

Stephen F. Austin State University National Engagement Survey Report Spring 2013

Prepared by The Office of Institutional Research

National Engagement Survey Report

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Stephen F. Austin State University National Engagement Survey Report Spring 2013

Executive Summary

Stephen F. Austin State University (SFA) is focused on student success and strives to determine opportunities for improvement in student learning and personal development. The *SFA Strategic Plan 2013: Preparing for the Future* outlines plans for student success through university-wide collaboration. Additionally, SFA is regionally accredited through the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (SACS), an organization which emphasizes "foundations for quality enhancement".

To monitor the progress of its supportive learning environment, SFA adopted a regular assessment schedule for the administration of the National Survey of Student Engagement (NSSE), a project coordinated through the Indiana University Center for Postsecondary Research. NSSE provides important insight about the quality of undergraduate learning and contributes to national benchmarks of effective educational practice.

SFA additionally scheduled regular participation with the Faculty Survey of Student Engagement (FSSE) as a complementary assessment instrument. FSSE is designed to measure faculty expectations for student engagement in educational practices that are known to be empirically linked with high levels of learning and development. The FSSE information may further assist the identification of institutional strengths, as well as motivating opportunities for improvement.

Methodology

The SFA Office of Institutional Research (OIR) prepared potential student and faculty respondent data in the fall of 2012. The OIR further coordinated with the NSSE Institute to administer the surveys during the 2013 spring semester. Many survey administration aspects were handled by NSSE (drawing random student samples, emailing student surveys, distributing follow-up contacts with non-respondents, and initial data analysis).

For the NSSE administration, random samples of first-year and senior students were selected for participation. The OIR reviewed sample populations and updated enrollment and graduation statuses to help ensure a valid and available survey group. The sampled students were invited by SFA President, Baker Pattillo, to participate in the NSSE survey. Students received four email contacts containing a hyperlink to the web-based version of the survey.

The FSSE paralleled student survey efforts. The OIR selected a faculty sample of full-time lecturers, instructors and professorial ranked individuals who were scheduled to teach during the 2012-13 year. The OIR reviewed potential faculty respondent information in the spring semester prior to survey opening and updated employment statuses as needed to secure a valid survey population. SFA Provost and Vice President for Academic Affairs, Dr. Richard Berry, emailed the selected faculty to invite participation in the web-based FSSE administration. Selected faculty were emailed several participation reminders.

NSSE has been collecting data from students at four-year colleges and universities around the country since 2000. SFA participated in the 2013 national administration along with more than 1.5 million other first-year and senior students. The 2013 sampled students were randomly selected from data files provided by 568 participating four-year colleges and universities. Approximately 335,000 students from this sample responded.

Executive Summary

Results

NSSE sampling procedures require sending the survey to an equal number of first-year and senior students with the standard sample size determined by the number of undergraduate students enrolled at the institution. SFA used NSSE's Web-only administration mode where students received all contacts electronically and only completed the online survey.

NSSE 2013 schools closely resemble the national profile of four-year colleges and universities with respect to institutional type, size, region, and location. Caveats include the following: Research Universities (high research activity), Master's Colleges and Universities (larger programs), public institutions, and institutions with 5,000 to 19,999 undergraduates are somewhat overrepresented, while somewhat underrepresented categories include Master's Colleges and Universities (small programs), Baccalaureate Colleges- Diverse Fields, private institutions, and institutions with fewer than 1,000 undergraduates.

In each NSSE administration, institutions are offered the opportunity to customize institutional reports by tailoring up to three comparison groups. For 2013, SFA selected all participating Texas public universities, all participating SACS level V public peer institutions, and all NSSE 2013 institutions for comparison purposes.

The NSSE instrument was completed by 662 SFA students (399 first-year; 263 seniors). The SFA response rate was 13% for both first-time freshmen and senior students. The SFA response rate was lower than the Texas Public, SACS Public, and NSSE comparison groups.

SFA responses by gender were similar between comparison groups for first-year students (75% female and 25% male) and senior students (76% female and 24% male). Comparison groups were approximately three-fourths female and one-fourth male. The ethnic distribution of SFA and comparison group respondents was similar to the SFA student body population with slightly less proportions of Black/African American responses. In comparing the ethnic distribution of the NSSE respondents to the SFA student body, Black/African American senior students are underrepresented.

The 2013 NSSE administration marks the first substantial update to the survey since its inaugural administration in 2000. The updated NSSE survey is "built upon years of evidence-based testing, institutional feedback and recent advances in educational and survey research." Compared to NSSE 2011, about a quarter of NSSE questions are new, and nearly the same proportion unchanged. Of the questions that were changed, an equal number were modified in major or minor ways. In addition, some items were deleted to keep the overall length of the survey about the same.

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Executive Summary

Results (Continued)

To focus student engagement and guide institutional improvement efforts, NSSE organizes response means from the 88 survey questions into four engagement themes, with each theme consisting of multiple *Engagement Indicators*:

• Academic Challenge

- Higher Order Learning
- Reflective and Integrative Learning
- Learning Strategies
- Quantitative Reasoning

Learning with Peers

- o Collaborative Learning
- o Discussions with Diverse Others

Campus Environment

- Quality of Interactions
- Supportive Environment

• Experiences with Faculty

- Student-Faculty Interactions
- Effective Teaching Practices

Each *Engagement Indicator* provides valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement by summarizing students' responses to a set of related survey questions. The new *Engagement Indicators* replace the *Benchmarks of Effective Educational Practice* used in prior analyses of NSSE survey responses. Because of the changes outlined above, multi-year comparison of engagement themes or Engagement Indicators will only be available after the 2015 NSSE administration.

An new version of FSSE also launched in 2013 to complement the updated version of NSSE. The update maintained FSSE's focus on gathering information from faculty members who teach undergraduates in order to contribute to discussions related to teaching, learning, and the quality of undergraduates' educational experiences. The new format combines Course-Based questions and Typical-Student questions and uses updated terminology, primarily related to technology. It also includes new measures related to effective teaching and learning.

The updated format of the FSSE-NSSE Combined Report makes summarizing results difficult. For this reason, the entire FSSE-NSSE Combined Report is appended to this Executive Summary.

Executive Summary

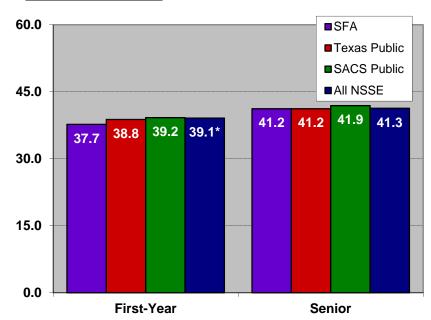
Results (continued)

NSSE Engagement Theme *Academic Challenge*

Higher-Order Learning

Within the NSSE theme *Academic Challenge*, SFA response means were significantly lower than the comparison groups for the *Higher-Order Learning* Engagement Indicator for first-year students compared to all NSSE institutions.

(Comparisons that are statistically significant are denoted with an asterisk.)



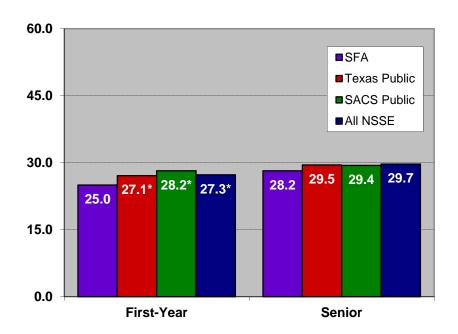
Quantitative Reasoning

SFA response means were also significantly lower than the comparison groups for the *Quantitative Reasoning* Engagement Indicator for first-year students compared to Texas public institution peers, SACS public institution peers, and all NSSE institutions.

(Comparisons that are statistically significant are denoted with an asterisk.)

<u>Other</u>

SFA response means were not found to be significantly different than the comparison groups for the Engagement Indicators *Reflective and Integrative Learning* and *Learning Strategies*.



Executive Summary

Results (continued)

NSSE Engagement Theme Learning with Peers

Collaborative Learning

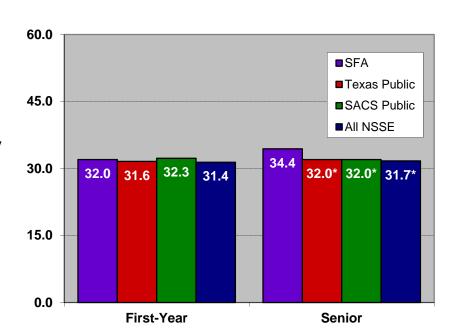
SFA response means were significantly higher than the comparison groups for the *Collaborative Learning*Engagement Indicator for senior students compared to Texas public institution peers, SACS public institution peers, and all NSSE institutions.

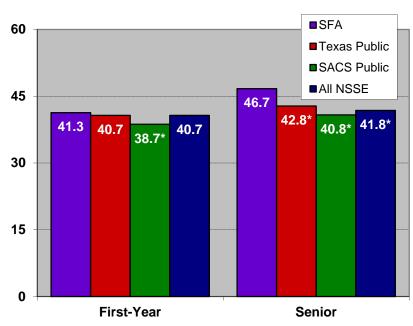
(Comparisons that are statistically significant are denoted with an asterisk.)

Discussions with Diverse Others

SFA response means were significantly higher than the comparison groups for the *Discussions with Diverse Others* Engagement Indicator for first-year students compared to SACS public institution peers, and for senior students compared to Texas public institution peers, SACS public institution peers, and all NSSE institutions.

(Comparisons that are statistically significant are denoted with an asterisk.)





Executive Summary

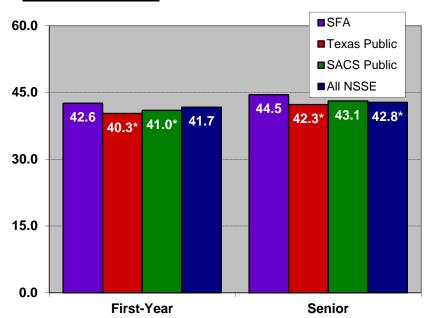
Results (continued)

NSSE Engagement Theme Campus Environment

Quality of Interactions

SFA response means were significantly higher than the comparison groups for the *Quality of Interactions* Engagement Indicator for first-year students compared to Texas public institution peers and SACS public institution peers, and for seniors compared to Texas public institution peers and all NSSE institutions.

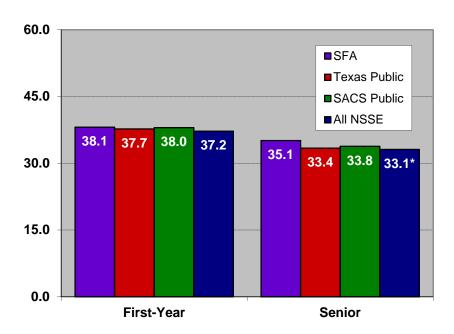
(Comparisons that are statistically significant are denoted with an asterisk.)



Supportive Environment

SFA response means were significantly higher than the comparison groups for the *Supportive Environment* Engagement Indicator for senior students compared to all NSSE institutions.

(Comparisons that are statistically significant are denoted with an asterisk.)



Executive Summary

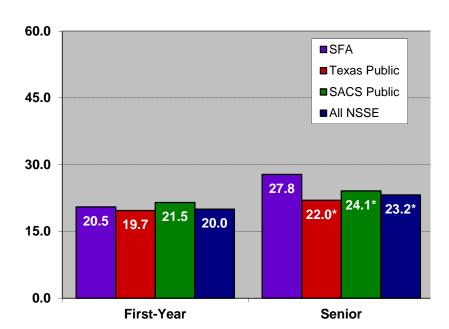
Results (continued)

NSSE Engagement Theme Experiences with Faculty

Student-Faculty Interaction

SFA response means were significantly higher than the comparison groups for the *Student-Faculty Interaction* Engagement Indicator for senior students compared to Texas public institution peers, SACS public institution peers, and all NSSE institutions.

(Comparisons that are statistically significant are denoted with an asterisk.)



Effective Teaching Practices

SFA response means were not found to be significantly different than the comparison groups for the Engagement Indicator *Effective Teaching Practices*.

FSSE Summary

The Faculty Survey of Student Engagement (FSSE) was designed to complement the NSSE by measuring faculty members' expectations of student engagement and educational practices that are linked to learning and development.

In 2013, almost 19,000 faculty from 142 colleges and universities responded to the FSSE. Faculty members at participating institutions were sent invitation emails and asked to respond to the online survey.

Points to note concerning SFA FSSE respondents include the following:

- 251 of 526 invited faculty responded to the FSSE for a response rate of 48%.
- 73% were of professor, associate professor, or assistant professor rank.
- 75% were tenured or on tenure track.
- 54% were male; 46% were female.
- Respondents participated from each discipline.

Executive Summary

Conclusion

NSSE responses indicate that SFA students are effectively engaged in several areas.

- SFA students enjoy interacting with individuals different from themselves. (Tables 1-4)
- SFA faculty members excel in engaging with students compared to other institutions. (Tables 5-8)
- SFA students enjoy higher-quality interactions with faculty and staff compared to other institutions. (Tables 9-12)
- SFA students enjoy a campus environment that provides them the support they need to succeed. (Tables 13-15)
- SFA first-year students spend more time preparing for class (studying, reading, writing, etc.) than
 those in SACS and NSSE comparison groups, and SFA senior students spend more time preparing
 for class than those inTexas Public and SACS comparison groups. (Table 17)
- SFA students are more likely to report time spent in co-curricular activities than comparison institutions. (Table 18)
- SFA senior students are much <u>more likely</u> to work <u>on-campus</u> than all comparison groups. SFA first-year students and senior students are much <u>less likely</u> to work <u>off-campus</u> than all comparison groups. (Tables 19 & 20)
- SFA senior students are more likely to report that experiences at SFA contributed to acquiring job
 or work-related knowledge and skills than students at comparison institutions. (Table 23)
- SFA first-year students are less likely to report participating in an internship, co-op, field experience, student teaching, or clinical placement (or planning to do so before graduation) compared to comparison groups. However, SFA senior students are much more likely to report participation in these activities than all comparison groups. (Table 21)
- SFA students are much more likely to report holding a formal leadership role in a student organization or group (or planning to do so before they graduate). (Table 22)
- SFA senior students are more likely to report receiving help with course material from another student than those at comparison institutions. (Table 24).

SFA NSSE responses also indicate opportunities for improvement in certain areas.

- SFA first-year students indicated that SFA emphasizes attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues less than comparison institutions, and the response mean fell in the "Some" to "Quite a bit" range. The SFA senior student response mean also fell in the "Some" to "Quite a bit" range, but was similar to comparison institutions. (Table 16)
- SFA students report fewer assignments of papers, reports, or other writing than comparison institutions. (Tables 25-27)
- SFA first-year and senior students report that experience at SFA contribute to knowledge, skills, and personal development in writing clearly and effectively slightly less often than comparison institutions. (Table 28)

Executive Summary

Conclusion (continued)

Student engagement at SFA appears to be strong, and engagement appears to strengthen as students progress to the senior year. Engagement in relation to the ways in which students interact with faculty appears to be a particular strength for SFA, especially in the senior year. However, NSSE Engagement Theme *Campus Environment* consistently is the engagement strength for SFA. Similarly, the SFA has historically excelled in the prior NSSE benchmark *Supportive Campus Environment*.

In contrast, an opportunity for improvement seems to exist in engagement theme *Academic Challenge*, especially for first-year students. Within the NSSE theme *Academic Challenge*, SFA response means were significantly lower than the comparison groups for the Higher-Order Learning Engagement Indicator for first-year students compared to all NSSE institutions. SFA response means were also significantly lower than all comparison groups for the *Quantitative Reasoning* Engagement Indicator for first-year students. (All other response means for *Academic Challenge* were not significantly different from comparison institutions.) In comparing SFA to comparison institutions for all other engagement theme categories, there was at least one positive comparison. Only the *Academic Challenge* engagement theme lacked a positive comparison.

Additionally, there is a disconnect in the perceptions of faculty and students concerning several topics academic challenge, faculty responsiveness, perceived academic gains, quality of interactions, and amount of time students work on and off campus. This disconnect in faculty-student perceptions also may provide an opportunity for improvement at SFA. The NSSE-FSSE Comparison Report is appended at the end of this Executive Summary.

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Diversity Related Issues

Chart 1: NSSE Question 8a.

How often have students had discussions with people of a different race or ethnicity than their own? (1=Never, 2=Sometimes, 3=Often, 4=Very often)

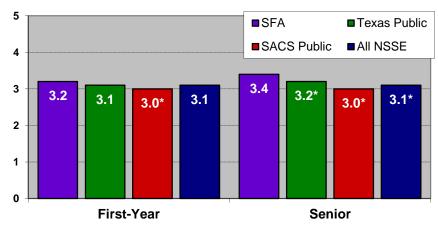


Chart 3: NSSE Question 8c.

How often have students had discussions with people with religious beliefs other than their own? (1=Never, 2=Sometimes, 3=Often, 4=Very often)

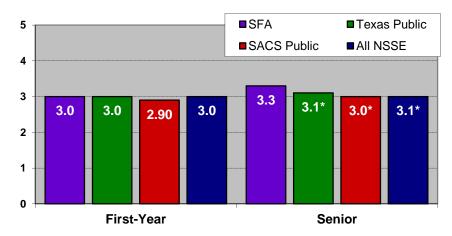


Chart 2: NSSE Question 8b.

How often have students had discussions with people from an economic background other than their own? (1=Never, 2=Sometimes, 3=Often, 4=Very often)

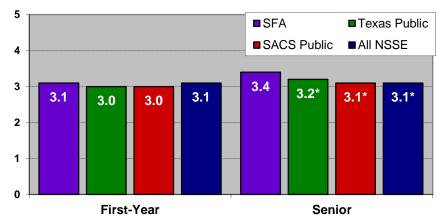
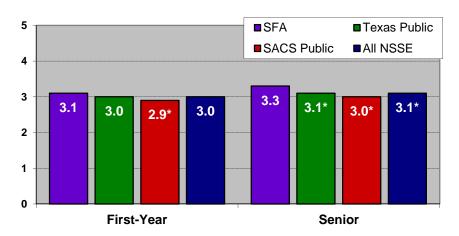


Chart 4: NSSE Question 8d.

How often have students had discussions with people with political views other than their own? (1=Very Little, 2=Some, 3=Quite a bit, 4=Very much)



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Student-Faculty Interaction

Chart 5: NSSE Question 3c.

How often have students discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class? (1=Never, 2=Sometimes, 3=Often, 4=Very

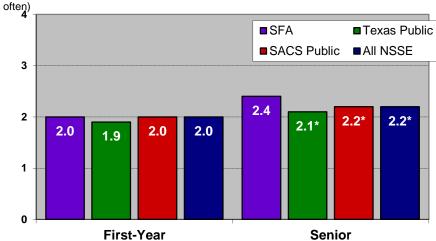
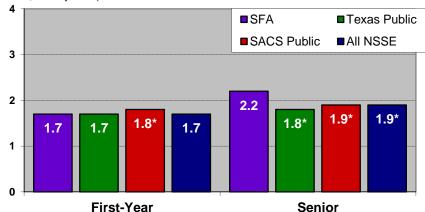


Chart 7: NSSE Question 3b.

How often have students worked with a faculty member on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)? (1=Never, 2=Sometimes, 3=Often, 4=Very often)



*SFA's mean is significantly higher or lower at the p<.05 level. Prepared by The Office of Institutional Research; SFASU; 8/2014

Chart 6: NSSE Question 3a.

How often have students talked about career plans with a faculty member or advisor? (1=Never, 2=Sometimes, 3=Often, 4=Very often)

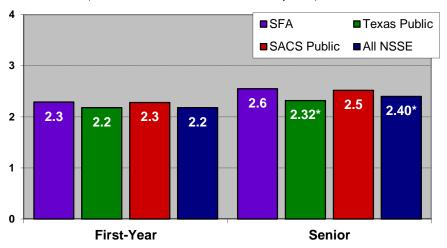
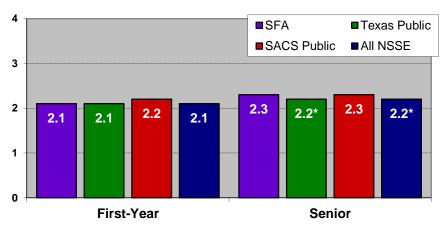


Chart 8: NSSE Question 3d.

How often have students discussed their academic performance with a faculty member? (1=Never, 2=Sometimes, 3=Often, 4=Very often)



Information Source: National Survey of Student Engagement, Indiana Center for Postsecondary Research Page 12 of 26

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Quality of Interactions

Chart 9: NSSE Question 13b.

How do students rate the quality of interactions with Academic advisors? (1=Poor to 7=Excellent)

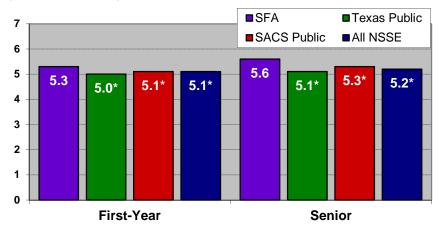


Chart 11: NSSE Question 13d.

How do students rate the quality of interactions with student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc)?

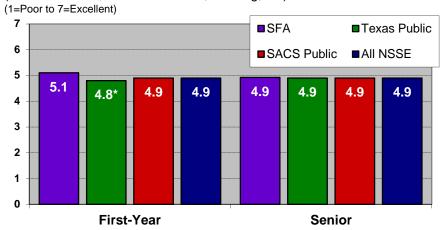


Chart 10: NSSE Question 13c.

How do students rate the quality of interactions with Faculty? (1=Poor to 7=Excellent)

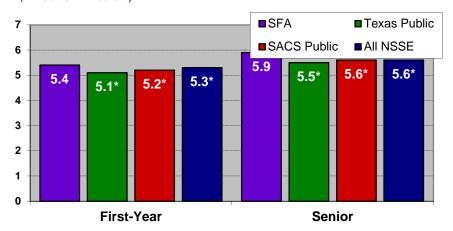
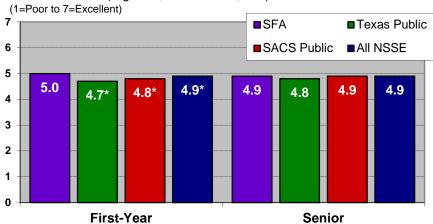


Chart 12: NSSE Question 13e.

How do students rate the quality of interactions with other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)?



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Supportive Campus Environment

Chart 13: NSSE Question 14b.

To what extent does the institution emphasize providing students the support they need to succeed academically?

(1=Very little, 2=Some, 3=Quite a bit, 4=Very much)

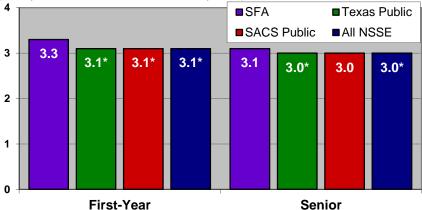


Chart 15: NSSE Question 14f.

To what extent does the institution emphasize providing support for students' overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.?

(1=Very little, 2=Some, 3=Quite a bit, 4=Very much)

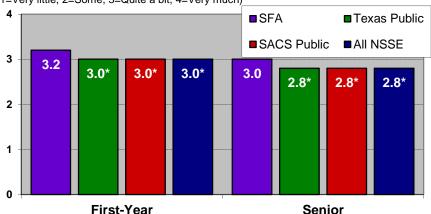


Chart 14: NSSE Question 14c.

To what extent does the institution emphasize using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)?

(1=Very little, 2=Some, 3=Quite a bit, 4=Very much)

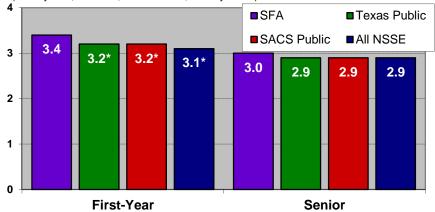
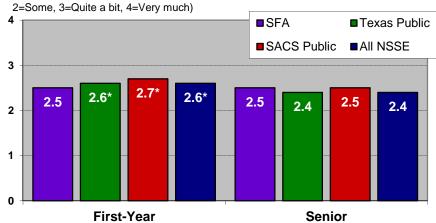


Chart 16: NSSE Question 14d.

To what extent does the institution emphasize attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues? (1=Very little,



^{*}SFA's mean is significantly higher or lower at the p<.05 level. Prepared by The Office of Institutional Research; SFASU; 8/2014

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Time Usage

Chart 17: NSSE 15a.

About how many hours per week do students spend in a typical 7-day week preparing for class (studying, reading, writing, etc.)?

 $(0 = 0 \text{ hrs/wk}, \ 3 = 1 - 5 \text{ hrs/wk}, \ 8 = 6 - 10 \text{ hrs/wk}, \ 13 = 11 - 15 \text{ hrs/wk}, \ 18 = 16 - 20 \text{ hrs/wk}, \ 23 = 21 - 25 \text{ hrs/wk}, \ 23$

hrs/wk, 28=26-30 hrs/wk, 33=More than 30 hrs/wk)

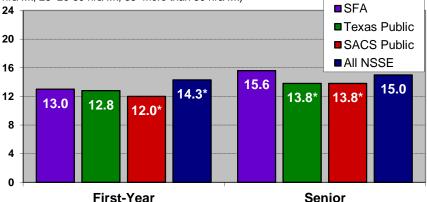
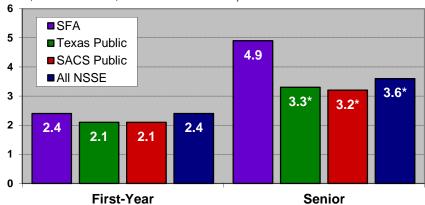


Chart 19: NSSE 15c.

About how many hours per week do students spend in a typical 7-day week working for pay on campus?

(0=0 hrs/wk, 3=1-5 hrs/wk, 8=6-10 hrs/wk, 13=11-15 hrs/wk, 18=16-20 hrs/wk, 23=21-25 hrs/wk, 28=26-30 hrs/wk, 33=More than 30 hrs/wk)



*SFA's mean is significantly higher or lower at the p<.05 level. Prepared by The Office of Institutional Research; SFASU; 8/2014.

Chart 18: NSSE 15b.

About how many hours per week do students spend in a typical 7-day week participating in co-curricular activities? (0=0 hrs/wk, 3=1-5 hrs/wk, 8=6-10 hrs/wk, 13=11-15 hrs/wk, 18=16-20 hrs/wk, 23=21-25 hrs/wk, 28=26-30 hrs/wk, 33=More

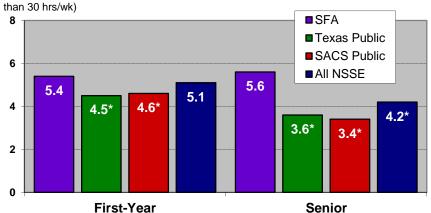
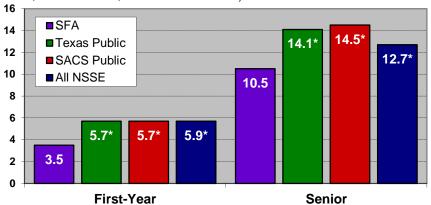


Chart 20: NSSE 15d.

About how many hours per week do students spend in a typical 7-day week working for pay off campus?

(0=0 hrs/wk, 3=1-5 hrs/wk, 8=6-10 hrs/wk, 13=11-15 hrs/wk, 18=16-20 hrs/wk, 23=21-25 hrs/wk, 28=26-30 hrs/wk, 33=More than 30 hrs/wk)



Information Source: National Survey of Student Engagement, Indiana Center for Postsecondary Research Page 15 of 26

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Miscellaneous Questions

Chart 21: NSSE 11a.

What percentage of students reported participating in an internship, co-op, field experience, student teaching, or clinical placement, or planning to do so before they graduate? (% answered "Done or in progress")

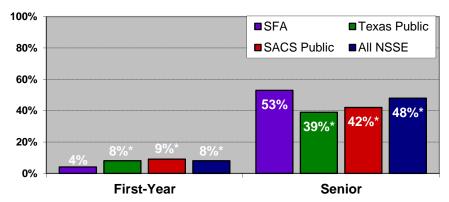
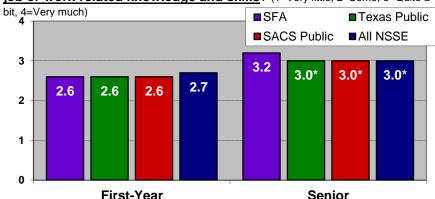


Chart 23: NSSE 17e.

To what extent do students report that experiences at this institution contributed to knowledge, skills, and personal development in <u>acquiring</u> job or work-related knowledge and skills? (1=Very little, 2=Some, 3=Quite a



What percentage of students reported holding a formal leadership role in a student organization or group, or planning to do so before they graduate? (% answered "Done or in progress")

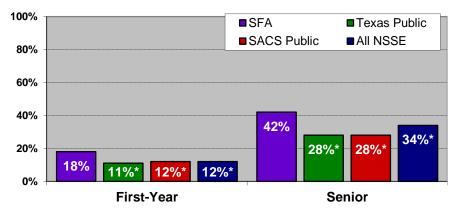
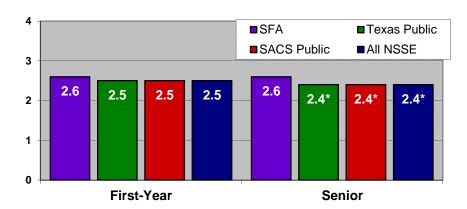


Chart 24: NSSE 1e.

How often have students asked another student to help them understand course material? (1=Never, 2=Sometimes, 3=Often, 4=Very often)



*SFA's mean is significantly higher or lower at the p<.05 level. Prepared by The Office of Institutional Research; SFASU; 8/2014

Chart 22: NSSE Question 11b.

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Communication Skills

Chart 25: NSSE 7a.

During a given school year, about how many papers, reports or other writing tasks up to 5 pages in length have students been assigned? (0=none, 1.5=1-2, 4=3-5, 8=6-10, 13=11-15, 18=16-20, 23=more than 20)

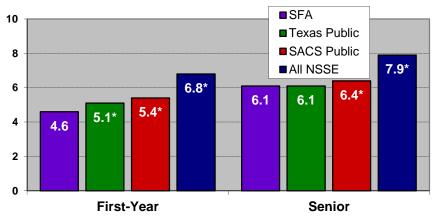


Chart 27: NSSE 7c.

During a given school year, about how many papers, reports or other writing tasks of 11 pages or more in length have students been assigned? (0=none, 1.5=1-2, 4=3-5, 8=6-10, 13=11-15, 18=16-20, 23=more than 20)

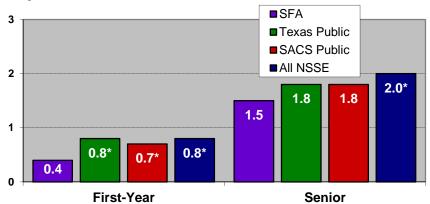


Chart 26: NSSE 7b.

During a given school year, about how many papers, reports or other writing tasks between 6 and 10 pages in length have students been assigned? (0=none, 1.5=1-2, 4=3-5, 8=6-10, 13=11-15, 18=16-20, 23=more than 20)

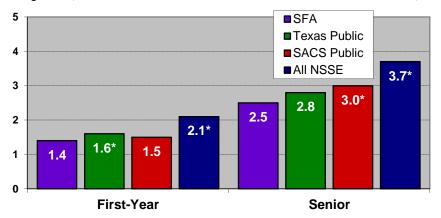
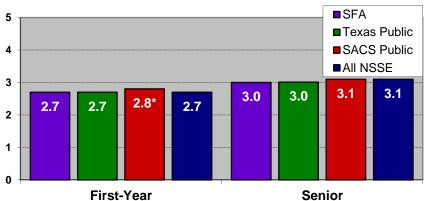


Chart 28: NSSE 17b

To what extent do students report that experiences at this institution contributed to knowledge, skills, and personal development in **speaking clearly and effectively**? (1=Very little, 2=Some, 3=Quite a bit, 4=Very much)



*SFA's mean is significantly higher or lower at the p<.05 level. Prepared by The Office of Institutional Research; SFASU; 8/2014.



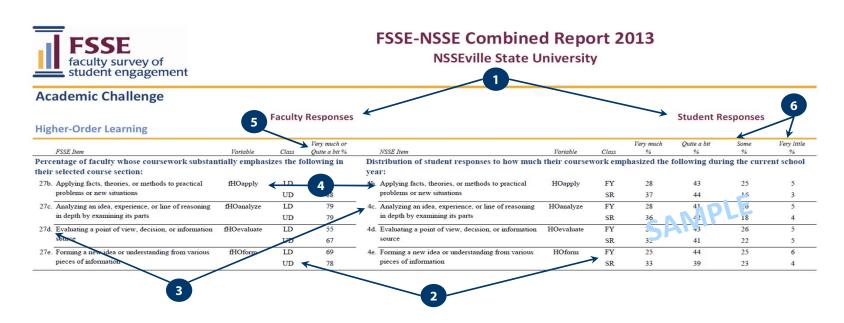
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FSSE-NSSE Combined Report 2013 Interpreting Your Report

The display below highlights details in the FSSE-NSSE Combined report that are important to keep in mind when interpreting your results. For more information about the survey, please visit our Web site (fsse.iub.edu) or contact a member of the FSSE team.

- 1. Sample: The FSSE-NSSE Combined report shows responses from both students and faculty at your institution who completed NSSE and FSSE. This report contains responses from faculty who responded to the survey based on their experiences teaching either a lower- or upper-division course. Data from faculty who responded based on another type of course or who did not report a course level are not included in this report. All student responses are based on information from all randomly selected or census-administered students for your institution, the same as those included in the NSSE Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report.
- 2. Class level: Frequency distributions are reported separately for faculty who report teaching lower-division (LD) or upper-division courses (UD). Student responses are reported separately for first-year students (FY) and seniors (SR) as reported by your institution.
- 3. Item numbers: Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimiles included in your Institutional Report and available on the NSSE and FSSE Web sites.
- 4. *Item wording and variable names:* Results from the FSSE survey appear in the columns on the left and items from the NSSE survey appear in columns on the right. Survey items are worded as they appear on the instrument. Variable names are included for easy reference to your data file, codebook, and *FSSE Frequencies* report.
- 5. Faculty responses: The percentage of faculty who responded at or above the indicated response category. To match the response categories provided on the FSSE instrument, the heading of this column varies throughout the report.
- 6. Student responses: The percentage of students who selected the corresponding response option. Response categories are listed just as they appear on the NSSE instrument. The distribution of student responses match those in your NSSE Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report.





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Academic Challenge

Faculty Responses

Student Responses

Higher-Order Learning

FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Very much or Quite a bit %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	Very much %	Quite a bit %	Some %	Very little %
Percentage of faculty whose coursework substan	tially emphasi	zes the f	ollowing in	Distribution of student responses to how muc	h their coursev	work emp	hasized the	following dur	ing the curi	rent school
their selected course section:				year:						
27b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical	fHOapply	LD	84	4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical	HOapply	FY	24	49	23	4
problems or new situations		UD	90	problems or new situations		SR	35	43	17	5
27c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning	fHOanalyze	LD	76	4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning	HOanalyze	FY	24	47	22	6
in depth by examining its parts		UD	88	in depth by examining its parts		SR	37	40	20	4
27d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information	fHOevaluate	LD	65	4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information	HOevaluate	FY	23	43	29	5
source		UD	75	source		SR	33	39	23	5
27e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various	fHOform	LD	74	4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various	HOform	FY	26	39	28	6
pieces of information		UD	86	pieces of information		SR	38	36	22	4

Reflective & Integrative Learning

			Very important or				Very often	Often	Sometimes	Never
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Important %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%
Percentage of faculty who reported that it is impute following in their selected course section:	ortant that th	e typical	student do	Distribution of student responses to how often	they have do	ne the fol	lowing durin	g the curre	nt school year:	
23a. Combine ideas from different courses when	fRIintegrate	LD	77	2a. Combined ideas from different courses when	RIintegrate	FY	17	30	43	9
completing assignments		UD	89	completing assignments		SR	30	43	22	5
23b. Connect his or her learning to societal problems or	fRIsocietal	LD	63	2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or	RIsocietal	FY	15	31	40	14
issues		UD	74	issues		SR	26	40	27	7
23c. Include diverse perspectives (political, religious,	fRIdiverse	LD	57	2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious,	RIdiverse	FY	17	31	40	11
racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments		UD	69	racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments		SR	25	30	33	12
23d. Examine the strengths and weaknesses of his or her	fRIownview	LD	72	2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your	RIownview	FY	22	40	32	6
own views on a topic or issue		UD	86	own views on a topic or issue		SR	33	30	33	5
23e. Try to better understand someone else's views by	fRIperspect	LD	68	2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by	RIperspect	FY	25	39	32	4
imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective		UD	78	imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective		SR	30	40	26	4
23f. Learn something that changes the way he or she	fRInewview	LD	87	2f. Learned something that changed the way you	RInewview	FY	24	39	33	4
understands an issue or concept		UD	92	understand an issue or concept		SR	33	34	31	2
23g. Connect ideas from your course to his or her prior	fRIconnect	LD	92	2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior	RIconnect	FY	32	43	23	2
experiences and knowledge		UD	88	experiences and knowledge		SR	44	39	16	2



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Academic Challenge (continued)

Facu	lty F	Res	pon	ses
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Student Responses

Learning Strategies

			Very much or				Very often	Often	Sometimes	Never
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Quite a bit %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%
Percentage of faculty who report they substantia	ally encourage	students	s to do the	Distribution of student responses to how ofto	en they have do	ne the fol	llowing durin	g the curre	nt school year:	_
following in their selected course section:										
25e. Identify key information from reading assignments	fLSreading	LD	69	9a. Identified key information from reading	LSreading	FY	31	47	21	1
		UD	79	assignments		SR	49	37	12	2
25f. Review notes after class	fLSnotes	LD	68	9b. Reviewed your notes after class	LSnotes	FY	35	33	29	3
		UD	59			SR	40	29	26	4
25g. Summarize what has been learned from class or	fLSsummary	LD	66	9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from	LSsummary	FY	27	36	31	7
from course materials		UD	74	course materials		SR	34	31	29	6

Quantitative Reasoning

FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Very important or Important %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	Very often %	Often %	Sometimes %	Never %
Percentage of faculty who report that it is import following in their selected course section:	tant that the ty	ypical st	udent do the	Distribution of student responses to how often	they have dor	ne the fol	lowing durin	g the curre	nt school year:	
22d. Reach conclusions based on his or her own	fQRconclude	LD	60	6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis	QRconclude	FY	16	28	38	17
analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	τ	UD	64	of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)		SR	19	30	36	15
22e. Use numerical information to examine a real-world	fQRproblem	LD	46	6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-	QRproblem	FY	11	24	34	30
problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)		UD	56	world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)		SR	16	24	37	23
22f. Evaluate what others have concluded from	fQRevaluate	LD	48	6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from	QRevaluate	FY	10	22	40	28
numerical information		UD	58	numerical information		SR	17	24	36	24

Additional Academic Challenge Items

			Very much or				Low challenge	Moderate	High challenge	
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Quite a bit %	NSSE Item	Variable ^a	Class	%	challenge %	%	
21. In your selected course section, how much do	fchallenge	LD	29	10. During the current school year, to what extent have	challenge	FY	1	45	53	
students put forth their best work?		UD	54	your courses challenged you to do your best work?		SR	2	30	68	
			Very important or				Very much	Quite a bit	Some	Very little
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Important %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%
Percentage of faculty who report that it is impo	rtant that their	· institut	ion increase	Distribution of student responses to how much	their institu	tion emp	hasizes the fol	lowing:		
its emphasis on the following:										
2a. Students spending significant amounts of time	fempstudy	LD	93	14a. Spending significant amounts of time studying and	empstudy	FY	39	46	14	0
studying and on academic work			93	on academic work		SR	37			

a. Response options ranged from 1=Not at all to 7=Very much; Low challenge (1 or 2), Moderate challenge (3, 4, or 5), High challenge (6 or 7).



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Learning with Peers

Faculty Responses

Student Responses

Collaborative Learning

			Very much or				Very often	Often	Sometimes	Never
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Quite a bit %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%
Percentage of faculty who substantially encoura	age students to	do the fo	ollowing in	Distribution of student responses to how ofter	they have do	ne the fol	lowing during	g the curre	nt school year:	
their selected course section:										
25a. Ask other students for help understanding course	fCLaskhelp	LD	67	1e. Asked another student to help you understand	CLaskhelp	FY	15	34	42	9
material		UD	64	course material		SR	18	29	44	9
25b. Explain course material to other students	fCLexplain	LD	56	1f. Explained course material to one or more students	CLexplain	FY	20	41	34	4
25b. Explain course material to other students		UD	63			SR	29	32	38	2
25c. Prepare for exams by discussing or working	fCLstudy	LD	62	1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working	CLstudy	FY	21	31	37	11
through course material with other students		UD	65	through course material with other students		SR	23	23	40	14
25d. Work with other students on course projects or	fCLproject	LD	51	1h. Worked with other students on course projects or	CLproject	FY	13	33	43	10
assignments		UD	58	assignments		SR	29	40	26	5

Discussions with Diverse Others

FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Very much or Quite a bit %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	Very often %	Often %	Sometimes %	Never %
Percentage of faculty who report that students	have substantia	l opport	unities to	Distribution of student responses to how often	n they have had	d discuss	ions with peo	ple from th	e following gro	oups during
engage in discussions with people from the follo section:	wing groups in	their sel	ected course	the current school year:						
26a. People of a race or ethnicity other than their own	fDDrace	LD	54	8a. People of a race or ethnicity other than your own	DDrace	FY	44	30	24	2
		UD	64			SR	59	23	16	1
26b. People from an economic background other than	fDDeconomic	LD	51	8b. People from an economic background other than	DDeconomic	FY	38	34	25	4
their own		UD	63	your own		SR	55	28	16	1
26c. People with religious beliefs other than their own	fDDreligion	LD	35	8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	DDreligion	FY	39	25	32	5
		UD	47			SR	54	24	17	5
26d. People with political views other than their own	fDDpolitical	LD	43	8d. People with political views other than your own	DDpolitical	FY	40	30	25	5
		UD	58			SR	56	24	16	5



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Experiences with Faculty

Faculty Responses

Student Responses

Student-Faculty Interaction

			Very often or				Very often	Often	Sometimes	Never
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Often %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%
Percentage of faculty who frequently did each o	f the following	with the		Distribution of student responses to how often	they have dor	e the foll	lowing during	g the curre	nt school year:	
undergraduate students they teach or advise du	ring the curren	t school ye	ear:							
8a. Talked about their career plans	fSFcareer	LD	59	3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	SFcareer	FY	11	25	44	20
		UD	82			SR	28	24	35	13
8b. Worked on activities other than coursework	fSFotherwork	LD	36	3b. Worked with a faculty member on activities other	SFotherwork	FY	6	12	27	55
8b. Worked on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)		UD	54	than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)		SR	17	20	27	36
8c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts outside	fSFdiscuss	LD	71	3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a	SFdiscuss	FY	6	20	42	32
of class		UD	69	faculty member outside of class		SR	18	23	38	22
8d. Discussed their academic performance	fSFperform	LD	76	3d. Discussed your academic performance with a	SFperform	FY	8	21	47	24
•		UD	79	faculty member		SR	18	19	43	20

Effective Teaching Practices

			Very much or				Very much	Quite a bit	Some	Very little
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Quite a bit %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%
Percentage of faculty who substantially do the fo	ollowing in the	ir under	graduate	Distribution of student responses to what exten	nt their instru	ctors hav	e done the fo	ollowing duri	ng the curre	ent school
courses:				year:						
10a. Clearly explain course goals and requirements	fetgoals	LD	96	5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	ETgoals	FY	44	39	13	3
		UD	95			SR	46	37	16	1
10b. Teach course sessions in an organized way	fetorganize	LD	100	5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	ETorganize	FY	35	47	14	4
		UD	98			SR	36	43	17	3
10c. Use examples or illustrations to explain difficult	fetexample	LD	99	5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult	ETexample	FY	39	41	15	6
points		UD	98	points		SR	41	38	18	4
10d. Provide feedback to students on a draft or work in	fetdraftfb	LD	79	5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	ETdraftfb	FY	28	40	24	9
progress		UD	75			SR	30	35	23	11
10e. Provide prompt and detailed feedback on tests or	fetfeedback	LD	93	5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or	ETfeedback	FY	25	34	30	11
completed assignments		UD	90	completed assignments.		SR	35	35	23	7



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Campus Environment

Faculty Responses

Student Responses

Quality of Interactions

								Moderate	
FSSE Item	Variable ^a	Class	High ratings %	NSSE Item	Variable ^a	Class	Low ratings %	ratings %	High ratings %
Faculty perceptions of the quality of student in	teractions with	the follo	wing people	Distribution of student responses to the qualit	y of interaction	ns with	the following p	people at th	neir
at their institution:				institution:					
3a. Other students	fQIstudent	LD	34	13a. Students	QIstudent	FY	6	44	50
		UD	42			SR	4	29	66
3b. Academic advisors	fQIadvisor	LD	24	13b. Academic advisors	QIadvisor	FY	8	37	53
		UD	23			SR	4	33	61
3c. Faculty	fQIfaculty	LD	31	13c. Faculty	QIfaculty	FY	4	42	54
		UD	37			SR	2	25	73
3d. Student services staff (career services, student	fQIstaff	LD	18	13d. Student services staff (career services, student	QIstaff	FY	7	41	44
activities, housing, etc.)		UD	18	activities, housing, etc.)		SR	13	30	42
3e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar,	fQIadmin	LD	9	13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar,	QIadmin	FY	8	45	40
financial aid, etc.)		UD	11	financial aid, etc.)		SR	12	43	43

Supportive Environment

			Very important or				Very much	Quite a bit	Some	Very little	
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Important %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%	
Percentage of faculty who report that it is impor	tant that their	instituti	on increase	See Distribution of student responses to how much their institution emphasizes the following:							
its emphasis on each of the following:											
2b. Providing support to help students succeed	fSEacademic	LD	86	14b. Providing support to help students succeed	SEacademic	FY	48	34	15	3	
academically		UD	92	academically		SR	42	36	17	6	
2c. Students using learning support services (tutoring	fSElearnsup	LD	84	14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services,	SElearnsup	FY	59	25	13	4	
services, writing center, etc.)		UD	86	writing center, etc.)		SR	40	31	18	11	
2d. Encouraging contact among students from different	fSEdiverse	LD	65	14d. Encouraging contact among students from different	SEdiverse	FY	23	29	33	14	
backgrounds (social, racial/ethnic, religious, etc.)		UD	71	backgrounds (social, racial/ethnic, religious, etc.)		SR	24	29	33	14	
2e. Providing opportunities for students to be involved socially	fSEsocial	LD	49	14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	SEsocial	FY	36	39	18	7	
		UD	51	1		SR	37	32	23	8	
2f. Providing support for students' overall well-being	fSEwellness	LD	69	14f. Providing support for your overall well-being	SEwellness	FY	41	38	15	5	
(recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)		UD	73	(recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)		SR	36	32	23	9	
2g. Helping students manage their non-academic	fSEnonacad	LD	57	14g. Helping you manage your non-academic	SEnonacad	FY	16	28	35	21	
responsibilities (work, family, etc.)		UD	57	responsibilities (work, family, etc.)		SR	13	23	29	35	
2h. Students attending campus activities and events	fSEactivities	LD	43	14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing	SEactivities	FY	34	37	20	9	
(performing arts, athletic events, etc.)		UD	54	arts, athletic events, etc.)		SR	28	31	30	12	
2i. Students attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	fSEevents	LD	53	14i. Attending events that address important social,	SEevents	FY	19	25	37	18	
		UD	55	economic, or political issues		SR	22	23	34	21	

a. Response options ranged from 1=Poor to 7=Excellent; Low ratings (1 or 2), Moderate ratings (3, 4, or 5), High ratings (6 or 7).



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High Impact Practices

Faculty Responses	Student Responses
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Internship

			Very important or				Done or in	Plan to do	Do not plan to	Have not
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Important %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	progress %	%	do %	decided %
Percentage of faculty who think it is important for	or undergrad	luates at t	heir	Distribution of student responses to which of the	he following	they have	done or plan	to do befor	re they gradua	ite:
institution to do the following before they gradua	ate:									
1a. Participate in an internship, co-op, field	fintern	LD	76	11a. Participate in an internship, co-op, field	intern	FY	4	78	6	12
experience, student teaching, or clinical placement	UD 89	experience, student teaching, or clinical placement		SR	53	22	21	4		
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Yes %							
Percentage of faculty who participate in the follo	owing activity	in a typi								
week:										
6b. Supervising undergraduate internships or other field experiences	fdintern	LD	21							
		UD	54							

Learning Community

			Very important or				Done or in	Plan to do	Do not plan to	Have not
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Important %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	progress %	%	do %	decided %
Percentage of faculty who think it is important f	or undergrad	uates at	their	Distribution of student responses to which of t	he following	they have	done or plan	n to do befor	re they gradua	te:
institution to do the following before they gradu	ate:									
1c. Participate in a learning community or some other	flearncom	LD	32	11c. Participate in a learning community or some other	learncom	FY	8	26	31	35
formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together		UD	48	formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together		SR	27	9	54	10

Study Abroad

			Very important or				Done or in	Plan to do	Do not plan to	Have not
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Important %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	progress %	%	do %	decided %
Percentage of faculty who think it is importa	Distribution of student responses to which	of the following	they have	done or plan	n to do befo	re they gradua	ite:			
institution to do the following before they gr	aduate:									
1d. Participate in a study abroad program	fabroad	LD	34	11d. Participate in a study abroad program	abroad	FY	0	31	35	33
		UD	36			SR	7	11	69	13



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High Impact Practices (continued)

Undergraduate Research		Facult	y Responses		Student Responses					
	Variable	Class	Very important or Important %	NGCD I	Variable	Class	Done or in progress %	Plan to do %	Do not plan to do %	Have not decided %
FSSE Item Percentage of faculty who think it is important for				NSSE Item Distribution of student responses to which of the			1 0			
institution to do the following before they gradu		uates at	tneir	Distribution of student responses to which of the	ne tonowing	tney nave	done or piai	n to do beroi	re tney gradua	ite:
1e. Work with a faculty member on a research project	fresearch	LD	63	11e. Work with a faculty member on a research project	research	FY	5	23	31	41
		UD	50			SR	26	10	48	16
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Yes %							
Percentage of faculty who participate in the followeek:	owing activity	in a typ	ical 7 day							
6a. Working with undergraduates on research	fdresearch	LD	43							
		UD	38							
Culminating Senior Experience										
			Very important or				Done or in	Plan to do	Do not plan to	Have not
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Important %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	progress %	% 4 1 1 6	do %	decided %
Percentage of faculty who think it is important for institution to do the following before they gradus		uates at	tneir	Distribution of student responses to which of the	ne ronowing	tney nave	done or piai	n to do beioi	re tney gradua	te:
1f. Complete a culminating senior experience	fcapstone	LD	84	11f. Complete a culminating senior experience	capstone	FY	1	40	16	42
(capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, portfolio, etc.)		UD	88	(capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, portfolio, etc.)		SR	38	21	30	11
Service-Learning										
			All, Most, Some				All	Most	Some	None
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%
9. About how many of your undergraduate courses at	fservcourse	LD	48	12. About how many of your courses at this institution	servcourse	FY	1	5	33	61
this institution have included a community-based project (service-learning)?		UD	71	have included a community-based project (service-learning)?		SR	1	14	56	29
			Very important or							
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Important %							
Percentage of faculty who think it is important friestitution to do the following before they graduate		uates at	their							
1g. Participate in a community-based project (service-	fservice	LD	38							
learning) as part of a course		UD	57							



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Additional Engagement Items

Faculty Responses

Student Responses

Faculty Course Goals and Student-Perceived Gains

			Very much or				Very much	Quite a bit	Some	Very little
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Quite a bit %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%
Percentage of faculty who report substantially s	tructuring thei	r selecte	ed course	Distribution of student responses to how muc	h their experie	nce at th	is institution	contributed t	to their kno	wledge,
section so that students learn and develop in the	following area	s:		skills, and personal development in the follow	ving areas:					
29a. Writing clearly and effectively	fcgwrite	LD	60	17a. Writing clearly and effectively	pgwrite	FY	27	35	28	10
		UD	70			SR	40	28	24	8
29b. Speaking clearly and effectively	fcgspeak	LD	42	17b. Speaking clearly and effectively	pgspeak	FY	23	32	34	12
		UD	58			SR	41	28	21	10
29c. Thinking critically and analytically	fegthink	LD	91	17c. Thinking critically and analytically	pgthink	FY	35	38	22	5
		UD	96			SR	47	32	16	5
29d. Analyzing numerical and statistical information	fcganalyze	LD	46	17d. Analyzing numerical and statistical information	pganalyze	FY	21	27	35	17
		UD	41			SR	30	26	28	16
29e. Acquiring job- or work-related knowledge and	fcgwork	LD	59	17e. Acquiring job- or work-related knowledge and	pgwork	FY	24	30	32	14
skills		UD	76	skills		SR	49	31	14	6
29f. Working effectively with others	fcgothers	LD	56	17f. Working effectively with others	pgothers	FY	31	31	29	10
		UD	68			SR	47	27	21	5
29g. Developing or clarifying a personal code of values	fcgvalues	LD	39	17g. Developing or clarifying a personal code of values	pgvalues	FY	24	30	32	13
and ethics		UD	55	and ethics		SR	39	28	22	12
29h. Understanding people of other backgrounds	fcgdiverse	LD	51	17h. Understanding people of other backgrounds	pgdiverse	FY	22	32	34	12
(economic, racial/ethnic, political, religious, nationality, etc.)		UD	59	(economic, racial/ethnic, political, religious, nationality, etc.)		SR	37	30	21	12
29i. Solving complex real-world problems	fcgprobsolve	LD	61	17i. Solving complex real-world problems	pgprobsolve	FY	21	28	39	12
		UD	68			SR	36	29	26	8
29j. Being an informed and active citizen	fcgcitizen	LD	55	17j. Being an informed and active citizen	pgcitizen	FY	19	30	37	14
		UD	54			SR	28	30	31	11

Course Engagement

			Very important or				Very often	Often	Sometimes	Never
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Important %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%
Percentage of faculty who report that it is import following in their selected course section:	Distribution of student responses to how ofto	Distribution of student responses to how often they have done the following during the current school year:								
22a. Ask questions or contribute to course discussions in other ways	faskquest	LD	89	1a. Asked questions or contributed to course	askquest	FY	24	33	38	5
		UD	97	discussions in other ways		SR	48	31	18	4
22b. Prepare two or more drafts of a paper or	fdrafts	LD	45	1b. Prepared two or more drafts of a paper or	drafts	FY	21	27	31	22
assignment before turning it in		UD	47	assignment before turning it in		SR	17	25	35	22
22c. Come to class having completed readings or assignments	fprepared	LD	92	1c. Come to class without completing readings or	unprepared	FY	4	11	55	29
		UD	95	assignments		SR	4	11	56	29



Stephen F. Austin State University

Additional Engagement Items (continued)

Faculty Responses

Student Responses

Student Leadership

			Very important or				Done or in	Plan to do	Do not plan to	Have not
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Important %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	progress %	%	do %	decided %
Percentage of faculty who think it is import	ant for undergrad	Distribution of student responses to which	of the following	they have	done or plan	to do befor	re they gradua	ite:		
institution to do the following before they gr	raduate:									
1b. Hold a formal leadership role in a student	fleader	LD	35	11b. Hold a formal leadership role in a student	leader	FY	18	39	22	22
organization or group		UD	47	organization or group		SR	42	7	43	8

Memorization

			Very much or				Very much	Quite a bit	Some	Very little
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	Quite a bit %	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	%
Percentage of faculty whose coursework	substantially emphasi	Distribution of student responses to h	ow much their courses	work emp	hasized the	following dur	ing the curi	rent school		
their selected course section:				year:						
27a. Memorizing course material	fmemorize	LD	33	4a. Memorizing course material	memorize	FY	35	44	18	3
		UD	31			SR	22	38	30	10

Time Spent by Students

		1	6 or more hours				0-5 hours	6-15 hours	16-25 hours	26 or more
FSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	NSSE Item	Variable	Class	%	%	%	hours
Percentage of faculty who think the typical stud	ent in their sel	ected cour	se section	Distribution of student responses to how many	y hours they s	pend doir	ng each of th	e following i	n a typical 7-	day week:
spends more than 16 hours on each of the follow	ing in an avera	age 7-day	week:							
20a. Participating in co-curricular activities	ftmcocurr	LD	7	15b. Participating in co-curricular activities	tmcocurr	FY	64	28	7	1
		UD	10			SR	67	24	6	3
20b. Working for pay on campus	ftmworkon	LD	13	15c. Working for pay on campus	tmworkon	FY	85	9	6	1
		UD	23			SR	73	10	12	4
20c. Working for pay off campus	ftmworkoff	LD	33	15d. Working for pay off campus	tmworkoff	FY	81	9	6	4
		UD	42			SR	55	12	12	21
20d. Doing community service or volunteer work	ftmservice	LD	1	15e. Doing community service or volunteer work	tmservice	FY	89	9	2	0
		UD	1			SR	81	12	4	2
20e. Relaxing and socializing (time with friends, video	ftmrelax	LD	73	15f. Relaxing and socializing (time with friends, video	tmrelax	FY	24	46	21	9
games, TV or videos, keeping up with friends online, etc.)		UD	64	games, TV or videos, keeping up with friends online, etc.)		SR	38	36	18	7
20f. Providing care for dependents (children, parents,	ftmcare	LD	2	15g. Providing care for dependents (children, parents,	tmcare	FY	88	7	1	3
etc.)		UD	12	etc.)		SR	67	4	7	22
20g. Commuting to campus (driving, walking, etc.)	ftmcommute	LD	0	15h. Commuting to campus (driving, walking, etc.)	tmcommute	FY	80	17	2	1
		UD	3			SR	77	20	1	2

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