student is assigned a faculty advisor upon admission to the MSW program. The primary duties of the faculty advisor are:

1. Assist the student to design and file an educational plan, assist with course selection, and registration during the registration periods of the academic year to prepare an application for graduate candidacy, to complete a degree plan, and assist with application for graduation.
2. Review the student’s academic progress and grade standing.
3. Provide consultation to the student on all matters relevant to his or her progress in the program.
4. Discuss the students’ career interests in social work and development as a professional social worker.

Evaluation of Students’ Academic Performance

Grades received for completed course work measure student performance in relation to expected course outcomes. Grades within a course measure the level of class participation, mastery of knowledge, skills and values, application of course materials to case situations, and written and oral communication skills. Each course syllabus provides a listing of course assignments and value relative to the total points given in the course. A
grading scale of total points is also listed so that students may monitor personal progress throughout the semester. Field evaluations provide measures of competency in practice situations that are evaluated by the field coordinator and faculty field liaisons. The grading scale of points measures level of performance assigned in the learning contract between the field instruction agency and the School of Social Work. The student’s ability to integrate social work knowledge, skills, and values into practice situations is also evaluated in the field instruction seminar. Students and their assigned faculty advisors periodically review academic status at which time a discussion may take place regarding ways the students’ may enhance their academic performance if necessary. The following is a general grading guide for MSW courses:

A - 90-100 - Excellent  
B - 80-89 - Average  
C - 70-79 - Fair  
D - 60-69 - Poor, not applicable as credit toward graduate degree  
F - Below 60 – Failing

Courses in the MSW program have varying assignments, i.e. examinations, papers, research reports that measure the students’ performance. There is more than one method of evaluating a students’ progress in course work throughout the program.

**Withheld Grades Semester Grades University Policy (A-54)**

Ordinarily, at the discretion of the instructor of record and with the approval of the academic chair/director, a grade of WH will be assigned only if the student cannot complete the course work because of unavoidable circumstances. Students must complete the work within one calendar year from the end of the semester in which they receive a WH, or the grade automatically becomes an F. If students register for the same course in future terms the WH will automatically become an F and will be counted as a repeated course for the purpose of computing the grade point average.

Students receiving a WH in a social work course cannot progress in the program until the course is completed with a grade if the course in which a WH is received is a pre-requisite for subsequent courses.

**Admission to Candidacy and Degree Plans**

At the completion of twelve credits (and with a grade point average of 3.0 or higher), students’ academic and professional performance are reviewed by the graduate faculty for recommendation to candidacy. When approved for candidacy, a degree plan is developed. Students’ should check with their faculty advisor as to the appropriate time to apply for candidacy. The faculty advisor will assist students in the application process for candidacy and completion of the degree plan. These are reviewed and signed by the student, by the faculty advisor, Director of MSW program and the dean of the College of Liberal and Applied Arts. A copy of these documents is kept in the student’s academic file.
Qualifying for Degree

Students must complete all requirements listed in the appropriate degree plan and have a grade point average of 3.0 or better in order to qualify for graduation. Students should see the appropriate online Graduate Bulletin for policy/procedures regarding application for graduation and/or discuss this with their faculty advisors. The MSW program has a thesis option for selected students who wish to pursue further graduate education. The thesis option should be discussed with the student’s academic advisor and must be approved by the MSW Director. The concentration field instruction (III) completion of research practicum, and the comprehensive exam serve as the final evaluation of students’ readiness for conferral of degree.

Continuation in Graduate School and MSW Program

To remain in good standing in graduate study, students must maintain a 3.0 (“B”) or better grade point average. If the overall average falls below 3.0, students are placed on academic probation. Should this happen, students should discuss with their MSW program faculty advisors, at the earliest opportunity, options available and ways to improve their average (i.e. repeating courses). Students placed on academic probation who fail to restore a 3.0 average the following semester of enrollment will then be placed on academic suspension. Students on academic suspension may not continue in the program or register for course work the following semester. The suspension period is for one semester. After the semester of suspension, students are able to register for course work not applicable toward a degree program. To be reinstated in the program students must reapply for admission, be recommended by the MSW Program Director and School Director, and be approved by the Dean, the Graduate Council, and the Dean of Graduate Studies. Students who are provisionally admitted must complete the specified conditions within the required time period. Failure to do so may mean that the student is not eligible to take further courses applicable to the program.

Grade Appeal Process

Students concerned about a grade received for completed course work must first talk with the professor who taught the course. Faculty reserve the right to change or uphold student grades as they deem appropriate. If not satisfied after discussion with the faculty member, the following steps should be followed to resolve student-initiated academic complaints:

1. Instructor
2. Department chair/director
3. College dean
4. College council and one or two students
5. College dean
6. Provost/vice president for academic affairs

For the complete university policy on grade appeals, consult the SFA Web site www.sfasu.edu/upp for Policy A-2, Academic Appeals by Students.
**Termination of Students from the MSW Program for Behavioral Reasons**

Appropriate professional and ethical conduct is critical for maintaining the integrity of the social work profession. Students in the MSW program are considered members of the social work profession and appropriate professional conduct is expected. Social work students should conduct themselves in accordance with the Code of Ethics of the National Association of Social Workers. (See nasw.org/pubs/code/code.asp).

The grades that students earn in their courses are not the only indication of students’ ability to become professional social workers. Occasionally, students may behave in a manner that calls into question their ability to become social workers. The following policy provides a mechanism for reviewing students’ behavior outside the classroom in terms of students’ suitability for the social work profession.

Students may be terminated from the social work major for behavioral reasons relating to academic evaluation of students’ suitability for the profession, especially when there is clear evidence of student behavior that is unacceptable. Examples of behavior that may require review include, but are not limited to, violation of the NASW code of Ethics, impairment due to substance abuse or mental illness, and conviction of a serious felony.

**Procedure**

Anyone who has a concern regarding the professional performance of social work students should contact the associate dean of the School of Social Work. Faculty members, community social workers, and social work students have a particular responsibility under the Code of Ethics to bring these concerns forward.

The Associate Dean/Director of the School of Social Work will collect information from anyone who expresses concerns about the professional performance of social work students. The associate dean will investigate the specific nature of the alleged behavior, the way in which the reporting person was affected by the professional performance, and the sources of information about the alleged professional performance. Anonymous reports will not be accepted.

The Associate Dean/Director of the School of Social Work will provide the reporting person with information required for filing a complaint about the student’s professional performance. A complaint about a student’s professional performance must be described in writing. It must:

1. clearly identify the student,
2. identify the specific professional performance that was problematic,
3. specify why this professional performance was inappropriate,
4. specify sources of information that support the complaint,
5. be filed within one year of the date the complainant became aware of the lack of professional performance, and
6. clearly identify the complainant’s identity.

**Note:** A written complaint must be made to the associate dean of the School of Social Work in order to initiate the formal review of the student’s professional performance.

The associate dean of the School of Social Work will discuss a report of the professional performance with the student. If a written complaint is filed, the student will be provided...
with a copy of the complaint within ten working days. The associate dean of the School of Social Work will appoint a committee of no less than three social work faculty members to review the complaint.

The committee will collect information necessary to evaluate the complaint. This will include contacting the complainant, the student, and collecting other relevant information. The student will be given an opportunity to respond to the complaint before the committee.

The student may request help in responding to the complaint. In this case a social worker from the community will be assigned to help with the response. The student may bring an advisor to a review committee meeting. However, the student’s advisor may not speak for the student.

The review committee will weigh the information and reach a decision on the validity of the complaint. The committee will make recommendations about appropriate action based on the findings. Recommended actions may include:

1. No action.
2. Recommendations for corrective action.
3. Non-academic probation – student continues in the program with the time limit and conditions of probation specified.
4. Non-academic suspension – student may not take any social work courses for a specified time period. Conditions or reinstatement specified.
5. Termination from program.

The committee may not make a recommendation for action unless there is sufficient information to support the complaint. Recommendations should focus on correcting problems identified in the complaint.

The review committee will conclude its work within 25 working days from the filing of the complaint, excluding summer. The committee will discuss its findings and the recommendations with the student.

The student may appeal a review committee’s recommendation to the associate dean. Appeals should be in writing and should clearly state the reason for the appeal. Appeals should be submitted within ten working days after the student has been notified by the review committee. The first level of appeal is to the dean of the college of Liberal and Applied Arts. The second level of appeal is to the Provost of academic affairs. The third level of appeal is to the president of the university.

This policy applies to the academic review process by the School of Social Work related to student professional performance. Other non-academic policies relating to student discipline at the university level may also apply.
Students’ Rights and Responsibilities

Students enrolled in SFA’s social work programs have rights and responsibilities to participate in formulating and modifying policies affecting academic and student affairs. The university’s and program’s student affairs, and policies and procedures specifying student’s rights and responsibilities are included in the School’s student handbooks and field manuals for both programs and in the SFA Student Handbook located at the website below:

SFA Student Handbook


http://www.sfasu.edu/socialwork/

It is the student’s responsibility to ensure that all academic requirements are fulfilled and student affairs are managed responsibly. Social work students are expected to read the university’s catalog and student handbooks. They are also responsible for following the policies, regulations and procedures set forth. To insure students are aware of the Student Handbooks and their rights, each student signs a form indicating his or her awareness of the ability to access the handbook on the School’s website. During their field placement each student must have a Field Manual that includes all policies related to field instruction. To assist students in understanding their academic expectations, many of the academic policies are also located on their course syllabi.

Student Participation

Students in the both programs (BSW & MSW) are encouraged to provide input on formulation of policies affecting academic and student affairs in a variety of ways: by membership on School committees; and through input from their student organizations (Student Association of Social Workers and Graduate Association for Student Social Workers). The School also has a Student Advisory Council that allows students to participate in the formulation and modifying of policies affecting academic and student affairs. The Council holds a meeting each semester to seek input from students that will improve the academic environment and services to students. The Council has representatives from each program including the BSW pre-major, BSW major, MSW non-advanced standing and MSW advanced standing.

Another significant opportunity for students’ input is serving on School committees. Students from both academic programs are appointed to serve on each committee. Students’ input is valuable for improving the explicit and implicit curricula. The School of Social Work encourages students to organize around their interests and concerns, and to participate in policy making at the school level and across the university.
Student Organizations

Association of Graduate Students of Social Work (AGSSW)

The AGSSW is recognized by the student government organization of SFA as the general membership organization for graduate social work students. Membership in AGSSW is open to any graduate social work student in good standing. The association elects its own officers and collects dues from active members who may then vote on decisions before the group. The association also appoints students to represent their concerns in school meetings and committees. The AGSSW has an assigned faculty advisor.

The association’s purpose is to provide graduate students with opportunities to become involved in both campus and community activities that promote social work values and practices for individuals and groups in the community. It also provides a system of networking and socialization among graduate social work students. A liaison, a graduate faculty member, is appointed to assist the group. Each year, AGSSW members choose service projects and organize attendance at professional meetings that enhance learning and commitment to the values of the social work profession.

Phi Alpha Honor Society

The Purpose of this organization is to recognize and promote scholastic achievement among students and faculty in undergraduate or graduate social work programs at Stephen F. Austin State University. The students pledge to improve and further the goals of social work in the community, state, nation, and world; and promote interest in preparation for a career in social work.

Each student association has a faculty members assigned as their advisor and is registered as a Stephen F. Austin State University sanctioned organization. Although space is at a premium at the school, the student social work lounge and large conference room SWK 201 serve as meeting rooms for student organizations. Students have access to the computers with internet access in those areas. Also, students are committed to providing service to the university, school, and local community.

School of Social Work Student Council

The purpose of the student council is to serve as an advisory group to the School of Social Work and provides undergraduate and graduate students an opportunity to participate in the formation and modification of policies affecting academic and student affairs. The School of Social Work Student Council consists of seven (7) representatives. The president of the Student Association of Social Workers (SASW), The president of the Graduate Student Association of Social Workers (AGSSW), The president of the Phi Alpha Society, pre-social work major, social work major, non-advanced standing, and advanced standing graduate students.
Non-Discrimination Policy

Stephen F. Austin State University and the School of Social Work are committed to the policy of providing equal opportunity for all persons and do not discriminate in admissions, programs, or any other educational functions and services on the basis of sex, disability, age, ethnicity, race, national origin, color, sexual or religious orientation, or veteran status.

National Association of Social Workers (NASW)

NASW is a national professional association serving the diverse needs of social workers. It is the largest professional membership organization representing social workers in the United States. NASW provides a wide variety of services designed to help students achieve full potential as social workers and to be socialized into the profession. These services include NASW professional publications, (including the annual subscription to the NASW journal, Social Work), conferences and educational opportunities and networking opportunities. NASW is a significant force in promoting social and economic justice through lobbying efforts for clients and social workers at the state and national levels.

Students joining NASW may do so at a reduced rate. Each year students are encouraged to become members of NASW and to attend the NASW/Texas State Conference. Students may be selected as monitors for the various sessions, thus providing them with further educational opportunities and growth experiences. Students are also encouraged to submit abstracts for scholarly presentations at the conference. Application forms for NASW membership are available in the school office. Faculty and staff are also available to assist students if they have questions. Students are strongly encouraged to join and become active in at least one professional social work organization during their educational experience. NASW and NABSW (National Association of Black Social Workers) are but two of these professional organizations. Students are strongly encouraged to discuss their interests with faculty advisors.
Social Work Licensure

Chapter 505 of the Texas Occupations Code requires that anyone identified to the public as a social worker be licensed under the laws and regulations of the state. Any public use of title or initials which could be construed by a reasonable individual as authorization to practice social work is restricted by law to those individuals who are currently licensed. Students who plan to practice as social workers in Texas upon completion of a master’s degree in social work must take the licensing examination. The Texas State Board of Social Work Examiners, with administrative assistance from the Texas Department of Health, is responsible for the enforcement of the law protecting the title and position of social work. Students graduating from the School of Social Work at Stephen F. Austin State University are qualified to sit for the licensure examination in the state of Texas. Categories of licensure that MSW graduates may qualify for are:

- Licensed Master Social Worker (LMSW) - requires a master’s degree in social work from a CSWE accredited program.
- Licensed Clinical Social Worker (LCSW) requires three years clinical social work experience after acquiring a master’s degree, with two of those years under the direct supervision of an approved supervisor.

All applicants must pass the board's jurisprudence examination.

1-800-232-3162 or (512) 719-3521 http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/socialwork/.
Alumni Association

Organized in 1928, the Stephen F. Austin State University Alumni Association is a nonprofit organization dedicated to serving the alumni, friends and current students of Stephen F. Austin State University through programs, scholarships and activities that create an attitude of continued loyalty and support.

From its on-campus office, the organization sponsors a number of scholarships and awards. It also maintains addresses of ex-students, informs alumni on its activities and information as well as university events by publishing Sawdust, a quarterly magazine, and other alumni publications, operates the chapter program, sponsors the annual Homecoming and conducts the Mentor Ring program.

The combined Alumni Association and Alumni Foundation endowments now total nearly $18 million and have provided more than $1 million in scholarships and awards in recent years. In 1966, the association inaugurated the Distinguished Alumnus Award, presented each year at the membership meeting at Homecoming. The Celebration of Excellence honors the recipients of the Distinguished Professor Award and Outstanding Young Alumnus Award. The association also hosts a reception for the 50-year anniversary class each spring graduation. All former students and SFA friends are encouraged to be active in the Alumni Association.

Correspondence regarding membership or activities of the organization may be addressed to SFA Alumni Association, P.O. Box 6096, SFA Station, Nacogdoches, Texas 75962; telephone (936) 468-3407, or through its Website: www.sfaalumni.com.

Student scholarship applications are available beginning Sept. 1 of each year online or at the Tracie D. Pearman Alumni Center. Deadline for applying is Feb. 1 of each year.

Disability Services

Stephen F. Austin State University is committed to providing equal opportunities in higher education to academically qualified students with disabilities who demonstrate a reasonable expectation of college success. Students with disabilities who attend SFA will be integrated as completely as possible into the University community. The University shares responsibility with the student for modifying campus facilities and programs to meet the individual need.

Following acceptance for clear admission to SFA, the process of obtaining services and accommodations begins with the submission of documentation by the student and completion of the application for services. Special housing accommodations needed due to a disability should be requested on the request form available through the Housing Office or Disability Services. Documentation for academic and/or housing accommodations should provide sufficient evidence of a disability which substantially limits one or more major life activities as defined by Section 504 of the Rehabilitation
Act of 1973 as amended, and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. Guidelines for documentation are provided by Disability Services and should be reviewed by the student prior to obtaining documentation from a qualified professional. Guidelines for learning disabilities are intended to meet or exceed those adopted by the Association of Higher Education and Disabilities (AHEAD).

Documentation should be submitted well in advance of the initial semester in which accommodations will be requested. Sufficient time is necessary to provide for committee review of documentation and appropriate coordination of services. Recommended accommodations may differ from those provided in the public school setting. The committee review is aimed toward identifying areas of substantial limitation based upon the student’s diagnosis; and, recommending the most appropriate accommodations which reasonably can be expected to assist the student in the post-secondary environment.

The review committee for academic accommodations meets monthly. The complete application and documentation should be received in Disability Services by the fifth of the month in which the student seeks review. Committee review of housing requests is scheduled as needed.

Refer to the following paragraphs for information on Section 504 and ADA regarding provision of services for persons with disabilities. Requests for additional information should be directed to: Disability Services, Stephen F. Austin State University, P.O. Box 6130, Nacogdoches, Texas 75962-6130. Voice: (936) 468-3004, TDD: (936) 468-1004, FAX: (936) 468-1368
http://www.sfasu.edu/disabilityservices/index.htm

Parking on Campus

Parking permits may be purchased at the University Police Department. For Permits issued to students not living in University housing or faculty, staff or students (commuters) who wish to park in areas designated as “All Permit” parking areas. Holders of these permits may park in areas designated as “All Permit” area parking.

Parking areas are designated by metal signs. These signs indicate the type of permit holder for which the area is reserved. Certain lots are reserved for permit holders assigned to that lot only. Parking areas are generally reserved for the type of permit holder indicated by signs from 6:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except as otherwise indicated. Parking lots 8, and 15 are reserved Monday through Friday until 9:00 p.m.

All vehicles operated on the University property must display a valid parking permit 24 hours a day 365 days a year. Handicapped parking is provided in all parking lots on campus. These spaces are reserved 24 hours a day, seven (7) days a week for the holders of handicapped parking permits
The Academic Assistance and Resource Center (AARC)

The AARC offers free services for students who want to improve their chances of academic success by providing tutoring and supplemental instruction in most of the lower division, core curriculum, and high-risk courses. SFA students visit the AARC over 25,000 times per year. Assistance is offered through one-on-one tutoring and small study groups, as well as through supplemental instruction (SI) groups. Supplemental Instruction offers students in traditionally difficult courses the opportunity to work with an SI leader who has previously taken that course and made an “A.” The SI leader sits in on the course again and then meets twice a week in an AARC classroom with any students enrolled in that course who want to attend. AARC tutors and SI leaders are students at SFA who have been selected based on their desire to help, their high degree of success in their tutoring field, and their overall demeanor. AARC tutors and SI leaders are trained to help their clients develop study and problem-solving skills that will ensure their success at SFA.

The AARC also provides tutorial assistance for THEA test preparation and offers an access assistance service to aid students with disabilities in accessing library resources and materials. If you are interested in any of these programs, or if you have questions, please contact the Director of the program in which you are interested:

M. E. McWilliams, Program Director: 468-1439, mmcwilliams@sfasu.edu
Jackson Brown, Writing and English Program Director: 468-1542, brownjf@sfasu.edu
Melissa Boiles, Content Studies Program Director: 468-1412, mboiles@sfasu.edu
Andrew Davis, Math Program Director: 468-1403, davisaj4@sfasu.edu
Annette James, Supplemental Instruction Program Director, ajames@sfasu.edu

AARC is located on the first floor of the Steen Library. For additional information on how to register for services, stop by the AARC reception desk or call (936) 468-4108.

Look for our web page at http://libweb.sfasu.edu/proser/aarc/

Counseling and Career Services

The Counseling and Career Services staff assists students to develop a positive self image, discover career goals, develop a sense of self-direction and prepare for careers in their chosen fields.

Summer Orientation. Orientation is provided for transfer students, new freshmen and their parents in the summer prior to enrollment. An orientation session for those not attending Summer Orientation is held each semester prior to registration.

Counseling Services. Confidential assistance by Licensed Professional Counselors help students deal with personal adjustment and relationship problems as well as educational problems such as time management, study habits, and test anxiety. Career counseling includes career interest surveys, a career library, and SIGI 3 (the System of Interactive Guidance Information).

Alcohol Services. Confidential substance abuse counseling and referrals are available, and staff members will provide educational programs for student groups. The Mental
Health Library contains books, periodicals, and free pamphlets about alcohol/drug use and abuse.

**Testing Services.** National tests such as the ACT, GRE, MAT, LSAT, MCAT, ExCET, and GMAT, and the state mandated THEA are offered through this office. The GED, for those establishing high school equivalency, and correspondence tests are also administered. Computer based testing is offered for THEA, GRE, GMAT, TOEFL, ACCUPLACER, IMAT, NET, EL ED, and CLEP. Distance Learning testing is also available.

**Career Services.** This office is a liaison between employers and prospective employees. An online system, Monstertrak, is utilized to post employment opportunities, submit resumes for review by recruiters and to schedule interview dates and times. Additional career and internship opportunities are posted in the Career Library. The library is located in Rusk 322 and is available for students to research companies, learn more about business correspondence, resume writing, interview skills and many other career related topics. Career Services coordinates and hosts four career fair events annually. Classroom and organizational presentations are offered on career related topics. These services are available to all current students and alumni.

**Student Employment Center.** This office assists students who are seeking part-time employment on or off campus. The SEC verifies students’ eligibility for campus employment, maintains student files for prospective employers, and maintains vacancy listings, which are available in the office or via computer.

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**Student Conduct Code**

**Original Implementation:** January 1998  
**Last Revision:** July 20, 2010

To fulfill its mission, Stephen F. Austin State University reserves the right to sanction and/or exclude those members of its community who are disruptive of the educational process. A student enrolling in the university assumes an obligation to conduct him/herself in a manner compatible with the university's mission as an educational institution. This code shall apply to conduct that occurs on university premises, at university sponsored activities and in electronic communities/instructional sites and to off-campus conduct that adversely affects the university and/or the pursuit of its objectives. This code shall apply to a student’s conduct even if the student withdraws from the university while a disciplinary matter is pending.

The vice president for university affairs, or their designee, shall determine, on a case-by-case basis, if this code should be applied to conduct occurring off campus or in electronic communities/instructional sites.

Conduct for which students and student organizations are subject to discipline falls into the categories below. Where such conduct also violates federal, state or local law, the student or student organization may be brought before the appropriate criminal and/or civil magistrate for adjudication while at the same time being subject to the disciplinary proceedings of the university. University proceedings may precede any actions taken by non-university authorities. The determinations and any sanctions resulting from university disciplinary proceedings will be independent of any non-
university adjudication. The following list of possible acts is either prohibited by federal, state, or municipal law or by university rules and/or regulations.

1. **Hazing (also see University Policy D-16, Hazing)**

Stephen F. Austin State University is unequivocally opposed to any activity by an organization or individual(s) within the organization that is herein defined as hazing. Hazing is defined as any intentional, knowing or reckless act occurring on or off-campus by one person alone or acting with others, that endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a currently-enrolled or prospective student for the purpose of new member intake, being initiated into, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in that organization.

Hazing acts include but are not limited to:

a. any type of physical brutality such as whipping, beating, striking, branding, electronic shocking, placing a harmful substance on the body, or similar activity;

b. any type of physical activity such as sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement in a small space, calisthenics or other activity that subjects the student to an unreasonable risk of harm or that adversely affects the mental or physical health or safety of the student;

c. any activity involving consumption of a food, liquid, alcoholic beverage, liquor, drug or substance which subjects the student to unreasonable risk of harm or that adversely affects the mental health of the student;

d. any activity that intimidates or threatens the student with ostracism, that subjects the student to extreme mental stress, shame or humiliation or that adversely affects the mental health or dignity of the student or discourages the student from entering or remaining registered at the institution, or that may reasonably be expected to cause a student to leave the organization or the institution rather than to submit to the acts described in this policy;

e. any activity that induces, causes, or requires the student to perform a duty or task, which involves a violation of the Penal Code.

Any organization and/or any individual involved in any hazing activity will be subject to both university disciplinary sanctions and criminal prosecution. An offense is committed by:

a. engaging in hazing;

b. soliciting, encouraging, aiding or directing another engaging in hazing;

c. intentionally, recklessly, or knowingly permitting hazing to occur,

d. having first-hand knowledge that a specific hazing incident is being planned or has occurred and failing to report said knowledge in writing to the judicial officer. It is not a defense to prosecution of an offense that the person against whom the hazing was directed consented to or acquiesced in
the hazing activity.

Individual penalties relative to criminal prosecution range from a fine of $2,000 and 180 days in jail for failure to report a hazing incident to a fine of $10,000 and two years in jail for an incident which causes the death of a student. Further, an organization may be penalized with a fine up to $10,000 or double the expenses due to the injury, damages or loss.

Penalties relative to university sanctions range from probation to expulsion for any individual committing an offense. Student organizations committing an offense may be placed on university probation and are subject to withdrawal of university recognition.

Sanctioned Student Organizations

In compliance with state law, any student organization found responsible of hazing through regular university disciplinary procedures will be listed for three (3) years in any university publication containing the hazing policy. The three-year publication will begin as soon as an organization's name can be placed in the first available publication containing the policy. A date in parenthesis following an organization's name will indicate the last year the organization's name will be included.

2. Illicit Drugs

(Also see University Policy D-19, Illicit Drugs and Alcohol Abuse)

It is the policy of Stephen F. Austin State University that any unlawful manufacture, possession, use, delivery or sale of any controlled substance or illegal drug, or the delivery or sale of any simulated illegal substance, is strictly prohibited. Moreover, it is the policy of the state of Texas and of this university that this institution will be as free of illegal drugs as it can possibly be. Therefore, in accordance with state law and university policy, any student who is determined, through the regular disciplinary procedures of the university, to have violated this policy will be suspended from the university for no more than two years and no less than the remainder of the current semester. At the discretion of the vice president for university affairs, a student suspended under this policy may, under certain conditions, remain enrolled at the university on disciplinary probation. These conditions can include substance abuse evaluation, treatment, and/or counseling. Any cost for services or treatment not offered as a student service on campus will be the responsibility of the student.

3. Committing any criminal offense or other unlawful act under any federal, state, or municipal law, including, but not limited to:
   a. arson
   b. robbery
   c. burglary
   d. theft
   e. disruptive activity
   f. forgery
   g. gambling
h. disorderly conduct  
i. trespassing  
j. possession of stolen property  
k. unlawful, or unauthorized use, possession, or storage of firearms or weapons on university property  
l. entering or remaining on campus after withdrawal of consent to remain on campus  
m. refusing to leave a university building closed to the public  
n. possession of drug paraphernalia.  

4. Unauthorized use, possession, or storage of explosives, dangerous chemicals or ammunition on university property; or unauthorized use, possession, or storage of weapons on campus or in any campus building (including residence halls). This includes BB/pellet guns, paintball guns, slingshots, bows or other devices meant to fire projectiles.  

5. Causing physical harm, or causing reasonable apprehension of physical harm, to any person. This includes, but is not limited to, stalking, terroristic threats, and physical or sexual assaults.  

6. Making or causing any false report, warning, or threat of fire, explosion, or other emergency on university property or at university-sponsored activities.  

7. Interfering with fire, police or emergency service. This also includes failure to evacuate university facilities or willfully disregarding any emergency or fire alarm signal.  

8. Misusing or damaging fire or safety equipment on university property.  

9. Interfering with normal university or university-sponsored activities, including, but not limited to, studying, teaching, research, and university administration. Disruptions in classrooms or other instructional areas will be seen as interference with a university activity.  

10. Violating the terms of any disciplinary sanction imposed in accordance with these policies.  

11. Furnishing false information to the university.  

12. Giving false testimony or other fraudulent evidence at any university disciplinary proceeding.  

13. Unauthorized alteration or use of any university documents or records.  

14. Failing to comply with the directions of a university official, including university police officers and residence hall staff, acting in the performance of their duties.  

15. Violating any university policy, rule, or regulation. Such policies, rules, and regulations may include, but not be limited to, the residence hall contract, as well as those policies, rules, and regulations relating to the use of university facilities, handbills and petitions, solicitation, signs, guest speakers, and parades and demonstrations.  

16. Interfering with the freedom of expression of others on university property or at university-sponsored activities.  

17. Advocating, orally or in writing, the conscious and deliberate violation of any federal, state, or local law. For the purposes of this section, “advocacy” means preparing the group addressed for imminent action and steering it to such action, as opposed to the abstract espousal of the moral propriety of a course of
18. Damaging, defacing, or destroying the property of others on university property or at university-sponsored activities.
19. Damaging, defacing, or destroying university property, including, but not limited to, buildings, statues, monuments, library and teaching materials, memorials, trees, shrubs, grasses and flowers.
20. Wrongful utilization of university goods, services or information including, but not limited to, unauthorized possession or use of university keys, security codes, long distance phone access codes or calling cards, cable service, testing, proctoring or tutoring services, and sale or use of university property for personal gain.
21. Improper use of student identification card. This includes allowing use of card by another to obtain services such as, but not limited to meals, event admission, and library services. (also see Policy F-27, Student ID Cards)
22. Unauthorized or illegal use, possession or distribution of alcoholic beverages or products on university property or at university-sponsored activities, including, but not limited to, intercollegiate and intramural athletic events on university grounds, in academic and administrative buildings, public intoxication, or any alcohol-related crime. Housing policies dictate use of alcohol in residence halls and on-campus apartments. (also see University Policy D-19, Illicit Drugs and Alcohol Abuse)
23. Unauthorized use, possession, or storage of fireworks on university property.
24. Unauthorized throwing of any object in or from a university facility.
25. Littering on university property or at university-sponsored activities.
26. Theft, destruction or other abuse of computer facilities and resources, as delineated in university policies including, but not limited to: University Policy D-8.1, Computer & Network Security; University Policy D-42, Digital Millennium Copyright; University Policy D-43, Computing Software Copyright; or University Policy F-40, Acceptable Use of Information.

Examples of prohibited acts in these policies include:

a. Unauthorized entry into a file or account, to use, read, or change the contents, or for any other purpose.
b. Unauthorized transfer or copying of a file or software.
c. Use of another individual’s identification and/or password.
d. Use of computing facilities and resources to interfere with the work of another student, faculty member or university official.
e. Use of computing facilities and resources to send obscene or threatening messages.
f. Use of computing facilities and resources to interfere with normal operation of the university computing system.
g. Use of computing facilities and resources in violation of copyright laws.
h. Use of computing facilities and resources activities related to personal for-profit ventures unrelated to the educational mission of the university
i. Violation of any departmental or lab policy.
The unauthorized use of the emergency exit doors of the university shuttle buses. (Use is authorized in an emergency endangering the life and safety of passengers and driver).

Sexual harassment, as defined in University Policy E-46, Discrimination Complaints / Sexual Harassment, sexual assault, sexual abuse or other sexual misconduct.

Selling or distributing course lecture notes, handouts, readers or other information provided by an instructor, or using them for any commercial purpose without the express permission of the instructor.

Violating any rule, regulation, or law for which the university could be penalized including but not limited to fire, safety, or environmental codes.

Disrupting the normal university community living or learning environment to the extent that the rights and/or safety of others are denied.

**Cross Reference:** Hazing (D-16); Illicit Drugs and Alcohol Abuse (D-19); Student ID Cards (F-27); Computer & Network Security (D-8.1); Digital Millennium Copyright (D-42); Computing Software Copyright (D-43); Acceptable Use of Information (F-40); Discrimination Complaints/Sexual Harassment (E-46); Discipline and Discharge (E-11)
Class Attendance and Excused Absence

Original Implementation: November 9, 1981
Last Revision: July 15, 2008

Class Attendance

Regular and punctual attendance is expected for all classes, laboratories, and other activities for which a student is registered. For those classes where attendance is a factor in the course grade, instructors shall make their class policies known on the syllabus in writing during the first week of the term and shall maintain an accurate record of attendance.

Excused Absences

Students may be excused from attendance for certain reasons, among these are absences related to health, family emergencies, and student participation in certain university-sponsored events. However, students are responsible for notifying their instructors in advance whenever possible for excusable absences.

Students are responsible for providing timely documentation satisfactory to the instructor for each absence. Students with acceptable excuses may be permitted to make up work for absences to a maximum of three weeks of a semester or one week of a six-week summer term when the nature of the work missed permits. Whether excused or unexcused, a student is still responsible for all course content and assignments.

In the case of absences caused by participation in university-sponsored events, announcement via My SFA will constitute an official excuse. Faculty members sponsoring activities which require their students to be absent from other classes must submit electronically to the provost and vice resident for academic affairs (VPAA) an explanation of the absence, including the date, time and an alphabetical listing of all students attending to be posted on MySFA.

Academic Integrity (SFASU Policy A-9.1)

Honesty and representing one’s knowledge and abilities appropriately are important ethical principles of the social work profession. All violations of the Academic Integrity Policy will be addressed in accordance with SFASU Policy A-9.1 (SFASU Policy A-9.1 can be found at the web address below). All incidents will result in a grade of “0.” Given the limited number of graded assignments in this course, a “0” could have serious consequences for the student’s academic standing.

Academic integrity is a responsibility of all university faculty and students. Faculty members promote academic integrity in multiple ways including instruction on the components of academic honesty, as well as abiding by university policy on penalties for cheating and plagiarism.
Definition of Academic Dishonesty

Academic dishonesty includes both cheating and plagiarism. Cheating includes but is not limited to (1) using or attempting to use unauthorized materials to aid in achieving a better grade on a component of a class; (2) the falsification or invention of any information, including citations, on an assigned exercise; and/or (3) helping or attempting to help another in an act of cheating or plagiarism. Plagiarism is presenting the words or ideas of another person as if they were your own. Examples of plagiarism are (1) submitting an assignment as if it were one's own work when, in fact, it is at least partly the work of another; (2) submitting a work that has been purchased or otherwise obtained from an Internet source or another source; and (3) incorporating the words or ideas of an author into one's paper without giving the author due credit.

Please read the complete policy at http://www.sfasu.edu/policies/academic_integrity.asp

Acceptable Student Behavior

Classroom behavior should not interfere with the instructor’s ability to conduct the class or the ability of other students to learn from the instructional program (see the Student Conduct Code, policy D-34.1). Unacceptable or disruptive behavior will not be tolerated. Students who disrupt the learning environment may be asked to leave class and may be subject to judicial, academic or other penalties. This prohibition applies to all instructional forums, including electronic, classroom, labs, discussion groups, field trips, etc.

The instructor shall have full discretion over what behavior is appropriate/inappropriate in the classroom. Students who do not attend class regularly or who perform poorly on class projects/exams may be referred to the Early Alert Program. This program provides students with recommendations for resources or other assistance that is available to help SFA students succeed.

Early Alert Program

SFA’s Early Alert Program is a unique, integrative approach to academic and behavioral intervention on campus. The program is administered through the OFFICE OF STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES (formerly JUDICIAL AFFAIRS).

The Early Alert Program consists of tracks for early intervention in behavioral/classroom management issues, attendance issues, and academic performance.

Behavioral Track: When issues are primarily behavioral and sufficiently concerning, they will be referred to the OFFICE OF STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES who may, at their discretion, refer them to the Behavioral Intervention team. If they are more minor in nature, they can be referred to another appropriate resource such as counseling or disability services.

Attendance Track: Attendance issues will be referred to either RESIDENCE LIFE or to Program volunteers depending on if the student resides on campus. Because attendance issues may be part of a larger problem, attendance issues may be routed to either the
behavioral or academic performance tracks depending on the details of the case.

**Academic Performance Track:** When students are performing poorly in class, they are referred to the AARC. They can be made aware of the numerous resources available. When poor academic performance appears to be related to a disability, the student may be referred to Disability Services. When poor attendance is leading to poor academic performance, students will be referred to the AARC first to prevent overwhelming them with multiple contacts. Academic Advising and Career Services referrals may be made for students who are considering (or should be considering) switching majors or who would benefit from career guidance.

**Ingredients for Becoming Culturally Competent**

- Develop *A Way of Knowing* about each cultural group you work with.
- People who are part of a particular culture should constitute the primary source for gathering information. Talk to people from different backgrounds because there is great diversity within each cultural group. Read the history about a group to ascertain what the culture sees and accepts as foundational values and tries to pass down through generations. Pay particular attention to cultural beliefs, rituals, religions; who and what they rely on during difficult times, learning pattern, axiology (nature of value), ontology (nature of being or reality), ceremonies, childrearing practices, treatment of the elderly, and superstitions. These reflect the values they embrace and the way they may wish to be known.
- Realize that cultural competence is as much a positive attitude about multiculturalism as it is retention of multicultural content.
- Accept cultural differences as simply making a difference and not deviant, weird, bad or better.
- Learn the typical worldviews of cultural populations and let these worldviews inform your responses to different cultural groups.
- Respect religious diversity because it is frequently the dominant foundation for beliefs, lifestyle practices, childrearing practices and rituals of an individual.
- Understand that a person’s survival instincts mandate that s/he is bi-cultural and subscribes to both a *home* and *host* culture (Vidal, C., 1992).
- Distinguish cultures from fads. There are people within a culture or sub-culture group who do things that are abhorrent to most people in the same cultural group. Because the behavior is usually by individuals in one cultural group, this does not give it cultural legitimacy. Instead it is usually seen by the larger cultural group as a cultural aberration. It is also referred to as individuals “losing their cultural immune system” (Akbar, N., 1992). Fads, unlike cultures, have currency but not longevity.
- Study what constitutes correct behavior in different cultures regarding death,
dying, funerals, births, weddings, church attire, church behavior, cross generational communication, superstitions and sacred holidays.

• Acquire the ability to feel comfortable in the presence of people who are racially and culturally different from yourself. (View them as co-human beings with burdens, hopes, aspirations, desires, and goals for themselves and their children, the same as you have. Once you connect with people as co-human beings with different experiences and ways for expressing their views that are unique to them, you become more comfortable in their presence while making them comfortable with you. Accept invitations to their social, religious, and celebratory events).

• Acknowledge that cultural differences make a difference rather than over relying on sameness while dismissing differences.

• When you work with people, about whom you know very little, share with them your lack of cultural information and ask them for guidance. (When it is impossible to make cultural accommodations at your agency, make referrals, if possible. If you cannot, or the situation does not lend itself to a referral, ask the person(s) to identify a cultural coach you can work with on the person’s behalf).

• Learn how different cultural groups define their economic and social status. It is likely to have more to do with their values than their income or “address”.

• Learn the help-seeking behavior of different cultural groups. It will indicate whom you will need to consult, do, or not do with people of a particular culture.

• Make a personal and professional commitment to distinguish stereotypes from facts, and to learn the origin of stereotypes. Determine if a stereotype is a racial, religious, and /or cultural prejudice. Then further determine if and how stereotypes are internalized by the stereotyped group. In a client situation, determine if either should be treated as a clinical, social, or other issue in treatment.

• Seek and you will find strengths in everyone. (Everyone has strengths. Once they are identified, they become the Human Capital that propels treatment into a positive conclusion).

• Through constant introspection and self-awareness, when working across cultures, do not permit ones fears to make her or him appear racist to another cultural, racial, economic or religious group.

• There is no cultural homogeneity within a broad cultural group. Instead, there are multicultural beliefs, behaviors, religious practices, etc., within each cultural group.

Frances L. Brisbane, PhD
APPENDIXES
NASW Code of Ethics

Ethical Principles

The following broad ethical principles are based on social work's core values of service, social justice, dignity and worth of the person, importance of human relationships, integrity, and competence. These principles set forth ideals to which all social workers should aspire.

Value: Service

Ethical Principle: Social workers' primary goal is to help people in need and to address social problems.

Social workers elevate service to others above self-interest. Social workers draw on their knowledge, values, and skills to help people in need and to address social problems. Social workers are encouraged to volunteer some portion of their professional skills with no expectation of significant financial return (pro bono service).

Value: Social Justice

Ethical Principle: Social workers challenge social injustice.

Social workers pursue social change, particularly with and on behalf of vulnerable and oppressed individuals and groups of people. Social workers' social change efforts are focused primarily on issues of poverty, unemployment, discrimination, and other forms of social injustice. These activities seek to promote sensitivity to and knowledge about oppression and cultural and ethnic diversity. Social workers strive to ensure access to needed information, services, and resources; equality of opportunity; and meaningful participation in decision making for all people.

Value: Dignity and Worth of the Person

Ethical Principle: Social workers respect the inherent dignity and worth of the person.

Social workers treat each person in a caring and respectful fashion, mindful of individual differences and cultural and ethnic diversity. Social workers promote clients' socially responsible self-determination. Social workers seek to enhance clients' capacity and opportunity to change and to address their own needs. Social workers are cognizant of their dual responsibility to clients and to the broader society. They seek to resolve conflicts between clients' interests and the broader society's interests in a socially responsible manner consistent with the values, ethical principles, and ethical standards of the profession.
Value: Importance of Human Relationships

**Ethical Principle:** Social workers recognize the central importance of human relationships.

Social workers understand that relationships between and among people are an important vehicle for change. Social workers engage people as partners in the helping process. Social workers seek to strengthen relationships among people in a purposeful effort to promote, restore, maintain, and enhance the well-being of individuals, families, social groups, organizations, and communities.

Value: Integrity

**Ethical Principle:** Social workers behave in a trustworthy manner.

Social workers are continually aware of the profession's mission, values, ethical principles, and ethical standards and practice in a manner consistent with them. Social workers act honestly and responsibly and promote ethical practices on the part of the organizations with which they are affiliated.

Value: Competence

**Ethical Principle:** Social workers practice within their areas of competence and develop and enhance their professional expertise.

Social workers continually strive to increase their professional knowledge and skills and to apply them in practice. Social workers should aspire to contribute to the knowledge base of the profession.
Ethics in Social Work - Statement of Principles
Adopted at the General Assemblies of IASSW and IFSW, Adelaide, Australia in 2004.

International Federation of Social Workers (IFSW)
International Association of Schools of Social Work (IASSW)
Social Work Ethics

1. Preface

Ethical awareness is a fundamental part of the professional practice of social workers. Their ability and commitment to act ethically is an essential aspect of the quality of the service offered to those who use social work services. The purpose of the work of IASSW and IFSW on ethics is to promote ethical debate and reflection in the member organizations, among the providers of social work in member countries, as well as in the schools of social work and among social work students. Some ethical challenges and problems facing social workers are specific to particular countries; others are common. By staying at the level of general principles, the joint IASSW and IFSW statement aims to encourage social workers across the world to reflect on the challenges and dilemmas that face them and make ethically informed decisions about how to act in each particular case. Some of these problem areas include:

- The fact that the loyalty of social workers is often in the middle of conflicting interest.
- The fact that social workers function as both helpers and controllers.
- The conflicts between the duty of social workers to protect the interests of the people with whom they work and societal demands for efficiency and utility.
- The fact that resources in society are limited.

This document takes as its starting point the definition of social work adopted separately by the IFSW and IASSW at their respective General Meetings in Montreal, Canada in July 2000 and then agreed jointly in Copenhagen in May 2001 (section 2). This definition stresses principles of human rights and social justice. The next section (3) makes reference to the various declarations and conventions on human rights that are relevant to social work, followed by a statement of general ethical principles under the two broad headings of human rights and dignity and social justice (section 4). The final section introduces some basic guidance on ethical conduct in social work, which it is expected will be elaborated by the ethical guidance and in various codes and guidelines of the member organizations of IFSW and IASSW.
2. Definition of Social Work

The social work profession promotes social change, problem solving in human relationships and the empowerment and liberation of people to enhance well-being. Utilizing theories of human behavior and social systems, social work intervenes at the points where people interact with their environments. Principles of human rights and social justice are fundamental to social work.

3. International Conventions

International human rights declarations and conventions form common standards of achievement, and recognize rights that are accepted by the global community. Documents particularly relevant to social work practice and action are:

- Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
- The International Covenant on Economic Social and Cultural Rights
- The Convention on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination
- The Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women
- The Convention on the Rights of the Child
- Indigenous and Tribal Peoples Convention (ILO convention 169)
INTRODUCTION

The process of developing global standards for the education and training of the social work profession is as important as the product; the actual standards that have been developed. In undertaking such an initiative it was also vital that minority opinions were considered and reflected in the development of the document. Thus, Appendix A describes fully the processes that were involved in developing the standards, and it documents the minority views that were expressed. Given the centrality of the process product dialectic, and the fact that the principles underscoring the standards emerged, to a large extent, out of the processes, it is vital that the standards are read in conjunction with Appendices A and B. Appendix B provides the concluding comments and discusses the kinds of caution that must be exercised in the use of the document. Having duly considered all the concerns expressed in Appendices A and B, and having considered the need to take into account context-specific realities, and the ambiguities surrounding the education and practice of social work professionals, this document details nine sets of standards in respect of: the school’s core purpose or mission statement; programme objectives and outcomes; programme curricula including fieldwork; core curricula; professional staff; social work students; structure, administration, governance and resources; cultural diversity; and social work values and ethics. As a point of departure, the international definition of the social work profession is accepted, and the core purposes and functions of social work are summarised.

INTERNATIONAL DEFINITION OF SOCIAL WORK

In July 2001, both the IASSW and the IFSW reached agreement on adopting the following international definition of social work:

_The social work profession promotes social change, problem solving in human relationships and the empowerment and liberation of people to enhance well-being. Utilising theories of human behaviour and social systems, social work intervenes at the points where people interact with their environments. Principles of human rights and social justice are fundamental to social work._

Both the definition and the commentaries that follow are set within the parameters of broad ethical principles that cannot be refuted on an ideological level. However, the fact that social work is operationalised differently both within nation states and regional boundaries, and across the world, with its control and status-quo maintaining functions being dominant in some contexts, cannot be disputed. Lorenz (2001) considered the ambiguities, tensions and contradictions of the social work profession, which have to be constantly negotiated and re-negotiated, rather than resolved, to constitute its success and challenge. It is, perhaps, these very tensions that lend to the richness of the local-global dialectic, and provide legitimacy for the development of global standards. According to Lorenz (2001:12): “It is its paradigmatic openness that gives this profession the chance to engage with very specific (and constantly changing) historical and political contexts while at the same time striving for a degree of universality, scientific reliability, professional autonomy and moral accountability.”
CORE PURPOSES OF THE SOCIAL WORK PROFESSION

Social work, in various parts of the world, is targeted at interventions for social support and for developmental, protective, preventive and/or therapeutic purposes. Drawing on available literature, the feedback from colleagues during consultations and the commentary on the international definition of social work, the following core purposes of social work have been identified:

- Facilitate the inclusion of marginalised, socially excluded, dispossessed, vulnerable and at-risk groups of people.  
- Address and challenge barriers, inequalities and injustices that exist in society.
- Form short and longer-term working relationships with and mobilise individuals, families, groups, organisations and communities to enhance their well-being and their problem-solving capacities.
- Assist and educate people to obtain services and resources in their communities.
- Formulate and implement policies and programmes that enhance people’s wellbeing, promote development and human rights, and promote collective social harmony and social stability, insofar as such stability does not violate human rights.
- Encourage people to engage in advocacy with regard to pertinent local, national, regional and/or international concerns.
- Act with and/or for people to advocate the formulation and targeted implementation of policies that are consistent with the ethical principles of the profession.
- Act with and/or for people to advocate changes in those policies and structural conditions that maintain people in marginalised, dispossessed and vulnerable positions, and those that infringe the collective social harmony and stability of various ethnic groups, insofar as such stability does not violate human rights.
- Work towards the protection of people who are not in a position to do so themselves, for example children and youth in need of care and persons experiencing mental illness or mental retardation, within the parameters of accepted and ethically sound legislation.
- Engage in social and political action to impact social policy and economic development, and to effect change by critiquing and eliminating inequalities.
- Enhance stable, harmonious and mutually respectful societies that do not violate people’s human rights.
- Promote respect for traditions, cultures, ideologies, beliefs and religions amongst different ethnic groups and societies, insofar as these do not conflict with the fundamental human rights of people.
- Plan, organise, administer and manage programmes and organisations dedicated to any of the purposes delineated above.
1. **STANDARDS REGARDING THE SCHOOL’S CORE PURPOSE OR MISSION STATEMENT**

All schools should aspire toward the development of a core purpose statement or a mission statement which:

1.1 Is clearly articulated so those major stakeholders who have an investment in such a core purpose or mission understand it.

1.2 Reflects the values and the ethical principles of social work.

1.3 Reflects aspiration towards equity with regard to the demographic profile of the institution’s locality. The core purpose or mission statement should thus incorporate such issues as ethnic and gender representation on the faculty, as well as in recruitment and admission procedures for students.

1.4 Respects the rights and interests of service users and their participation in all aspects of delivery of programmes.

2. **STANDARDS REGARDING PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES**

In respect of programme objectives and expected outcomes, schools should endeavour to reach the following:

2.1 A specification of its programme objectives and expected higher education outcomes.

2.2 A reflection of the values and ethical principles of the profession in its programme design and implementation.

2.3 Identification of the programme’s instructional methods, to ensure they support the achievement of the cognitive and affective development of social work students.

2.4 An indication of how the programme reflects the core knowledge, processes, values and skills of the social work profession, as applied in context-specific realities.

2.5 An indication of how an initial level of proficiency with regard to self-reflective use of social work values, knowledge and skills is to be attained by social work students.

2.6 An indication of how the programme meets the requirements of nationally and/or regionally/internationally defined professional goals, and how the programme addresses local, national and/or regional/international developmental needs and priorities.

2.7 As social work does not operate in a vacuum, the programme should take account of the impact of interacting cultural, economic, communication, social, political and psychological global factors.

2.8 Provision of an educational preparation that is relevant to beginning social work professional practice with individuals, families, groups and/or communities in any given context.

2.9 Self-evaluation to assess the extent to which its programme objectives and expected outcomes are being achieved.
2.10 External peer evaluation as far as is reasonable and financially viable. This may be in the form of external peer moderation of assignments and/or written examinations and dissertations, and external peer review and assessment of curricula.

2.11 The conferring of a distinctive social work qualification at the certificate, diploma, first degree or post-graduate level as approved by national and/or regional qualification authorities, where such authorities exist.

3. **STANDARDS WITH REGARD TO PROGRAMME CURRICULA INCLUDING FIELD EDUCATION**

With regard to standards regarding programme curricula, schools should consistently aspire towards the following:

3.1 The curricula and methods of instruction being consistent with the school’s programme objectives, its expected outcomes and its mission statement.

3.2 Clear plans for the organisation, implementation and evaluation of the theory and field education components of the programme.

3.3 Involvement of service users in the planning and delivery of programmes.

3.4 Recognition and development of indigenous or locally specific social work education and practice from the traditions and cultures of different ethnic groups and societies, insofar that such traditions and cultures do not violate human rights.

3.5 Specific attention to the constant review and development of the curricula.

3.6 Ensuring that the curricula help social work students to develop skills of critical thinking and scholarly attitudes of reasoning, openness to new experiences and paradigms, and commitment to life-long learning.

3.7 Field education should be sufficient in duration and complexity of tasks and learning opportunities to ensure that students are prepared for professional practice.

3.8 Planned co-ordination and links between the school and the agency/field placement setting.

3.9 Provision of orientation for fieldwork supervisors or instructors.

3.10 Appointment of field supervisors or instructors who are qualified and experienced, as determined by the development status of the social work profession in any given country, and provision of orientation for fieldwork supervisors or instructors.

3.11 Provision for the inclusion and participation of field instructors in curriculum development.

3.12 A partnership between the educational institution and the agency (where applicable) and service users in decision-making regarding field education and the evaluation of student’s fieldwork performance.

3.13 Making available, to fieldwork instructors or supervisors, a field instruction manual that details its fieldwork standards, procedures, assessment standards/criteria and expectations.

3.14 Ensuring that adequate and appropriate resources, to meet the needs of the fieldwork component of the programme, are made available.
4. **STANDARDS WITH REGARD TO CORE CURRICULA**

In respect core curricula, schools should aspire toward the following:

4.1 An identification of and selection for inclusion in the programme curricula, as determined by local, national and/or regional/international needs and priorities.

4.2 Notwithstanding the provision of 4.1 there are certain core curricula that may be seen to be universally applicable. Thus the school should ensure that social work students, by the end of their first Social Work professional qualification, have had exposure to the following core curricula which are organised into four conceptual components:

4.1.1 *Domain of the Social Work Profession*

- A critical understanding of how socio-structural inadequacies, discrimination, oppression, and social, political and economic injustices impact human functioning and development at all levels, including the global.
- Knowledge of human behaviour and development and of social environment, with particular emphasis on the person-in-environment transaction, life-span development and the interaction among biological, psychological, socio-structural, economic, political, cultural and spiritual factors in shaping human development and behaviour.
- Knowledge of how traditions, culture, beliefs, religions and customs influence human functioning and development at all levels, including how these might constitute resources and/or obstacles to growth and development.
- A critical understanding of social work’s origins and purposes.
- Understanding of country specific social work origins and development.
- Sufficient knowledge of related occupations and professions to facilitate inter-professional collaboration and teamwork.
- A critical understanding of how social stability, harmony, mutual respect and collective solidarity impact human functioning and development at all levels, including the global, insofar as that stability, harmony and solidarity are not used to maintain a status quo with regard to infringement of human rights.

4.2.2 *Domain of the Social Work Professional:*

- The development of the critically self-reflective practitioner, who is able to practice within the value perspective of the social work profession, and shares responsibility with the employer for their well being and professional development, including the avoidance of ‘burn-out’.
- The appraisal of national, regional and/or international social work codes of ethics and their applicability to context specific realities.
- Preparation of social workers within a holistic framework, with skills to
enable practice in a range of contexts with diverse ethnic, cultural, ‘racial’\(^7\) and gender groups, and other forms of diversities.

- The development of the social worker who is able to conceptualise social work wisdom derived from different cultures, traditions and customs in various ethnic groups, insofar that culture, tradition, custom and ethnicity are not used to violate human rights.
- The development of the social worker who is able to deal with the complexities, subtleties, multi-dimensional, ethical, legal and dialogical aspects of power.\(^8\)

4.2.3 Methods of Social Work Practice:

- Sufficient practice skills in, and knowledge of, assessment, relationship building and helping processes to achieve the identified goals of the programme for the purposes of social support, and developmental, protective, preventive and/or therapeutic intervention – depending on the particular focus of the programme or professional practice orientation.
- The application of social work values, ethical principles, knowledge and skills to confront inequality, and social, political and economic injustices.
- Knowledge of social work research and skills in the use of research methods, including ethical use of relevant research paradigms, and critical appreciation of the use of research and different sources of knowledge\(^9\) about social work practice.
- The application of social work values, ethical principles, knowledge and skills to promote care, mutual respect and mutual responsibility amongst members of a society.
- Supervised fieldwork education, with due consideration to the provisions of Item 3 above.

4.2.4 Paradigm of the Social Work Profession:

Of particular current salience to professional social work education, training and practice are the following epistemological paradigms (which are not mutually exclusive), that should inform the core curricula:

- An acknowledgement and recognition of the dignity, worth and the uniqueness of all human beings.
- Recognition of the interconnectedness that exists within and across all systems at micro, mezzo and macro levels.
- An emphasis on the importance of advocacy and changes in socio-structural, political and economic conditions that disempower, marginalise and exclude people.
- A focus on capacity-building and empowerment of individuals, families,
groups, organisations and communities through a human-centred developmental approach.

- Knowledge about and respect for the rights of service users.
- Problem-solving and anticipatory socialisation through an understanding of the normative developmental life cycle, and expected life tasks and crises in relation to age-related influences, with due consideration to socio-cultural expectations.
- The assumption, identification and recognition of strengths and potential of all human beings.
- An appreciation and respect for diversity in relation to ‘race’, culture, religion, ethnicity, linguistic origin, gender, sexual orientation and differential abilities.

5. **STANDARDS WITH REGARD TO PROFESSIONAL STAFF**

With regard to professional staff, schools should aspire towards:

5.1 The provision of professional staff, adequate in number and range of expertise, who have appropriate qualifications as determined by the development status of the social work profession in any given country. As far as possible a Masters level qualification in social work, or a related discipline (in countries where social work is an emerging discipline), should be required.

5.2 The provision of opportunities for staff participation in the development of its core purpose or mission, in the formulation of the objectives and expected outcomes of the programme, and in any other initiative that the school might be involved in.

5.3 Provision for the continuing professional development of its staff, particularly in areas of emerging knowledge.

5.4 A clear statement, where possible, of its equity-based policies or preferences, with regard to considerations of gender, ethnicity, ‘race’ or any other form of diversity in its recruitment and appointment of staff.

5.5 Sensitivity to languages relevant to the practice of social work in that context.

5.6 In its allocation of teaching, fieldwork instruction, supervision and administrative workloads, making provision for research and publications.

5.7 Making provision for professional staff, as far as is reasonable and possible, to be involved in the formulation, analysis and the evaluation of the impact of social policies, and in community outreach initiatives.

6. **STANDARDS WITH REGARD TO SOCIAL WORK STUDENTS**

In respect of social work students, schools should endeavor to reach the following:

6.1 Clear articulation of its admission criteria and procedures.

6.2 Student recruitment, admission and retention policies that reflect the demographic profile of the locality that the institution is based in with active involvement of
practitioners and service users in relevant processes. Due recognition should be given to minority groups\(^{10}\) that are under-represented and/or under-served. Relevant criminal convictions, involving abuse of others or human rights violations, must be taken into account given the primary responsibility of protecting and empowering service users.

6.3 Provision for student advising that is directed toward student orientation, assessment of the student’s aptitude and motivation for a career in social work, regular evaluation of the student’s performance and guidance in the selection of courses/modules.

6.4 Ensuring high quality of the educational programme whatever the mode of delivery. In the case of distance, mixed-mode, decentralised and/or internet-based teaching, mechanisms for locally-based instruction and supervision should be put in place, especially with regard to the fieldwork component of the programme.

6.5 Explicit criteria for the evaluation of student’s academic and fieldwork performance.

6.6 Non-discrimination against any student on the basis of ‘race’, colour, culture, ethnicity, linguistic origin, religion, political orientation, gender, sexual orientation, age, marital status, physical status and socio-economic status.

6.7 Grievance and appeals procedures which are accessible, clearly explained to all students and operated without prejudice to the assessment of students.

7. **STANDARDS WITH REGARD TO STRUCTURE, ADMINISTRATION, GOVERNANCE AND RESOURCES**

With regard to structure, administration, governance and resources, the school and/or the educational institution should aspire towards the following:

7.1 Social work programmes are implemented through a distinct unit known as a Faculty, School, Department, Centre or Division, which has a clear identity within the educational institution.

7.2 The school has a designated Head or Director who has demonstrated administrative, scholarly and professional competence, preferably in the profession of social work.

7.3 The Head or Director has primary responsibility for the co-ordination and professional leadership of the school, with sufficient time and resources to fulfill these responsibilities.

7.4 The school’s budgetary allocation is sufficient to achieve its core purpose or mission and the programme objectives.

7.5 The budgetary allocation is stable enough to ensure programme planning and sustainability.

7.6 There are adequate physical facilities, including classroom space, offices for professional and administrative staff and space for student, faculty and field liaison meetings, and the equipment necessary for the achievement of the school’s core purpose or mission and the programme objectives.

7.7 Library and, where possible, internet resources, necessary to achieve the programme objectives, are made available.
7.8 The necessary clerical and administrative staff are made available for the achievement of the programme objectives.

7.9 Where the school offers distance, mixed-mode, decentralised and/or internet based education there is provision of adequate infrastructure, including classroom space, computers, texts, audio-visual equipment, community resources for fieldwork education, and on-site instruction and supervision to facilitate the achievement of its core purpose or mission, programme objectives and expected outcomes.

7.10 The school plays a key role with regard to the recruitment, appointment and promotion of staff.

7.11 The school strives toward gender equity in its recruitment, appointment, promotion and tenure policies and practices.

7.12 In its recruitment, appointment, promotion and tenure principles and procedures, the school reflects the diversities of the population that it interacts with and serves.

7.13 The decision-making processes of the school reflect participatory principles and procedures.

7.14 The school promotes the development of a cooperative, supportive and productive working environment to facilitate the achievement of programme objectives.

7.15 The school develops and maintains linkages within the institution, with external organisations, and with service users relevant to its core purpose or mission and its objectives.

8. STANDARDS WITH REGARD TO CULTURAL AND ETHNIC DIVERSITY AND GENDER INCLUSIVENESS

With regard to cultural and ethnic diversity schools should aspire towards the following:

8.1 Making concerted and continuous efforts to ensure the enrichment of the educational experience by reflecting cultural and ethnic diversity, and gender analysis in its programme.

8.2 Ensuring that the programme, either through mainstreaming into all courses/modules and/or through a separate course/module, has clearly articulated objectives in respect of cultural and ethnic diversity, and gender analysis.

8.3 Indicating that issues regarding gender analysis and cultural and ethnic diversity, are represented in the fieldwork component of the programme.

8.4 Ensuring that social work students are provided with opportunities to develop self-awareness regarding their personal and cultural values, beliefs, traditions and biases and how these might influence the ability to develop relationships with people, and to work with diverse population groups.

8.5 Promoting sensitivity to, and increasing knowledge about, cultural and ethnic diversity, and gender analysis.

8.6 Minimising group stereotypes and prejudices and ensuring that racist behaviours, policies and structures are not reproduced through social work practice.
8.7 Ensuring that social work students are able to form relationships with, and treat all persons with respect and dignity irrespective of such persons’ cultural and ethnic beliefs and orientations.

8.8 Ensuring that social work students are schooled in a basic human rights approach, as reflected in international instruments such as the Universal Declaration on Human Rights, the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989) and the UN Vienna Declaration (1993).

8.9 Ensuring that the programme makes provision for social work students to know themselves both as individuals and as members of collective socio-cultural groups in terms of strengths and areas for further development.

9. **STANDARDS WITH REGARD TO VALUES AND ETHICAL CODES OF CONDUCT OF THE SOCIAL WORK PROFESSION**

In view of the recognition that social work values, ethics and principles are the core components of the profession, schools should consistently aspire towards:

9.1 Focused and meticulous attention to this aspect of the programme in curricula design and implementation.

9.2 Clearly articulated objectives with regard to social work values, principles and ethical conduct.

9.3 Registration of professional staff and social work students (insofar as social work students develop working relationships with people via fieldwork placements) with national and/or regional regulatory (whether statutory or non-statutory) bodies, with defined codes of ethics. Members of such bodies are generally bound to the provisions of those codes.

9.4 Ensuring that every social work student involved in fieldwork education, and every professional staff member, is aware of the boundaries of professional practice and what might constitute unprofessional conduct in terms of the code of ethics. Where students violate the code of ethics, programme staff may take necessary and acceptable remedial and/or initial disciplinary measures, or counsel the student out of the programme.

9.5 Taking appropriate action in relation to those social work students and professional staff who fail to comply with the code of ethics, either through an established regulatory social work body, established procedures of the educational institution, and/or through legal mechanisms.

9.6 Ensuring that regulatory social work bodies are broadly representative of the social work profession, including, where applicable, social workers from both the public and private sector, and of the community that it serves, including the direct participation of service users.

9.7 Upholding, as far as is reasonable and possible, the principles of restorative rather than retributive justice in disciplining either social work students or professional staff who violate the code of ethics.
Stephen F. Austin State University

School of Social Work
Master of Social Work Program
Accredited by:
The Council on Social Work Education

MSW Application Packet

School of Social Work
P. O. Box 6104, SFA Station
420 East Starr Avenue
Nacogdoches, TX  75962-6104

(936) 468-4020-Office
(936) 468-7201-Fax
socialwork@sfasu.edu

Dr. Freddie L. Avant, School Director
Stephen F. Austin State University
School of Social Work
MSW PROGRAM
APPLICATION PROCESS

It is the applicant’s responsibility to provide all required documentation to the School of Social Work and Graduate School offices. The MSW application materials should be submitted to the School of Social Work.

The application to the Graduate School must be submitted online using the Apply Texas Application for Admission along with $25 application fee and official transcripts. Locate the Texas Common Application for Admission on the Graduate School web page click on Prospective Students, click on How to Apply, click on Graduate School Application which will take you to the Texas Common Application for Admission.

https://www.applytexas.org

The application process will proceed as follows:

1. When the Graduate School office has received all required application materials, that office will forward a Notice of Admission to the School of Social Work for review by the MSW Admissions Committee.
2. When all MSW application materials, Graduate School Application Packet, and the Departmental Recommendation for Admission have been received by the School of Social Work, the student’s file will be forwarded to the MSW Admission Committee for review.
3. The MSW Admission Committee will review the student file and make a recommendation for admission by completing the Departmental Recommendation for Admission form and the Director will complete the Notice of Admission and this form will be returned to the Graduate School’s office immediately.
4. The Graduate School will complete a Graduate School Admission Notice based on the recommendation from the MSW Admission Committee.
5. If the student is to be admitted, the Graduate School will mail a copy of the Graduate School Admission Notice to the student or a letter on admission status.
6. The Graduate School is responsible for admitting the student into the Student Information System. This may take several days for completion.
7. Once the Graduate School has admitted the student into the Student Information System, the student may attend a new student orientation, be advised and register for courses. For more information contact the School of Social Work.
Stephen F. Austin State University
School of Social Work

MSW PROGRAM

ADMISSION CRITERIA

Admission

In order to be considered for admission to the MSW program, applications must submit: 1) an SFA graduate school application, 2) official transcripts, 3) three letters of recommendation using the attached form, 4) supplemental application for the MSW program, and 5) a written statement of interest in social work. Application forms may be obtained online at: https://www.applytexas.org

Non-Advanced Standing

To be considered for clear non-advanced standing admission, applications should present an overall GPA of at least 2.5 and a GPA of 3.0 for the last 60 hours. Applicants who demonstrate outstanding qualifications on other admission criteria may be admitted on a probationary basis with an overall GPA of 2.5 and 2.8 GPA for the last 60 hours.

Advanced Standing

A limited number of students may be admitted to the advanced standing program. To be considered for advanced standing, applicants must have earned a Bachelor’s Degree in Social Work from a program accredited by the Council on Social Work Education. Applicants admitted on a probationary status are not eligible for advanced standing.

To receive advanced standing, an applicant must have made a minimum GPA of 3.0 in the last 60 credits of undergraduate course work and a 2.5 GPA overall.

Decisions on course equivalency credit will be made by the MSW Program Director. Advanced placement credit may be awarded for SWK 501, SWK 502, SWK 507, and SWK 512. Advanced standing credit is not automatic and students may be required to submit course equivalency information or successfully complete a competency examination before receiving credit for a course. All students who receive advanced standing must complete a minimum of 39 credit hours in order to receive the MSW. Part-time advanced standing student must complete the program in two years.
Stephen F. Austin State University
School of Social Work
MSW PROGRAM
APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

It is the applicant’s responsibility to provide all required documentation to the
School of Social Work and Graduate School offices.

_____ Texas Common Application for Admission found on the Graduate School web page
click on Prospective Students, click on How to Apply, click on Graduate School
Application which will take you to the Texas Common Application for Admission
located at: https://www.applytexas.org

_____ $25 application fee payable online through Texas Common Application or payable
to Stephen F. Austin State University Business Office (The application must be
received by the Graduate School prior to making the payment to the university)

_____ Official transcripts from all post-secondary education

_____ MSW Supplemental Application

_____ Statement of Interest in Social Work (At least one paragraph answering three
questions in APA format, double spaced with your name on the paper)

_____ Summary of employment history or Resume

_____ Three (3) Letters of Recommendation forms completed as stated below*
a. A supervisor from a work or volunteer setting preferably a professional
setting.
b. A professor or dean from an educational setting.
c. A professional (not personal) reference.

_____ Student Information Contact Form

*BSW student’s seeking advanced standing should include a letter from their
Program Director or Field Coordinator.
Stephen F. Austin State University
School of Social Work
MSW PROGRAM
SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION

Please Print

Name: _________________________________________________________________

E-mail: ________________________________________________________________

Address: _______________________________________________________________

City   State  Zip

Application for Admission:   Fall_____ Spring_____ Summer_____ Year_____

Applying for: Full-time admission_____ Part-time admission_____  

Advanced Standing_____ (Must have BSW degree)  

Non-Advanced Standing_____ Title IV-E Stipend_____  

Class location preference (if available): Nacogdoches _____ Kilgore _____

Are you a Child Protective Services employee?    Yes_____ No_____

Have you successfully completed undergraduate course work in the following?  
Social Statistics        Yes_____ No_____  
Multiculturalism (Race or Minority Relations) Yes_____ No_____  

Have you successfully completed a minimum of 18 credit hours in Liberal Arts foundation course work? (i.e., English, Political Science, History, Economics, Sociology, Psychology, etc.)  
Yes_____ No_____  

If you have ever been convicted of a felony it may affect your ability to obtain a Social Work License in the State of Texas. Contact the Texas State Board of Social Worker Examiners for more information: 1-800-232-3162.
As part of your application, please enclose a statement (written in an essay form, about two pages, double spaced) about your interest in social work addressing:

1. How did you become interested in pursuing a professional career in social work?

2. What qualities or abilities do you possess that would make you an asset to the social work profession?

3. How would the Advanced Generalist MSW program at SFA help to meet your goals for your professional career in social work?
Stephen F. Austin State University

School of Social Work
P.O. Box 6104, SFA Station
Nacogdoches, TX 75962-6104
(936)468-4020
socialwork@sfasu.edu

MSW PROGRAM

LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION

Applicant’s Name: __________________________________________________

Under the federal Family Education and Privacy Act of 1974, students are entitled to review their record including letters of recommendation. However, persons who serve as a reference may feel more comfortable in fully addressing all issues if they know that their recommendations will remain confidential. You have the option of waiving the right to review your recommendation. Please indicate your choice concerning this right.

_____ I waive my right to review this recommendation.
_____ I do not waive my right to review this recommendation.

Applicant’s Signature: _________________________________________________

TO THE PERSON COMPLETING THIS RECOMMENDATION:

You have been selected by the person named above to evaluate his or her ability and readiness to enter a graduate program in social work. Your appraisal of this individual will help the Admission Committee to make a decision about the applicant’s capacity to benefit from this program.

KNOWLEDGE OF APPLICANT

1. What is the nature of your contact with this applicant?

2. Approximately how long have you known this applicant?

3. How well do you know the applicant?

   1  2  3  4  5
   Not very well Very Well

4. On a scale of 1 to 5, how would you rate the applicant’s chances of success in an MSW program?

   Unsuccessful Probably Unsuccessful Marginal Successful Very Successful

   1  2  3  4  5
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<th>Knowledge of social work:</th>
<th>Poor 1</th>
<th>Below Average 2</th>
<th>Average 3</th>
<th>Above Average 4</th>
<th>Outstanding 5</th>
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<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Concern for others</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensitivity to Other cultures</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What are the applicant’s primary strengths?

What are the applicant’s weaknesses?

What would the applicant contribute to the profession?

**Would you recommend this applicant for admission to this MSW program?**

Yes ______
With Serious reservations_______
No____________

Signature of respondent: ____________________________________________________________

Name (printed): __________________________________________________________

Title: __________________________ Institution: ________________________

Address: ______________________________________________________________

Phone: _______________ E-mail: ________________________________________
Stephen F. Austin State University
School of Social Work
MSW PROGRAM
STUDENT INFORMATION

Last Name: ____________________________________________
First Name: __________________________________________
Middle Name/Initial: ____________________________________
Name you wish to be called: ______________________________
Student ID Number: _________________________________
Current Address: ______________________________________
City/Town: __________________________________________
State: ______________________________________________
Zip Code: _________
Home Telephone Number: ______________________________
Work Telephone Number: ______________________________
Cell Telephone Number: ______________________________
E-mail Address: ______________________________________
Emergency Contact Person(s): __________________________
Contact Person(s) Telephone Number: __________________
Additional Information: _________________________________
____________________________________________________
____________________________________________________
____________________________________________________
PETITION TO ACCEPT OUT-OF-DATE COURSES

Name ___________________________ Date __________________

Social Security # _______________ Major _______________

Anticipated date of graduation ___________ ________________

Semester ___________ Year ______________

I hereby petition the Graduate School to accept the course listed below toward my graduate degree.

Reason for delay in completion of degree:

____________________________________

Student Signature

COURSE INFORMATION AND VALIDATION

Course Prefix _______ Number _______ Title ______________

Semester _______ Year _______ Grade ___________ Instructor _______________

I certify the information taught in the course listed above is still current and valid and recommend that the student receive credit for the course.

____________________________________

Instructor’s Signature

Approved _____ Not Approved _____

Department Chair/Graduate Advisor

Associate VP for Graduate Studies ____________________________

Dean ____________________________