

DEWITT SCHOOL OF NURSING

MSN FNP Program Preceptor Handbook

STEPHEN F. AUSTIN STATE UNIVERSITY

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM * NACOGDOCHES, TEXAS

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STEPHEN F. AUSTIN STATE UNIVERSITY

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM ★ NACOGDOCHES, TEXAS

Richard and Lucille DeWitt School of Nursing

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Thank you for serving as a preceptor for a student in the Masters of Science in Nursing (MSN) Program from the Stephen F. Austin State University (SFASU) DeWitt School of Nursing. The clinical experiences the student will obtain in your clinical area are of critical importance to the successful learning experience in the program. The clinical setting is where the synthesis of concepts and application of principles for quality health care delivery are achieved.

The MSN family nurse practitioner (FNP) student will work closely with you, learning from your advice and example. You are the key to successful learning experiences in the clinical setting. The student will progressively develop the skills and clinical judgment necessary to become an FNP through, in part, clinical practice with preceptors.

For all MSN students, the student's clinical faculty is ultimately responsible for clinical supervision of the individual students. During all clinical courses, clinical faculty will make site visits to the office or clinic to discuss the student's progress and observe the student seeing patients. The preceptor and faculty collaborate in providing clinical instruction and evaluation. Faculty supervision may include site visits, preceptor consultation, and/or one-to-one clinical experience with faculty.

The enclosed Preceptor Packet provides a brief description of the MSN Program at SFASU. It outlines the responsibilities of the student, the preceptor, and the School of Nursing. Students are engaged in didactic coursework, along with clinical experiences. The student with whom you work will provide you with a syllabus of the course including the topics that will be emphasized during this and previous semesters to assist you in determining which types of patients are most appropriate for management by the student at various stages in the program. Brief syllabi of the clinical courses are included in this document as well as the Student Clinical Evaluation forms to be completed by you are provided.

The Preceptor Guide is regularly modified to assure consistency with professional standards and the Texas Board of Nursing regulations. Students and clinical faculty are asked to read this document as well before each clinical experience.

The selection of clinical site and preceptor qualifications are key to designing an excellent clinical experience that will allow students to meet their course learning objectives. It is the graduate student's responsibility to consult with their clinical faculty as they negotiate and finalize the agreement. Students should schedule their clinical days with preceptors, evenly throughout the semester thereby avoiding large blocks of clinical experiences in the beginning or the end of the semester. When clinical days are scheduled throughout the semester, the student will have an opportunity to apply the content learned in the didactic course concurrently in the

clinical setting. If students require an exception to this rule, the student must discuss alternative arrangements with their clinical faculty.

If you agree to be a preceptor, you will need to complete the following forms (see Appendix A) before the clinical practicum begins:

- The Preceptor Agreement is a formal contract, which established the legal parameters between you and the SFASU DeWitt School of Nursing.
- The Preceptor's resume or curriculum vitae indicating professional preparation and licensure is required by the Texas Board of Nursing and the Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing for all preceptors. You are asked to submit a current resume/CV. This information must be updated annually.

We know that preceptors volunteer to help teach MSN students and often agree to do so because they enjoy learning and interacting with students. It is important for us to leave preceptors a copy of "Preceptorship Documentation" of hours for their records since some preceptors receive continuing education credit for preceptor activities.

We appreciate your contribution to our program and your critical role in the clinical education of our students.

Thank you,

The Administration & Graduate Nursing Faculty Stephen F. Austin State University DeWitt School of Nursing

Introduction. Definitions, and Responsibilities

Stephen F. Austin State University (SFASU) has a Master of Science in Nursing (MSN) degree, with a Family Nurse Practitioner emphasis, for registered nurses who have a Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) degree. This program provides the students with additional skills in advanced physical assessment, psychosocial assessment, health promotion, and diagnosis and management of acute and chronic health problems. Online didactic studies are combined with precepted clinical experiences.

The Graduate Program meets criteria specified in Chapter 219 RULE 219.9 of the Texas Administrative Code of Regulations and is approved by the Texas Board of Nursing. The practice of the expanded nursing role is within the stipulations of the Nurse Practice Act for presenting oneself as an Advanced Practice Nurse.

The Graduate Program meets criteria specified in Chapter 219 RULE 219.9 of the Texas Administrative Code of Regulations and is approved by the Texas Board of Nursing.

Definition: Advanced Practice Nurse and Preceptor

The Advanced Practice Nurse (APN) is a registered nurse who, through additional study and experience, can provide direct care (consistent with the focus of their course of study) to patients. Care may be rendered in the primary, secondary, or tertiary setting as consistent with the program of study.

As part of the preparation for advanced practice nursing as a Family Nurse Practitioner (FNP), skills in advanced physical assessment, psychosocial assessment, and management of health and illness needs in acute and chronic health problems are mastered. The role of the FNP integrates health maintenance, disease prevention, physical assessment, diagnosis, and treatment of common episodic and chronic problems with equal emphasis on health teaching and disease management for patients across the lifespan. The FNP practices with a high level of independence and decision-making in ambulatory, acute and chronic settings, functioning as a member of a health care team in collaboration with physicians and other professionals.

The FNP practices in collaboration with physicians in organized health care systems or in medical office settings. Identification and treatment of urgent and complex problems and recognition of the need for medical referral or consultation are important components of the FNP role.

The FNP program emphasizes advanced clinical practice with a sound theoretical and scientific basis. The foundation of appropriate theory is provided and is specific to the focus of study. An understanding of the economic factors affecting health care delivery and the ethical basis of health services provides important perspectives for FNPs. The ability to evaluate, and selectively apply clinical research that enables the FNP to maintain currency in scientific advances that improve patient care is integral to FNP education.

A clinical preceptor is an experienced Nurse Practitioner, Physician's Assistant, or physician (including Medical Doctor or Doctor of Osteopathy) with both clinical practice skills and teaching skills. The preceptor characterizes the role for which students are preparing and/or possesses the specialty skills and knowledge in health care delivery required to supervise students and to act as a role model.

Clinical Outcomes:

In order to pass a course containing both didactic and clinical requirements, the student must pass both the theoretical and clinical components of the course. Students deemed unsafe or incompetent will fail the course and receive a course grade of 'F'. The behaviors constituting clinical failure include, but are not limited to, the following:

Demonstrates unsafe performance and makes questionable decisions;

Lacks insight and understanding of own behaviors and behaviors of others;

Needs continuous, detailed supervision;

Has difficulty in adapting to new ideas and roles;

Fails to submit required written clinical assignments on the assigned date/time;

Falsifies clinical hours.

End of Program Student Learning Outcomes (EPSLOs)

Upon completion of the program, the student is expected to:

- 1. Synthesize nursing science with knowledge from other disciplines as the basis for the advanced level of nursing practice.
- 2. Evaluate effective strategies for managing the ethical and legal dilemmas inherent in patient care, the health care organization, and research.
- 3. Employ effective communication and collaborative skills in interdisciplinary teams for creating change in health care.
- 4. Analyze concepts of health promotion and culturally competent care across the lifespan.
- 5. Assume responsibility for the use of health care information systems and patient care technology to improve patient outcomes.
- 6. Demonstrate leadership and accountability in the development and implementation of health care policy.
- 7. Critically appraise existing literature from nursing and other disciplines to determine and implement the best evidence for practice.
- 8. Advocate for the advanced practice role within the policy related to access and health care communities.
- 9. Value continuing competence, growth, and development in the profession.

AACN (MSN) Essentials

- I. Knowledge for Nursing Practice
- II. Person-Center Care
- III. Population Health
- IV. Scholarship for the Nursing Discipline
- V. Quality and Safety
- VI. Interprofessional Partnerships
- VII. Systems-Based Practice
- VIII. Informatics and Healthcare Technologies
 - IX. Professionalism
 - X. Personal, Professional, and Leadership Development

NONPF Nurse Practitioner Role Core Competencies

- 1. Knowledge of Practice
- 2. Person-Centered Care
- 3. Population Health
- 4. Practice Scholarship and Translational Science
- 5. Quality and Safety
- 6. Interprofessional Collaboration in Practice
- 7. Health Systems
- 8. Technology and Information Literacy
- 9. Professional Acumen
- 10. Personal and Professional Leadership

RESPONSIBILITIES WITHIN CLINICAL EXPERIENCES

I. Responsibility of the School of Nursing (SON)

- The SON will initiate an education affiliation agreement between the preceptor organization and the SON. The agreement will be signed by the preceptor's organization, the clinical facility, and the appropriate representative for the MSN program.
- The SON will provide the coursework that establishes the foundation for practice.
- The SON will provide faculty site visits to preceptorship sites to evaluate the student and to assist the student and preceptor, as needed, in accomplishing clinical learning objectives.
- The SON will provide the materials required for evaluation of the student's performance in the preceptor's clinical setting.

II. Responsibility of the Faculty

Course Coordinator:

- Responsible for identifying and evaluating clinical site contracts for all clinical sites.
- Responsible for assuring all documents are completed related to the preceptorship, including the Preceptor resume/CV, Facility Affiliation Agreement, and Preceptor Agreement (see Appendix A).

Clinical Faculty:

- Responsible for arranging meetings with the preceptor, student, and faculty a minimum of
 twice during the semester for evaluation purposes. For the FNP student, these evaluations
 should be completed face-to-face and will be arranged ahead of time at the convenience
 of all. Ideally, both visits will be face-to-face, however, in some circumstances, one visit
 will be face-to-face and another visit can be completed in alternate ways.
- Responsible for providing immediate consultation and/or support for the preceptor when needs or problems are reported.
- Responsible for seeking preceptor input regarding the student's performance.
- Responsible for collaborating with the student in completing the Student's Evaluation of preceptor form at the end of the semester (see Appendix E).
- Using clinical objectives for the specific semester, Clinical Faculty will document the student's progress and specify satisfactory/unsatisfactory completion of clinical competencies.

III. Responsibility of the Preceptor

- The Preceptor will provide a setting in which the student will see patients and gain experience in clinical practice.
- The Preceptor will function as a role model to provide clinical teaching and supervision for the student in the practice of work up and management specific to patient care needs.
- The Preceptor will co-sign all records and orders written by the FNP student unless otherwise restricted and <u>maintain ultimate responsibility</u> for the care of the patient.
- The Preceptor will sign the student's clinical hours log each day the student is present in his/her clinical site and initial procedure log if any were completed that day (FNP Student)

- (see Appendix C).
- The Preceptor will make contact during the semester with the student and faculty to discuss the student's progress and learning needs.
- The Preceptor will provide input regarding evaluation of the student and will complete the clinical evaluation form at midterm and at the end of the semester for the student(s) he/she is precepting (see Appendix D).
- The Preceptor is expected to notify the faculty immediately when unsatisfactory performance of the student is in question.

IV. Responsibility of the Student

- The student is responsible for providing the preceptor with a current copy of the course syllabi as well as the preceptor evaluation of the student form that is used at mid-term and at the end of the clinical experiences.
- The student is responsible for the collection of legal and contractual documents (Student Request for Clinical Agreement, Preceptor resume/CV, Preceptor Agreement) prior to the beginning of the clinical experience (see Appendix A).
- The student will establish a mutually agreeable schedule for clinical time with the preceptor. He/she will come to the clinical experience prepared to perform the assigned learning activities.
- The student will demonstrate the ability to manage progressively complex patient care situations (including differential diagnosis, treatment plans, and patient teaching) in accordance with his/her academic progression.
- The student will follow the policies and procedures established by SFASU and the SON.
- The student will follow the policies and procedures established at the clinical size
- The student functions under the Nurse Practice Act statutes and regulations for expanded nursing roles. Students of the SFASU SON are covered by a blanket liability insurance policy.
- The student participates in conferences with the preceptor and faculty to discuss progress, problems, and learning needs.
- The student will maintain accurate records of clinical time and experiences in an electronic clinical log (Typhon). Additionally, a Preceptor Documentation form will be completed, including the preceptor's signature (initials) each day the student is in the clinical site. The original copy of the Clinical Hours Log (see Appendix C) will be submitted to the clinical faculty at the end of the semester and a copy will be provided to the preceptor.
- The student will assist faculty in completing the following forms: Student Site Evaluation and Student Preceptor Evaluation (see Appendix E).

V. Qualifications for Preceptor Specialty Courses for the FNP

- Nursing or medical expertise in clinical practice derived from practical and theoretical preparation (National Organization of Nurse Practitioner Faculties (NONPF) Guidelines)
- Authorized to practice as advanced practice nurses in Texas, or currently licensed as a health care
 professional who can provide supervision and teaching in clinical settings appropriate for
 advanced practice nursing.
- Current unencumbered Texas license.
- Board of Nursing or Medical Board recognition to practice in a specialty area in Texas.
- Appropriate national certification.

General Expectations for MSN Students

Successful clinical performance is achieved through the student-preceptor-clinical instructor relationship. Each member of this educational team contributes to the student's learning experience. Students must be actively involved in arranging, maintaining, and terminating the preceptor-student relationship over the course of the semester. The responsibilities delineated in this guide are consistent with current professional, Texas Board of Nursing, and Texas law requirements.

Students in the MSN program are responsible for selecting a clinical site and preceptor, requesting affiliation agreements, and completing preceptor agreements. The clinical site should provide students with opportunities that allow students to demonstrate satisfactory completion of course objectives and progression in their development as nurses with advanced educational preparation.

Students should consult with course faculty regarding the appropriateness of a clinical site. Under no circumstances, will students complete the clinical laboratory portion of any specialty course under the guidance of their work supervisors or family members. Students may complete clinical experiences in the institution where they are employed when, and only when, (1.) the selected preceptor does not have input into annual work performance evaluations and (2.) the physical unit where the clinical hours are completed is NOT the unit where the student is employed. Family members of students cannot be selected as preceptors for any course.

Student Responsibilities for Clinical Laboratory Experiences & Preceptor Selection

The MSN courses are offered in a structure that promotes the development of specialized knowledge and skill sets with the application of basic principles and skills and moving to the application of complex principles and skills in the delivery of advanced clinical care and in administrative and educational roles. Students should select preceptors based on their qualifications to support student achievement of the course objectives.

Students should review their course objectives before beginning the process of preceptor selection. The clinical site and preceptor should provide learning opportunities that allow students to demonstrate satisfactory completion of the course objectives and progression in their development as nurses with advanced educational preparation. After students have a clear understanding of the learning objectives for their course, they should identify potential preceptors in their area. For questions about the appropriateness of the clinical setting or preceptor, students should contact the course faculty.

When professional licensure is required for preceptors, the preceptor must meet established criteria in accordance with the position description included in this Preceptor Guide. A preceptor must hold professional licensure for supervising students involved in direct clinical practice including teaching. All preceptors for clinical courses must have an "unencumbered license". "Unencumbered license" means that there is no disciplinary action against the license. Before contracting a potential preceptor, a preliminary license verification may be helpful to avoid hurt feelings or misunderstanding later. See "Preceptor License Verification".

Castlebranch: Verification of Student Compliance with Immunization, License, & Certifications
The MSN Coordinator reviews the documentation stored in Castlebranch.com to assure that all information is
current. Student's background check, license, drug screen, CPR, Hep. A, Hep. B, TB, Varicella, TDAP, flu
vaccination, COVID, and MMR must all be uploaded into the website. If any requirement is not met, students
will not be able to attend clinical. Students must verify with clinical faculty that all information is complete in

Castlebranch.com (MyCB) before starting clinical. If the license, certifications, or immunizations expire during the semester, students will be asked to stop attending clinical until Castlebranch.com (MyCB) information is up to date.

Scheduling of Clinical Hours

Students and preceptors should agree on the days and times that the student will be in the clinical agency before starting the clinical experience. The clinical schedule must also fit clinical faculty schedules because clinical faculty must be available to students by phone and for site visits and during the student's clinical hours. Clinical faculty are authorized to be in the clinic on the day the student is scheduled to be in clinical.

Clinical Dress and Behavior

Students are representatives of the DeWitt School of Nursing and must present themselves as ambassadors of this program. They are expected to be respectful to preceptors, faculty, staff, patients, and their families. Reports of unprofessional behavior will result in the student being counseled and with the possibility of disciplinary action per current policies of the SON and the university.

Students should be professionally dressed and wear an ID badge that identifies them as a Registered Nurse and SFASU MSN Graduate FNP Student. These badges should only be worn by the student when the student is in the clinical setting in the student role. Students should clearly identify themselves as an MSN nursing student in an advanced nursing role. Students must use the same name in the clinical setting and on all documents that they are using in the courses. The appropriate use of uniforms or lab coats should be determined through the preceptor/student interview. Students are expected to conform to the dress of the clinical site where the coursework is completed.

Preparation for Clinical

The clinical laboratory extends the learning environment of the didactic or lecture portion of the course to integrate theoretical concepts with clinical practice. Students should prepare for the clinical by developing individual learning objectives associated with the course. Course work required in the didactic or lecture portion of the course is generally designed to prepare students for their clinical experiences. Therefore, students are expected to remain engaged in the course, prepare for clinical by completing the required readings and assignments, and reviewing additional relevant material that will ensure appropriate practice in the clinical setting.

The preceptor may recommend materials and topics for review prior to the first clinical day. Students involved in care delivery should review the common clinical problems relevant to the clinical site population. Follow-up reading of current reference material following the clinical day provides the student with the opportunity to increase the breadth of scientific and clinical knowledge gained through the clinical experience.

Attendance

Performance of clinical hours at the negotiated times and days with the preceptor is required. Careful attention to attending clinical on the days which the preceptor can accommodate the student is important. It is the student's responsibility to monitor the number of hours completed, and plan on completing the required number of hours for the term. The student is responsible for adjusting his/her personal and employment commitments so that the required number of clinical hours can be completed. If the student does not complete the required clinical hours for the term he/she cannot expect the preceptor to continue the relationship after the term has ended. Extension of the clinical period with the preceptor cannot be

assumed but is granted only by agreement with the preceptor and SFA SON faculty. Exceptions related to unexpected illness of the student/family and or preceptor should be discussed with course faculty and the parties involved.

When the student cannot attend clinical on a day that it is scheduled, the student must immediately notify the preceptor and clinical faculty. The student should obtain a telephone number and discuss the procedure of notifying the preceptor and faculty for unexpected absences. Failure to notify the preceptor as negotiated, prior to the beginning of the scheduled clinical day, it is unacceptable and may place the student and clinical placement in jeopardy. The student should notify the course faculty as per the course guidelines. The student should then present the faculty with a plan to complete the lost clinical time.

STEPHEN F. AUSTIN STATE UNIVERSITY DEWITT SCHOOL OF NURSING MSN Program Preceptor Curriculum Vita

PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

Institution	Degree Earned	Date
Certifications:		
Academic and Professional Honor	s:	
Professional Experience:		
Positio	Dates in Position	Institutio
n		n
Preceptor Experience		
Type of Student Preceptored	What School was	Date of Experience
Type of Student Treespisted	the Student From	Dute of Experience
Preceptor's Name	Date	
-		
Student's Name		



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You can start writing below the image. ©

Your role as a preceptor for the SFA school of nursing is invaluable. Your patience and inspiration have significantly impacted our nursing students. As we approach the fall semester, we kindly ask you to update your information.

We are excited to introduce our new online form, which is quick and easy to complete and respects your time. In the future, the renewal process will be as simple as verifying your information remains the same as on the previous form.

- To complete the online preceptor agreement (Initial agreement); <u>FNP Preceptor</u>

 <u>Agreement</u> or (https://sfasu.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_4OD9LJzPFwUY9nM)
- Please note that if you are using the tuition incentive, you need to complete this agreement each semester and retain a copy for the registrar's office.
- If you previously completed SFA's <u>online</u> preceptor agreement, you may complete the condensed version of the preceptor agreement; <u>FNP Preceptor Agreement Attestation</u> (https://sfasu.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_bJlUks6OcdrQryK).
- If you have any questions regarding the preceptor's role or interested in the tuition incentive offered through the state of Texas, please visit our preceptor webpage. You will find answers to FAQs, requirements and videos regarding precepting, and step-by-step instructions for submitting paperwork on this website: (Please note that these deadlines and instructions only pertain to SFA, other higher education institutions may differ);

 Preceptor Information Website (https://www.sfasu.edu/academics/colleges/sciences-math/nursing/clinicals-labs/preceptor-information).



QR Code for Preceptor Agreement Form

APPENDIX B

STEPHEN F. AUSTIN STATE UNIVERSITY DEWITT SCHOOL OF NURSING MSN Program

Student Clinical Information Form

Student Name:		
Cell Phone Number (tha	at can be contacted during	g clinical hours):
Preceptor's Name:		
Practice Name:		
Address:		
Phone:		
Clinical Faculty Name: Phone:		
rnone.	T. 4.1 C.	
	Total Se	
Day of the Week	Month/Day	Practice Hours (e.g. 8-12, 1-5, lunch 12-1)

APPENDIX C

Preceptorship Documentation

Students should use this form to provide preceptors with a summary of the hours they spent with a preceptor. **This documentation should be left with the preceptor at the end of the preceptorship term.** Preceptors are asked to submit this documentation with requests for confirmation of preceptor time as evidence of professional development required for board certification renewal.

Preceptor Name:										
Student Name:										
Course:	Course:Semester:									
Clinical Instructor's Nar	Clinical Instructor's Name:									
Date of Clinical	# of Hours Completed	Preceptor Initials	Student Initials							
		Total Hours Completed								

STEPHEN F. AUSTIN STATE UNIVERSITY DEWITT SCHOOL OF NURSING

MSN/FNP Program Clinical Skills & Procedures List

Anoscopy

Antepartum Fetal Monitoring

Biopsy: Excisional, Punch, Shave

Breast Exam

Casting/Splinting

Cerumen Disimpaction

Cryotherapy

Cultures/Swabs Collection

Cyst Aspiration

Developmental Screening Tests & Growth Charts

Ear Lavage

EKG Interpretation

Electrocutery, Chemical Cautery.

Liquid Nitrogen Epistaxis & Nasal Packing

Exam of Eye for Foreign Body

Fluorescein Staining of Eyes

Hearing Screening

Incision & Drainage (I&D)

Ingrown Toenail Removal

IUD Removal

Mental Health Screening

Microscope, Use of and Preparation of Slides

Nail Avulsion

Newborn Exam

Pap Smear

Peak Flow Meter

Pelvic Exam

Prostate Exam

Pulmonary Function Testing/Interpretation (PFT)

STD & HIV Testing & Counseling

Strep/Influenza Testing

Subungual Hematoma Management

Suturing

Trigger Point Injection

Tympanometry

Vision Screening

Wet Mount

Woods Lamp

Wound Management/Complex

X-Ray Interpretation

STEPHEN F. AUSTIN STATE UNIVERSITY DEWITT SCHOOL OF NURSING

MSN/FNP Program

Clinical Skills & Procedures Checklist

Student Name:

Stu	dent Name:		A**	7 77 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7							
		SKILL LEVEL Preceptor Initials & Date									
#	Procedure (e.g. suturing)	Confident & Independent	Fairly Confident Minimal Supervision Needed	Moderate Supervision Needed	Performed Once & With Supervision	Observed					
1.	Anoscopy										
2.	Antepartum Fetal Monitoring										
3.	Biopsy Excisional										
4.	Biopsy Punch										
5.	Biopsy Shave										
6.	Breast Exam										
7.	Casting/Splinting										
8.	Cerumen Disimpaction										
9.	Cryotherapy										
10.	Cultures/Swabs Collection										
11.	Cyst Aspiration										
12.	Developmental Screening Tests & Growth Charts										
13.	Ear Lavage										
14.	EKG Interpretation										
15.	Electrocutery, Chemical Cautery. Liquid Nitrogen										
16.	Epistaxis & Nasal Packing				Drocontor H						

			·-	ILL LEVEI eptor Initials Date		
#	Procedure		Fairly			
	(e.g. suturing)	Confident & Independent	Confident Minimal Supervision Needed	Moderate Supervision Needed	Performed Once & With Supervision	Observed
17.	Exam of Eye for Foreign Body					
18.	Fluorescein Staining of Eyes					
19.	Hearing Screening					
20.	Incision & Drainage (I&D)					
21.	Ingrown Toenail Removal					
22.	IUD Removal					
23.	COVID Screening					
24.	Mental Health Screening					
25.	Microscope, Use of and					
	Preparation of Slides					
26.	Nail Avulsion					
27.	Newborn Exam					
28.	Pap Smear					
29.	Peak Flow Meter					
30.	Pelvic Exam					
31.	Prostate Exam					
32.	Pulmonary Function Testing Interpretation (PFT)					
33.	STD & HIV Testing & Counseling					
34.	Strep/Influenza Testing					

	Procedure		SI	KILL LEVE	L	
	(e.g. suturing)		Prec	eptor Initial	s &	
#			Fairly	Date		
#		Confident & Independent	Confident Minimal Supervision Needed	Moderate Supervision Needed	Performed Once & With Supervision	Observed
35.	Subungual Hemotoma					
	Management					
36.	Suturing					
37.	Trigger Point Injection					
38.	Tympanometry					
39.	Vision Screening					
40.	Wet Mount					
41.	Woods Lamp					
42.	Wound					
	Management/Complex					
43.	X-Ray Interpretation					

Preceptor Evaluation of Student: Diagnostics and Procedures

Directions: Please evaluate each statement by placing a check in the box using the scale which best represents your response. Any evaluation in the minimally meets or expectations not met categories requires comments and explanation.

- **4=Exceeds Expectations:** Collects complete history and physical. Presents case in a concise manner. Overall performance meets or exceeds expectations.
- **3=Meets Expectations:** Collects fairly complete history and physical. Presents case in an organized manner. Has had consistent improvement in most areas.
- **2=Minimally Meets Expectations:** Occasionally collects incomplete history and physical. Presents case in disorganized manner. Improvement needed in multiple areas.
- **l=Expectations Not Met:** Always collects incomplete history and physical. Presents case in a disorganized manner. Is disorganized and inefficient. Potentially unsafe.

0=N/A= Not applicable or not observed

*The following behaviors are considered unsafe/incompetent:
Demonstrates unsafe performance and makes questionable decisions
Lacks insight and understanding of own behaviors and behaviors of other
Needs continuous specific and detailed supervision
Has difficulty in adapting to new ideas and roles
Fails to submit required written clinical assignments on time
Falsifies clinical hours

Evaluation of the Student by the Preceptor: Diagnosis and Procedures

Student Name	Preceptor Name							
	M	id-Ter	m or Fi	nal (cir	cle one)	Comments		
	4	3	2	1	0			
1. Gathers appropriate history								
2. Conducts physical/developmental								
examination of systems pertinent to								
problem identified								
3. Begins to interpret finding from physical								
examination: identifies normal/normal								
variant, and pathological findings								
4. Based on history and physical, begins								
to formulate differential diagnosis and								
identify most likely diagnosis								
5. Consults appropriately regarding findings								
6. Records patient visits with <i>j</i> accuracy								
using problem-oriented recording (SOAP)								
7. Establishes a professional relationship								
with preceptor, staff, and patients								
8. Presents cases to preceptor in a clear,								
concise, and pertinent manner								
9. Accepts responsibility of own learning								
10. Professionalism:								
a. Is punctual in attendance at clinical								
b. Maintains patient confidentiality								
c. Accepts guidance in learning								
2 or more ratings of 0 or 1 on the	Final	Evaluat	ion sug	gests se	rious clinical	concerns.		
Preceptor Printed Name Prec	entor	Signatu	ıre	_	 Date			

Preceptor Evaluation of Student

Directions: Please evaluate each statement by placing a check in the box using the scale that best represents your response. Any evaluation in the minimally meets or expectations not met categories requires comments and explanation. Not meeting minimal requirements suggest clinical concerns.

4=Exceeds Expectations: Collects complete history and physical. Presents case in a concise manner. Overall performance meets or exceeds expectations.

3=Meets Expectations: Collects fairly complete history and physical. Presents case in an organized manner. Has had consistent improvement in most areas.

2=Minimally Meets Expectations: Occasionally collects incomplete history and physical. Presents case in occasional disorganized manner. Improvement needed in multiple areas. Needs extensive guidance.

l=Expectations Not Met: Always/frequently collects incomplete history and physical. Presents case in a disorganized manner. Is disorganized and inefficient. Potentially unsafe.

0=N/A= Not applicable or not observed

*The following behaviors are considered unsafe/incompetent. Please explain in the comments if these are noted:

Demonstrates unsafe performance and makes questionable decisions
Lacks insight and understanding of own behaviors and behaviors of other
Needs continuous specific and detailed supervision
Has difficulty in adapting to new ideas and roles
Falsifies clinical hours

NURS 5551 Primary Care I: Must meet and/or exceed expectation in all areas; may minimally meet expectations in #4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16

NURS 5661 Primary Care II: Must meet and/or exceed expectation in all areas; may minimally meet expectations in #4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16

NURS 5670 FNP Capstone: Must meet and/or exceed expectation in all areas; No exceptions

Preceptor Evaluation of Student

Student Name	Preceptor Name	Date:
Select Course Name (circle one):_	Primary Care 1, Primary Car	e 2, Capstone

	Mid-Term or Final (circle one)					Comments
	4	3	2	1	0	
1. Obtains a thorough history						
appropriate to acute and/or chronic						
problem(s), including physiologic,						
psychosocial, developmental, and						
social data						
2. Performs a thorough physical						
examination appropriate to the						
presenting complaint using a						
systematic approach						
3. Interprets findings from physical						
examination accurately, identifying						
normal, normal variant, and						
pathological findings.						
4. Orders and interprets diagnostic						
tests correctly						
5. Formulates a reasonable						
differential diagnosis based on						
historic data and physical						
examination						
6. With increasing autonomy,						
manages the care of acute minor						
illness and injury, common chronic						
illnesses, including well-						
child and preventive care						
7. Includes patient education						
regarding course of acute or chronic						
illnesses in the treatment plan						
8. Participates in the management of	f					
complex patient problems; may						
assume primary responsibility by	7					
Primary Care II and Capstone						
9. Includes cultural issues,						
psychosocial care, counseling and						
referral for problems beyond the						
FNP scope of practice						

Student Name		_		
COMMIZATIO.				
COMMENTS:		<u> </u>	1	
Maintains patient confidentialityAccepts guidance in learning				
a. Is punctual in attendance				
responsibilities:				
earning and continued need to learn 18. Professional roles and				
17. Accepts responsibility for own				
preceptor as needed				
ndependence and consultation with				
16. Makes and implements decisions with appropriate level of				
relationship with patients, preceptor, and staff.				
clear, concise, and pertinent manner 15. Develops a productive				
14.Presents cases to preceptor in a				
provides safe patient care.				
potential or actual problems identified. 13. In collaboration with preceptor,				
of patients, and preventive treatment for				
dentification of health risks, education				
12. Addresses health maintenance and illness prevention through				
patient problem list				
format; develops and/or updates				
accuracy using problem-oriented recording (SOAP) or designated				
11. Records patient visits with				
patients				

DeWITT SCHOOL OF NURSING MSN/FNP Graduate Program

Student/Faculty Evaluation of Clinical Preceptor

The survey will be administered online.

The purpose of this tool is to assist the student in providing the course coordinator and clinical faculty with formal feedback.

Directions: Please answer the questions and evaluate the preceptor by using the Likert Scale:

N/A=Non-applicable; Agree; Disagree

Did your preceptor:

- 1. Assist you with setting goals and providing constructive feedback?
- 2. Maintain confidentiality of patient?
- 3. Maintain confidentiality of your work performance?
- 4. Demonstrate understanding and promotion of the FNP role?
- 5. Function as a patient/family advocate?
- 6. Demonstrate professionalism?
- 7. Consider your individual learning needs?
- 8. Communicate clinical knowledgewell?
- 9. Collaborate with you in making drug treatment choices, monitoring dosages and length of treatment, and reviewing laboratory and x-ray results?
- 10. Review differential diagnoses with you?
- 11. Lead you through decision making process?
- 12. Encourage questions?
- 13. Provide alternative experiences when there were few or no patients?
- 14. Encourage you to be independent as you gained experience?
- 15. Remain accessible for consultation as you gained competence?
- 16. Maintain standards of care?
- 17. Do you recommend this preceptor for future semesters?

Student/Faculty Evaluation of Clinical Site

The survey will be administered online.

The purpose of this tool is to assist the student in providing the course coordinator and clinical faculty with formal feedback.

Directions: Please answer the questions and evaluate the preceptor by using the Likert Scale:

N/A=Non-applicable; Agree; Disagree

The clinical site:

- 1. Provides adequate time to see patients.
- 2. Has a sufficient numbers of patients.
- 3. Allows students to select patients according to their needs.
- 4. Makes diagnostic test results readily accessible.
- 5. Has support staff who are appropriately helpful to the student.
- 6. Has a site philosophy directed toward quality care, health promotion, and disease prevention.
- 7. Uses procedure and protocol manuals, educational materials, and has personnel to adequately support a student in advance practice nursing.
- 8. 1 would recommend this site for future student placement?
- 9. What type of patients did you see?
- 10. What diagnoses did you frequently see at this site?

Contact Numbers:

We encourage preceptors to call the faculty directly with any question you might have about our programs or about individual students. Persons to contact about our program:

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